February 5, 1756. NUMB. 1415.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtick.

Seven Hundred Dollars Reward.

NOTICE is hereby given, That the Sum of SEVEN HUNDRED PIECES OF EIGHT is raiſed by Subſcription among the Inhabitants of the City of *Philadelphia*, and now offered, with the Approbation of his Honour the GOVERNOR, as a Reward for any Perſon or Perſons who ſhall bring into this City the Heads of SHINGAS, and Captain JACOBS, Chiefs of the *Delaware Indian* Nation; or Three Hundred and Fifty Pieces of Eight for each, provided that due Proof is made of being the real Heads of ſaid *Shingas* or Captain *Jacobs*, they having received many Favours from this Government, and now treacherouſly deſerted our Intereſt, and become the principal Inſtruments in alienating the Affections of the *Indians* from his Majeſty and the People of this Province.

N. B. *It is expected that this Subſcription will ſoon be conſiderably increaſed.*

⁂ The MANAGERS of the ACADEMY LOTTERY hereby give Notice, that they have to diſpoſe of a few Tickets in the Third Claſs. The Lottery, ſince the Drawing of the Second Claſs, is *Six Thouſand One Hundred* and *Ninety* Dollars Richer; and there ſtill remains in this Lottery the following high Prizes, *viz.* *One* of Fifteen Hundred Dollars; *Three* of a Thouſand each; *Four* of Seven Hundred and Fifty each; *Five* of Five Hundred each; *Eight* of Four Hundred each; *Thirteen* of Two Hundred and Fifty each; *Fifteen* of One Hundred and Fifty each; *Twenty-three* of One Hundred each; *Twenty* of Eighty each; *Forty* of Sixty each; *Twenty-four* of Fifty each; and *Sixty* of Forty each.

The Adventurers in the Second Claſs are deſired to be ſpeedy in renewing their Billets in the Third Claſs, as the Managers propoſe drawing in one Week from the Date of this Paper.

From the *Gentleman's Magazine* for *September*, 1755.

A Scheme propoſed for driving the French *out of the Continent of* America *in one Year's Time.*

1. THAT 60 independent Companies, of 100 Men each, beſides Commiſſion and Non-commiſſion Officers, be formed as ſoon as poſſible, and the Command of each Company given to the moſt experienced Officers now upon Half-pay.

2. That 50 private Men, who have ſeen the moſt Service, be draughted, by equal Proportions, out of all the Regiments of Foot in *England*, *Scotland* and *Ireland*, and put into each of the ſaid independent Companies; the other 50 to be recruited by the Officers of the ſaid independent Companies, and all ſent to our Colonies in *America*, as ſoon as compleated.

3. That an Eſtimate be made of the Strength and Numbers of People in each of our ſaid Colonies, and Orders ſent to each Governor to cauſe his Colony to raiſe as many able bodied Men as may anſwer the Contingency of each according to the Eſtimate; ſo that the whole Number to be raiſed be not leſs than 14,000 effective Men, beſides Commiſſion and Non-commiſſion Officers.

4. That an Act be paſſed, as ſoon as the Parliament meets, to oblige each Colony to raiſe the Number of Men aſſigned; alſo to arm and accoutre them, and to march them to whatever Part of the Continent his Majeſty ſhall appoint, and ſubject them to martial Law.

5. That a Man of Fortune, Courage and Abilities, and who may be moſt in the Eſteem of the People of the Colonies, be ſent from hence to command the whole; and that two Major Generals, two Brigadier Generals, and five or ſix Field Officers, be ſent to ſerve under him, and that the general Rendezvous of all the *American* Troops be at *Albany*.

6. That Orders be immediately ſent to build ſeven flat bottomed Ships, in ſome of the Ports of *New-England*, four of 500 Tons, to carry 20 Guns (24 Pounders) upon one Deck, and to draw but ten, or ten and a Half Feet Water; their Complement 70 Sailors, and 100 Marines; two of 300 Tons each, to carry 16 Guns (12 Pounders) alſo upon one Deck, and to draw but eight Feet Water; their Complement 50 Sailors, and 70 Marines; and a Bomb-ſhip.

7. That Orders be, at the ſame time, ſent to build ſeven other Ships, of the ſame Dimenſions, at *Carolina*, or ſome of our ſouthern Colonies; ſave only, that two ſhould be of the largeſt Model, and four of the leſs, and a Bomb-ſhip. Theſe Ships would inevitably deſtroy any Sea-port Fortreſs they could come within Muſket-ſhot of in ſmooth Water; they could therefore deſtroy all the Forts in *Canada* and *Miſſiſippi*, without fearing the Attack of *French* Men of War, becauſe they could draw up in ſuch ſhoal Water, that Ships of greater Force could not follow them. There is now a Model of ſuch a Veſſel at the Admiralty Office, *Whitehall*, which was made by their Lordſhips Directions from a Plan exhibited by the Author of this Scheme.

8. That all our Troops be furniſhed at *Albany* with all Sorts of Proviſions for three Months, a good Train of Artillery, Carts, Waggons, Draught and Baggage Horſes, Spades, Pick-axes, Shovels, and all Manner of Implements of War: Then to march to the South-ſide of *Champlain Lake*, the moſt Part of which Rout is Water Carriage; and there they may be joined by all the Warriors of the *Five Nations*, and our other friendly *Indians*, who, with their Canoes and other Boats, will aſſiſt our Troops in croſſing the Lake, to a navigable River, that runs from the North-ſide of it into the River *St. Lawrence*, between *Quebec* and *Montreal*, and but a ſmall Diſtance from either.

But it would be neceſſary for our Troops, as ſoon as joined by the *Indians*, to take the *French* Fort at *Crown Point*, and all the other little Forts about the South-ſide of *Champlain Lake*; each would not take up 500 Troops above three Days, if attacked with ſix Pieces of Cannon, 12 Pounders; and a few of the leaſt Sort of Bomb-ſhells thrown in, would cauſe them to ſurrender in five or ſix Hours, for they have no Magazine that is Bomb-proof. All theſe Forts taken, the Communication between *Champlain Lake* and *Albany* would be ſafe for Convoys; and the old *Indian* Men, Women and Children, would be in no Fear of being attacked while their Warriors accompanied our Troops. A few of our Troops ſhould be left on ſome proper Place on the South-ſide of *Champlain Lake*, to erect Magazines there, while our other Troops were taking the Forts, and a good Number of Carpenters to build ſome flat bottomed Boats, and ſuch Rafts as they build upon the *Rhine* in *Germany*, to carry our Troops croſs the Lake, and down the River that runs from that Lake to the River *St. Lawrence*, together with their Artillery, Ammunition and Proviſions. Theſe Boats might be conſtantly employed to carry every Thing the Troops wanted from the Magazines, on the South-ſide of *Champlain Lake*, for their whole future Operations. And theſe Magazines might be continually repleniſhed from *New-York*, by way of *Albany*, there being the greateſt Plenty of every Thing to be had in the Colony of *New-York* exceeding cheap, and as many Draught Cattle and Horſes as could be wanted.

9. The ſeven Ships, built in *New-England*, ſhould be ordered to ſail for the River *St. Lawrence*, at the ſame time that our Troops began their March from *Albany*, that they might meet them near *Quebec*, to attack it both by Land and Water at one and the ſame time. It is probable, indeed, that the Ships might take it without the Land Forces, becauſe there is no Magazine Bomb-proof. Both Ships and Troops ſhould begin their Operations the latter End of *April*, or Beginning of *May*.

10. The ſeven Ships, ſent into the River *St. Lawrence*, ſhould attack the firſt Place they came to belonging to the *French*, to alarm the Country, and draw their Troops that Way; by which the *French* muſt divide their Forces, ſo as not to be able to aſſemble them together in one Body, to oppoſe our Troops from *Albany*.

11. The ſeven Ships, built in *Carolina*, ſhould alſo be ſent into the River *Miſſiſippi*, at the ſame time that our Troops marched from *Albany*; and they ſhould alſo attack the firſt Place they come at in that River, to cauſe the ſame Alarm in thoſe Parts. This would put the *French* as it were between two Fires.

12. As ſoon as *Quebec* ſhould be taken, 1000 of our regular Troops, and a good Body of *Indians*, ſent down the River *St. Lawrence* with the ſaid ſeven Ships, would ſoon take the Iſland of *Orleans*, and all the little Forts on both Sides that River down to the Sea, and clear all thoſe Parts of the *French*; and as it is moſt probable that the *French* would draw off the Troops they have now guarding their Fortifications which they have thrown up at *Chignecto*, in *Nova-Scotia*, to ſtrengthen their Troops at *Quebec*, the Troops we have now at *Nova-Scotia*, might take thoſe Works as ſoon as they were gone, then croſs the Bay of *Fundi*, or march round the Peninſula, and take all the Forts that the *French* have lately erected about the River *St. John*, and clear all thoſe Parts of the *French*.

13. The Land Forces left at *Quebec*, after leaving a Garriſon there, might go up along the River *St. Lawrence* to *Montreal*, which lies upon an Iſland of fifteen Leagues Length, and four Breadth, in the ſame River: This taken, another Thouſand of our regular Troops, with a good Body of *Indians*, ſent acroſs the Lake *Ontario*, and down the River *St. Jerome*, to meet our other ſeven Ships in the River *Miſſiſippi*, would ſoon diſlodge all the *French*, and drive them all out of that Country; for as ſoon as they heard that *Quebec* and *Montreal* were taken, they would make no further Stand in that Country. When *Canada* and *Miſſiſippi* were taken, our Troops might march back to our own Colonies, ſave only ten or twelve of the independent Companies, and a few of the Ships, to guard the Country. But there need not be many left, becauſe when once the *French* Governors, their regular Troops, and their Prieſts are driven away, the poor Planters would be glad to live there peaceably under his Majeſty's mild Government, eſpecially as they are now kept moſt miſerably poor under thoſe Bigots and Tyrants, who oppreſs them to the laſt Degree, becauſe they were Proteſtants when firſt ſent there by *Lewis* XIII. after the Siege of *Rochelle*, and continue ſo ſtill, as far as they dare.

14. The *Five Nations*, and our other friendly *Indians*, will keep the *French Indians* in eternal Subjection; and as we are Maſters of the Sea, a few Ships of War, ſent to that Coaſt every Year, as we do to *New-England*, *Newfoundland*, and *Nova-Scotia*, would for ever prevent the Return of the *French* into that Country.

The whole Expence of carrying this Project into Execution is computed, Article by Article, to amount only to 700,000 £ *Sterling*, which is much leſs than we pay in Subſidies for maintaining the Ballance of Power; and it is inſiſted, that if we had the ſole Poſſeſſion of *America*, which this Scheme, well executed, would give us, we ſhould have the Ballance of Power in our own Hands.

Kingſton, Jamaica, December 4.

On Friday Richard Murphy, alias Humphreys, and Paulus Paul, alias Poulus Poul, were executed purſuant to their Sentence, at Port-Royal, and the latter hung in Chains on one of the Keys. [*For Piracy and Murder.*]

We are informed that a Dutch Man of War of 50 Guns is turned Pirate, and has been ſeen in the Windward Paſſage.

Friday laſt his Majeſty's Ship the Hynd, Capt. Nucella, ſent in a French Snow, loaded with Sugar, Cotton and Indigo, which he ſeized to the Weſtward of Cape Tiberon: She was bound from St. Domingo to Havre de Grace.

On Saturday his Majeſty's Ship the Shoreham, Capt. Marſh, ſent in a ſmall French Schooner, loaded with jerk'd Hog, which he ſeized off the South Side of Hiſpaniola.

Yeſterday came in His Majeſty's Ship the Sphynx of 20 Guns, Capt. Gambier, from New-York, who ſeized a French Guinea Man in his Way, which he brought in with him. [*Beſides the above mentioned Veſſels, we are informed by the Maſter of a Veſſel juſt come in from Jamaica, that as he was coming out, he met one of his Majeſty's Ships going into Port-Royal with a large French Guinea Ship, and another Veſſel, and was informed that ſeveral other Prizes were taken, tho' not then arrived.*]

WILLIAMSBURG, December 26.

The Veſſel on board of which the French Neutrals were, and was apprehended to be loſt, is arrived at York-Town, having loſt her Maſt at Sea, and being obliged to put into North-Carolina to refit; Part of

them

them remain at York, Part are near this City, and Part are ſent to the Eaſtern Shore.

ANNAPOLIS, December 26.

On the 11*th Inſtant, Captain Henry Coſtin, on his Paſſage hither from Antigua, ſpoke with a Bermudian off Cape Hatteras, bound to Virginia, who informed him, that about a Fortnight before, a Ship from Maryland was caſt away at Bermuda, in a hard Gale of Wind, the Veſſel and Cargo loſt, but the People ſaved. He has forgot the Maſter's Name; but the Ship loaded in South-River, and was Philadelphia built.*

January 8. *A few Days ago, as a Man was felling a Tree in Frederick County, he obſerved another Man riding along the Road, or Path, cloſe by him, and called to him to take Care; but he anſwered, Never fear, and immediately the Tree fell, and killed him on the Spot.*

January 22. *We are informed of five Veſſels caſt away in the Snow Storm we had on Chriſtmas Day laſt, viz.*

The Sloop Heſter, John M'Caul Maſter, from Philadelphia for Annapolis, at Curratuck. Her Cargo was Rum, Sugar, Melaſſes, Salt, &c. The Veſſel, Sugar and Salt, all loſt; but the People, and Part of the Cargo, ſaved.

The Sloop Pinguin, Thomas Fitchit Maſter, belonging to Wilmington in Pennſylvania, bound thither from Maryland, with 2000 *Buſhels of Wheat, loſt at Lynn-Haven. The People, and about* 400 *Buſhels of the Wheat ſaved.*

A large Schooner belonging to Rappahannock, William Wilſon Maſter, from Liverpool to Rappahannock, with Salt, loſt at Cape Hatteras. The Veſſel and Cargo intirely loſt, but the People ſaved.

A Brig belonging to Philadelphia, bound to ſome Part of Maryland, the Maſter's Name unknown, was loſt to the Southward of Curratuck. The Veſſel and Cargo loſt, but the People ſaved. And,

A Schooner belonging to Potowmack, Nathan Hudling Maſter, bound from thence to North Carolina with Paſſengers, was loſt at Lynn Haven; but the Paſſengers and People ſaved.

We hear that Capt. Lee is arrived in Patuxent from London, but cannot learn that any Letters or publick Prints brought by him are yet come to Town; ſo we muſt poſtpone what News he may have brought, till next Week.

KINGSTON, *in Jamaica, December* 11.

Orders are arrived for all the Men of War in this Iſland immediately to refit and put to Sea, ſome to join the Commodore, who is now out reducing the Neutral Iſlands, and others to cruize off and on the French Ports, with ſtrict Injunctions to ſeize all the French Veſſels they meet with, and to diſtreſs as much as lays in their Power the Inhabitants of the French Iſlands.

BOSTON, January 19.

About five a Clock laſt Tueſday Morning, a Fire broke out in an Houſe in Cole Lane, and was got to ſuch a Head before it was diſcovered, and Help could come to extinguiſh it, that it conſumed that and ſeveral other Tenements adjoining, all but the Outſides, which were of Brick, with a great deal of valuable Houſhold Furniture, Plate, &c. A poor Woman who lodged in an upper Room of the Houſe where the Fire firſt began, was burnt to Death, and ſeveral other Perſons narrowly eſcaped with their Lives.

January 26. We have Advice from Northampton, that ſeveral Tracks of Indians have lately been diſcovered on the Weſtern Frontiers; ſo that we may ſoon expect to hear of Miſchief done by thoſe Wolves of the Wilderneſs.

By Captain Gallop in 30 Days from Jamaica, we are told, that when he left Kingſton, there were 17 French Veſſels at Port-Royal, which had been taken by our Men of War.

By a Letter from the Weſt-Indies, dated December 19th paſt, we are informed, that on the 29th of November they had a very ſevere Shock of an Earthquake at Nevis and St. Chriſtophers, at two a Clock in the Morning; but the Writer ſays, he had not then heard how it fared at the neighbouring Iſlands.

Saturday laſt a Veſſel arrived here from the Weſt-Indies, the Maſter of which informs, that nine Days ago he ſpoke with a Ship from London, and another from Briſtol, both bound to Virginia, and had then been out juſt ſix Weeks, and was informed by them, that there was no War, tho' our Men of War continued to take French Veſſels; and that two of our Admirals who ſailed from Halifax ſome Months ago, were arrived in England, with ſeven of his Majeſty's Ships of War.

One Day laſt Week, a Captain of a ſcouting Party at the Eaſtward, brought in here a Male Indian Scalp; for which he received 40 l. lawful Money, it being the Bounty allowed for ſuch, by the General Court.

NEW-LONDON, January 22.

Yeſterday Capt. Rockwell arrived here in a Ship from Annapolis Royal in Nova Scotia, with 277 French, called Neutrals, as did alſo Capt. Worceſter in a Sloop with 173.

NEW-YORK, February 2.

Extract of a Letter from Albany, dated January 22. 1756.

"This Day two French Priſoners were brought in here, who were taken within two Miles, and in Sight of Crown-Point, by a Party of our People, under the Command of Captain Rogers. One of them is a Farmer, and the other a Butcher; and were both taken driving a Sleigh with four or five Quarters of Beef, from Crown-Point to Ticonderoga. Captain Rogers would have brought off the Sleigh with the Beef, but obſerving a Number of Men coming upon him from Crown-Point, on their Skeats, he made the beſt of his Way with his two Priſoners. The Frenchmen give out, that there is but 100 Men at Crown-Point, and 300 at Ticonderoga."

Extract of another Letter from Albany, dated January 23, 1756.

"Captain Rogers, being out with a Party of 30 Men, came upon the Tracks of a great Number of French and Indians. He immediately ſent back ſix of his Men to the Commander of Fort Henry William, at the Lake, to acquaint him with the Affair, and that he might tranſmit an Account of the ſame to Albany, as he ſuppoſed the Enemy were gone that Way, having tracked them as far as the Fort at the Carrying-Place."

Extract of a Letter from Kingſton, in Jamaica, dated December 16, 1755.

"There are 14 Sail of French Veſſels brought in here; three of them are Guiney Men. I fell in with nine Sail to Windward of the Keys that were taken by the Commodore, and Captain Roddam, in two 50 Gun Ships."

A large Ship with Stores on board, bound from London for Antigua, was on the 15th Day of December laſt caſt away on Barbuda, the Veſſel and Cargo loſt, and Eleven out of Twenty-one of the People on board periſhed. This Ship ſailed in Company from England with ſix Sail of Men of War, all bound to Antigua, where a Merchant Ship arrived the 25th of December in 29 Days from London; but brought no News, ſave their hearing of the Diſaſter at Liſbon.

The Nightingale Man of War, Capt. Diggs, left this Port for England on Saturday laſt.

Numbers of Recruits have arrived here within this Fortnight paſt, raiſed in the Provinces to the Weſtward; ſome deſigned for Halifax, and others to compleat the Regiments in this Province.

Part of a Letter from Captain Bowers, twelve Miles above the Forks of Delaware.

----"I am ſorry to inform you, that on Sunday the 18th of January, one Pimb was going to remove his Goods, and muſtered a few of his Moravian Brethren to help him to bring them down from a Place called the Wind Gap: The Indians Way-laid the Company, and killed 15 on the Spot, one being wounded in the Leg made his Eſcape. The Place where this melancholy Accident happened, is 18 Miles Weſt from me, which Part as well as all the adjacent Country is all laid waſte by a cruel and mercileſs Enemy, neither do I know what this Part of the Country will do, unleſs they raiſe a ſufficient Force to purſue theſe Savages, even to their Towns, to which Party I, and the Forty I command, would willingly join. I am, *&c.*

In our laſt we mentioned the Trial and Conviction of James Wilkes, for the Murder of John Chriſtie, late Under-Sheriff of this City and County. It appeared by the Evidence on the Trial, that the ſaid John Chriſtie had a Writ againſt the ſaid Wilkes, and that in attempting to ſerve it, he was ſtabbed by Wilkes in the Entry of his Houſe, Chriſtie having had free Entrance, the Door being open. The Court was very particular, it being the firſt Inſtance of the Kind here. And ſundry Authorities were read, to the following Effect; in Particular, a remarkable Caſe of one Mackelly, who killed a Serjeant of London, reported in the 9th Part of Sir Edward Coke's Reports, wherein it is expreſſed, That altho' the Proceſs be apparently erroneous, yet if the Miniſter of Juſtice, in the Execution thereof, be killed, it is Murder. If a Capias, in an Action of Debt, be awarded againſt a Baron, or other Peer of the Realm, which is erroneous (becauſe their Body by Law is privileged) yet if the Officer be killed in the Exeeution thereof, it is Murder. It was alſo reſolved, That if any Magiſtrate, or Miniſter of Juſtiee, in Execution of his Office, or in keeping of the Peace, according to the Duty of his Office, be killed, it is Murder, it being a Contempt and Diſobedience to the King and the Law. Further, if a Juſtice of Peace, Chief Conſtable, Petty Conſtable, Watchman, or any other Miniſter of the King, or any who comes in to their Aid or Aſſiſtance, be killed in doing of their Office, it is Murder. If one knows that the Sheriff has Proceſs to arreſt him, and the Defendant, to prevent the Sheriff's arreſting him, kills him with a Gun, or any other Engine, or Weapon, before any Arreſt made, It is Murder. What has been ſaid is Law, and ſo it was reſolved in the Caſe before mentioned, by all the Judges of England, and Barons of the Exchequer, who met together by the King's Command. Further, my Lord Coke ſays, the Life of a Man is much favoured in Law; but the Life of the Law itſelf (which protects all in Peace and Safety) ought to be more favoured, and the Execution of the Proceſs of the Law, and of the Offices of Conſervators of the Peace, is the Soul and Life of the Law, and the Means by which Juſtice is adminiſtred, and the Peace of the Realm kept. It is to be hoped, that the unhappy Condition of the Priſoner now under Sentence of Death, will be an Example and a Warning in preventing ſuch Raſhneſs for the future.

The Captains Ireland and Brown of this Port, are both arrived at Jamaica, being beat off this Coaſt ſome Time ago, in their Paſſage from the Bay of Honduras hither.

PHILADELPHIA, February 5.

By Captain Kennedy, from Norfolk, in Virginia, we have Advice, that the Captain of a Glaſgow Veſſel arrived there, ſpoke with the Maſter of a Ship from London, off of the Capes of Virginia, about a Fortnight ago, who had been then out ſeven Weeks, and informed him, that War was not declared when he left England, nor no particular News, only that the French Man of War (lately mentioned in this Paper to be taken by the Orford) was brought in.

Extract of a Letter from Eaſton, January 30.

"Laſt Friday a Party of Capt. John Van Etten's Men fell in with a Party of Indians in Upper Smithfield, and killed and ſcalped two of them, and have good Reaſon to believe they wounded four or five more mortally. They got a Booty of two Guns, one of which a Rifle, the other a ſmooth bored French Gun; a fine Pipe Hatchet, and three Match-coats. One of the ſlain Indians is thought to be the famous Captain Jacobs. None of our People received any Hurt."

In our laſt Mention was made of Mr. Daniel Dupuy's Houſe being beſet by a Number of Indians, but that they were beat off by Capt. Salnave, and a Party of his Men, who came very opportunely to his Relief, and ſaved the Houſe, &c. for that Time. We have Advice ſince, that Mr. Dupuy not thinking it ſafe to ſtay at his Place any longer, removed into the Jerſeys; upon which the Indians returned, and burnt it, and every Thing elſe they could find.

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN, Eſq; and all with him at Fort Allen, were well on Saturday laſt.

Extract of a Letter from Carliſle, January 29, 1756.

"This Afternoon came to Town, a Man that lived on Juniata, who in his Journey this Way, called at the Houſe where the Woolcomber lived, about ten Miles from this Place, and ſaw at his Door a Bed-tick, and going into the Houſe, found a Child lying dead and ſcalped. This alarmed us much, and while we were conſulting what to do, we received the Incloſed, which puts it paſt all Doubt, that the Enemy intend to attack either Shearman's Valley or this Place. We thought it neceſſary to acquaint you as ſoon as poſſible, not only to hurry you home, but, if thought needful, that the People of York might ſend over ſome Aid."

Extract of a Letter from Patterſon's Fort, on Juniata, January 28, 1756.

"This ſerves to inform you, that Yeſterday, ſome Time in the Afternoon, one Adam Nicholſon and his Wife were killed and ſcalped, and his Daughter and two Sons made Priſoners; that the Wife and two Children of James Armſtrong were alſo made Priſoners; and William Willock and Wife killed and ſcalped, and five Children carried off by the Indians; in all fifteen People killed and taken. I was this Day with our Captain at the Places of the abovementioned, where we ſaw three of the dead People, and the Houſes burnt to Aſhes. I deſire you would tell Ben Killgore and his Brother to hurry over, and all the Boys belonging to our Company to come in a Body, and that you may be upon your Guard; for all the Indians, except two that went with the Priſoners, croſſed over Juniata towards your Settlement. There is a large Body of them, as we ſuppoſe, from their Tracks.

N. B. The above Miſchief was done within three ſhort Miles of the Fort, down the Creek. Juſt now a Man came to the Fort, and informed us, that Hugh Mitcheltree's Wife, and another Son of Nicholſon's, were alſo murdered. There are no more miſſing in this Neighbourhood at preſent."

On Monday laſt one Jehu Jenkin, of Vincent Townſhip, Cheſter County, was committed to the Jail of this City, for the Murder of John Bowen.

On Tueſday the GENERAL ASSEMBLY of this Province met here.

CUSTOM-HOUSE PHILADELPHIA, INWARD ENTRIES.

Sloop Adventure, Alexander Kennedy from Virginia.

OUTWARDS.

Brig Rebecca and Suſannah, George Nicholſon for Barbados.
---- Rebecca, Daniel England for Jamaica.

CLEARED.

Ship Whitehill, Joſeph Arthur to Jamaica.
---- Southall, Hugh Bowes to Barbados.
Sloop Polly and Eſther, Enoch Doughty to North-Carolina.
---- Fancy, Rudeman Robinſon to Ditto.
Brig Rebecca and Suſannah, George Nicholſon to Barbados.
Ship Beaver, Francis Blair to South-Carolina.
Sloop Purſue, John Stuart to Boſton.

POOR RICHARD's, *Moore's*, *Jerman's* and the *Pocket* ALMANACKS, to be ſold at the *New-Printing-Office, Philadelphia.*

Lately publiſhed in Boſton, and to be ſold by D. HALL, at the New-Printing Office in Philadelphia, Price Three Shillings and Nine-pence,

A PROSPECTIVE PLAN of the BATTLE near Lake-George, on the 8th Day of September, 1755. with an Explanation thereof, containing a full, tho' ſhort, Hiſtory of that important Affair. By SAMUEL BLODGET, occaſionally at the CAMP when the BATTLE was fought.

To be SOLD *cheap,*

A NEW Copy of *Chambers's* DICTIONARY. Enquire at the *New-Printing-Office, Philadelphia.*

By His EXCELLENCY

WILLIAM SHIRLEY, Eſq;

General and Commander in Chief of his MAJESTY's Forces in North-America.

WHEREAS a number of Battoe-men will be wanted to be employed in his Majeſty's ſervice the enſuing ſpring and ſummer, in the county of Albany, under proper regulations; I have thought fit to publiſh the following propoſals, for the encouragement of ſuch perſons as are inclined to enter into that ſervice, viz.

That the Battoe-men be formed into companies of 50 men each; a Captain and an Aſſiſtant; each company to take charge, and navigate 25 Battoes, in the moſt expeditious and careful manner they can, in the ſtations they ſhall be placed; the captain to paſs receipts to the ſtore-keeper for the goods delivered to him, and ſafely to deliver them to the next ſtore-keeper, as he ſhall be directed; to keep his company in good order; to ſee that they do their duty: The Aſſiſtant to give all the help in his power to the captain; the whole to follow ſuch rules and directions as ſhall be given to them for that purpoſe; each man to furniſh himſelf with a good fuzee, or muſket, and three pounds of ſuitable ball; each Captain to be allowed Eight Shillings New-York currency per day; each Aſſiſtant Six Shillings; and each Battoe man Four Shillings per day; and to be found in proviſions according to the allowance of the army, and to be furniſhed with powder at the expence of the crown. Any perſon who ſhall engage 30 or more good ſtout men, for the aforeſaid ſervice, and bring them to Albany by the 20th of March next, there to be viewed by the Quarter-Maſter-General, ſhall be intitled to a warrant as captain; and any perſon who ſhall engage 20 men or more, and bring them to Albany, as aforeſaid, ſhall be intitled to a warrant, as aſſiſtant; each man to be paid 20 days advance, at the time of his muſter, and to be allowed a reaſonable number of days for coming from his place of abode to Albany; to be engaged in the ſervice three months, or longer, if required. Any perſon of the provinces of the Maſſachuſets-Bay, New-Hampſhire, and Rhode-Iſland, inclining to enter into the aforeſaid ſervice, either as captain or aſſiſtant, are deſired to ſend in their names to me at Boſton; and thoſe of Connecticut, New-York, New-Jerſey, and Pennſylvania, are deſired to ſend in their names to Sir JOHN SINCLAIR, Deputy-quarter-maſter-general, in New-York, adviſing the number they have, or are like to engage.

New-York, January 19. 1756. W. SHIRLEY.

Lancaſter, February 2, 1756.

NOTICE is hereby given to all perſons concerned, that I intend to begin at Lancaſter, in Pennſylvania, by the 20th inſt. to pay off all ſuch debts as ſhall appear juſt and well vouched, relating to proviſions, carriage of the ſame by land and water, pack-horſes, &c. that were contracted for by the late brave General Braddock, or his order; likewiſe all the warrant officers belonging to the proviſion branch. And as I am creditably informed, that many of the poor waggoners, and thoſe that had horſes employed in the late expedition, have been ſeverely proſecuted by unmerciful creditors, and evil diſpoſed perſons, and compelled to part with what may be due to them for leſs than one half of the value, I therefore deſire ſuch perſons as have been ill uſed by ſuch vultures, to appear perſonally. I appeal to yourſelves concerning my conduct towards you, and hope, whenever the ſervice requires it, that all of you will readily aſſiſt. I am your ſincere friend,

ROBERT LEAKE,
Commiſſary General of Stores and Proviſions.

Province of Pennſylvania, ſſ.

NOTICE is hereby given, to all perſons indebted to the honourable the Proprietaries for Quitrents, that attendance will be given at the receivers office, in Philadelphia, from Monday the 1ſt day of March, to Saturday the 6th; at Cheſter, from the 8th to the 13th incluſive; at Pennſbury from the 15th to the 20th incluſive; at Lancaſter from the 23d to the 30th incluſive; at which reſpective times and places all who are indebted as aforeſaid are required to pay to RICHARD HOCKLEY, or EDMUND PHYSICK.

N. B. As the Honourable Proprietaries have generouſly given the Sum of Five Thouſand Pounds, to be applied towards defraying the neceſſary expences of the province in this time of common danger, it is hoped and expected that all perſons will chearfully and punctually attend and pay off their arrears of quit-rent, and thereby enable the receiver-general to comply with the proprietaries commands for the payment of that ſum, without laying them under the diſagreeable neceſſity of taking legal methods to recover the ſame.

ANY Perſon that either hath any good and clean dreſſed MUSTARD SEED by them, or are inclinable to raiſe any, may have Forty Shillings per Buſhel, or Fifteen Pence per Quart for it, by applying to BENJAMIN JACKSON, at James Wagſtaffe's, Tin-plate-worker, near the Court-houſe, in Second-ſtreet, Philadelphia; where the ſaid BENJAMIN JACKSON makes and ſells, wholeſale and retail, the genuine FLOUR of MUSTARD, which is juſtly deemed preferable to any from England (and which will be warranted to keep perfectly good any reaſonable time, even in the hotteſt climates) at the following prices, viz. Superfine at Four Shillings and Six-pence, Seconds at Three Shillings and Three-pence, and Thirds at Two Shillings, per Pound. Allowance will be made to ſuch who buy a Quantity for Exportation, or to ſell again.

☞ The Hull or Bran thereof, which is an excellent Waſh for the Hands, eſpecially for thoſe afflicted with the Gout or Rheumatic Pains, is ſold at the above Place, at Three-pence per Pound. *

Cheſter, January 24, 1756.

TAken up as runaways, and now in Cheſter goal, one John Bryan, ſays he was born in the county of Cork, in Ireland, has been almoſt two years in the country, came in the ſnow Liſbon, Capt. Row, arrived at New-Caſtle on Delaware, and bought off the ſame by one James White, in Queen Anne's county, Maryland. The other named John Peter Overton, ſays he is a freeman, and ſerved his Time to one William Foſter, of Eveſham townſhip, Burlington county, in the Jerſeys: Theſe are therefore to deſire the ſaid James White and William Foſter, if they have any demands againſt the above, or any other perſon that has, to come in five weeks from the date hereof, otherwiſe they will be diſcharged, paying their charges. ¶ SAMUEL SMITH, Goaler.

ALL perſons indebted to Thomas Otway, late of Philadelphia attorney at law deceaſed, are deſired to pay: And thoſe who have any demands againſt the ſame, to bring in their accounts to LYN-FORD LARDNER, Executor.

⁂ TICKETS in the Third Claſs of the ACADEMY LOTTERY to be ſold by *D. Hall*, at the *New-Printing-Office.*

JOHN HUGHES,

Who (the partnerſhip with Moſes Standley being diſſolved) continues in the ſame place, and has on hand the following goods, viz.

WEST India rum, New-England and Pennſylvania ditto, melaſſes, muſcovado and loaf ſugar, tea, coffee, ginger, chocolate, brimſtone, indigo, Albany peas, pork, mackrel, fine and coarſe ſalt, bar and pig iron, good cedar boards, and ſundry other things.

N. B. All thoſe indebted to the late company of Standley and Hughes, are deſired to pay either of us ſpeedily, to ſave further trouble.

The partnerſhip between John Hughes and Moſes Standley being diſſolved, the ſaid

MOSES STANDLEY

Is removed to one of Mr. Maſters's houſes and ſtores in Water-ſtreet, within one door of Market-ſtreet, and hath the following goods, viz.

WEST India, New-England and this country rum, melaſſes, muſcovado and loaf ſugar, tea, coffee, chocolate, cotton, indigo, brimſtone, braziletta, pork, mackrel, Albany peas, bar and pig iron, ozenbrigs, good ſeaſoned pine and cedar boards, fine ſalt, ginger, and ſundry other goods.

N. B. All thoſe indebted to the late company of Standley and Hughes, are deſired to make ſpeedy payment to either of them, to ſave further trouble.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale by publick vendue, on the 23d day of this inſtant February, at the houſe of John Twining, in Buffſtown a meſſuage, tenement and tract of land, ſituate on the northeaſt ſide of Pennypack-creek, in Lower Dublin townſhip, in the county of Philadelphia, containing 135 acres, bounded by land of Silas Criſpin, by Pennypack-creek, and by land of Benjamin Haffty, late the eſtate of Hans Lycan; taken in execution by JAMES COULTAS, ſheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale by publick vendue, about three o'clock, on the 17th day of this inſtant February, at the houſe of John Biddle, a piece of ground, containing about 12 acres, part of Shute's plantation, ſituate about 4 miles from town, on the weſt ſide of Wiſſahicunk road, bounded by the ſaid road, by Hood's land, and by other parts of the aforeſaid plantation, late the eſtate of Thomas Shute, deceaſed, taken in execution by

SAMUEL MORRIS, late ſheriff.

N. B. The perſons bidding at the ſale muſt have ſufficient ſecurity then ready to be offered, if required, otherwiſe their bid will not be regarded,

---

To be SOLD, or LETT, for a term of years,

A Water lot, in Charles-town, in Maryland, containing near an acre of ground, the ſeventh from the publick ware-houſe and wharff, with a good commodious dwelling-houſe thereon, two ſtories high, a good large kitchen, bake-houſe and ſtable, and an exceeding good ſpring of running water joining it, that neither fails in the ſummer, nor freezes in the winter; the houſes are all compleatly finiſhed off for their proper uſes; there is a good garden moſtly taken off the water, and exceeding rich; large flats and boats can come up to the bake-houſe door loaded by a canal cut for the purpoſe, which ſaves all trouble of carting, even faggots or fire-wood; alſo about 9 acres of meadow, banked in off the river ſo conveniently, that no ſwells can hurt it, and a ſmall rivulet running through the ſame, which empties itſelf by trunks juſt at the bake-houſe door; likewiſe about 11 acres of upland paſture, under the ſame fence: Houſes, lot and all may be included under the ſame fence with the meadow and paſture if the owner ſees cauſe. The meadow and paſture are leaſed from the commiſſioners for ſaid town for the term of twenty-one years, one of which is already expired, and is ſubject to a rent of Five Shillings per annum; the lot is ſubject to a rent of One Penny Sterling if demanded. If the purchaſer has amind to follow the baking trade, he is near three merchant mills, to any of which he may go by water, and alſo to the Church: He may likewiſe have a good ſhallop fitted to the beſt advantage for the Bay trade; alſo a flat and fiſhing boat (the place being in a good ſituation for fiſhing and fowling) all on reaſonable terms, by applying to the ſubſcriber, living on the premiſes.

¶ ROBERT ALISON.

SNUFF good for the Head-ach, and a great Preſerver of the Eyes, made and ſold by

RICHARD BOWYER,

Living in Race-ſtreet, between Second-ſtreet and Third-ſtreet. On the Right-hand going up, you will ſee Tobacco hanging at the Window, in a low Houſe. Price one Shilling per Ounce.

Becauſe my Place is mean and low,
Your Thought may be 'tis nothing ſo;
If on God's Bleſſing you'll depend,
'Twill eaſe your Pain then in the End.

Philadelphia County, ſſ.

NOtice is hereby given, that by virtue of an order of the orphans court, held at Philadelphia, for the city and county of Philadelphia, on the 4th day of September laſt paſt, before the juſtices of the ſame court, on Monday, the 16th day of this inſt. February, will be expoſed to ſale, by publick vendue, on the premiſes, by Richard Walton, and Abigail his Wife (late Abigail Comely) adminiſtratrix of all and ſingular the goods and chattels, &c. which were of Iſaac Comely, late of the manor of Moreland, yeoman, deceaſed, Three certain lots or pieces of land, ſituate in the manor of Moreland aforeſaid, late the eſtate of the ſaid Iſaac Comely, deceaſed.

By the Court,

¶ JOHN PRICE, Clerk.

To be SOLD,

By the ſubſcriber, living in Moore's Town, in the county of Burlington, in Weſt-Jerſey,

A COMMODIOUS new brick houſe, two ſtory high, with three rooms on a floor, a good kitchen, ſtable and other conveniences; the whole well finiſhed, with a large yard, and a good wharff at the end thereof, where flats or other veſſels of burthen may load or unload their cargoes, ſituate in the moſt populous part of Bridge town, commonly called Mount holly, in the county aforeſaid, very convenient for a merchant or ſhop-keeper, and has been uſed in that way ever ſince it was built. Alſo about three acres of good clover meadow, near ſaid premiſes, belonging to the eſtate of Benjamin Biſpham deceaſed. The title is indiſputable. For terms, enquire of

⊕ JOSHUA BISPHAM, Executor.

RUN away, on the 24th of laſt month, from Owen Evans, of North-Wales, a German ſervant lad, named Hance Williams, but calls himſelf John Roberts, about 19 years of age, ſhort and ſlender, wears his own ſhort hair, which is of a lightiſh colour, ſpeaks pretty good Engliſh, and is marked with the ſmall-pox: Had on when he went away, a light colour'd camblet coat, with croſs pockets, and buttons cover'd with the ſame, a cinnamon colour'd cloth jacket, which has been turn'd, with broad white metal buttons, new whitiſh cloth breeches, lined with linen, with roundiſh white metal buttons, a homeſpun linen ſhirt, brown yarn ſtockings, good ſhoes, with braſs buckles, a felt hat, about half worn. He has his maſter's part of his indentures with him. Whoever takes up the ſaid ſervant, and brings him to Jonathan Evans, of Philadelphia, ſhall have Twenty Shillings reward.

⊕ OWEN EVANS.

New-Caſtle, January 31, 1756.

RUN away laſt night from George Monro, of New-Caſtle, an Iriſh ſervant man, aged about 27 years, named Philip Harriſon; had on, when he went away, an old hat, cock'd ſharp, a Germantown blue and white cap, a light colour'd homeſpun cloth coat, with mohair buttons, and dark jacket of ditto, with metal buttons, a tow ſhirt, leather breeches, brown yarn ſtockings, good ſhoes, with braſs buckles, and pretends to have been a ſoldier. Whoever ſecures ſaid fellow, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have Thirty Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by GEORGE MONRO.

N. B. If any gentleman who is recruiting ſhould enliſt him, his information will ſave further trouble. Tbctf.

RUN away, on the 25th of January laſt, from the ſubſcriber, living at the Croſs roads, in New-London townſhip, Cheſter county, two ſervants, a man and woman; the man named Charles O Neal, a native Iriſhman, is pretty well ſet, has pale brown hair, not very long, and ſpeaks with the brogue: Had on when he went away, a grey ratteen jacket, with flat metal buttons, buckſkin breeches, with the ſame ſort of buttons. The woman named Catherine Read, a tall, ſtout, likely woman, with black hair; ſhe had on and took with her, a blue camblet cloak, a lightiſh drab colour'd callimancoe gown, too ſhort for her, and a red and white ſtriped linſey petticoat. But what is moſt remarkable, they have a child with them of 14 months old, and it has on a blue ſtuff gown, and bone ſtays, and has pale brown hair. The woman is an Iriſhwoman, but has not ſo much of the brogue as the man. They were ſeen at Gray's ferry, and intended for the Jerſeys. Whoever ſecures both in any goal, ſo that their maſter may have them again, ſhall have Forty Shillings reward, or Thirty Shillings for either of them, and reaſonable charges, paid by

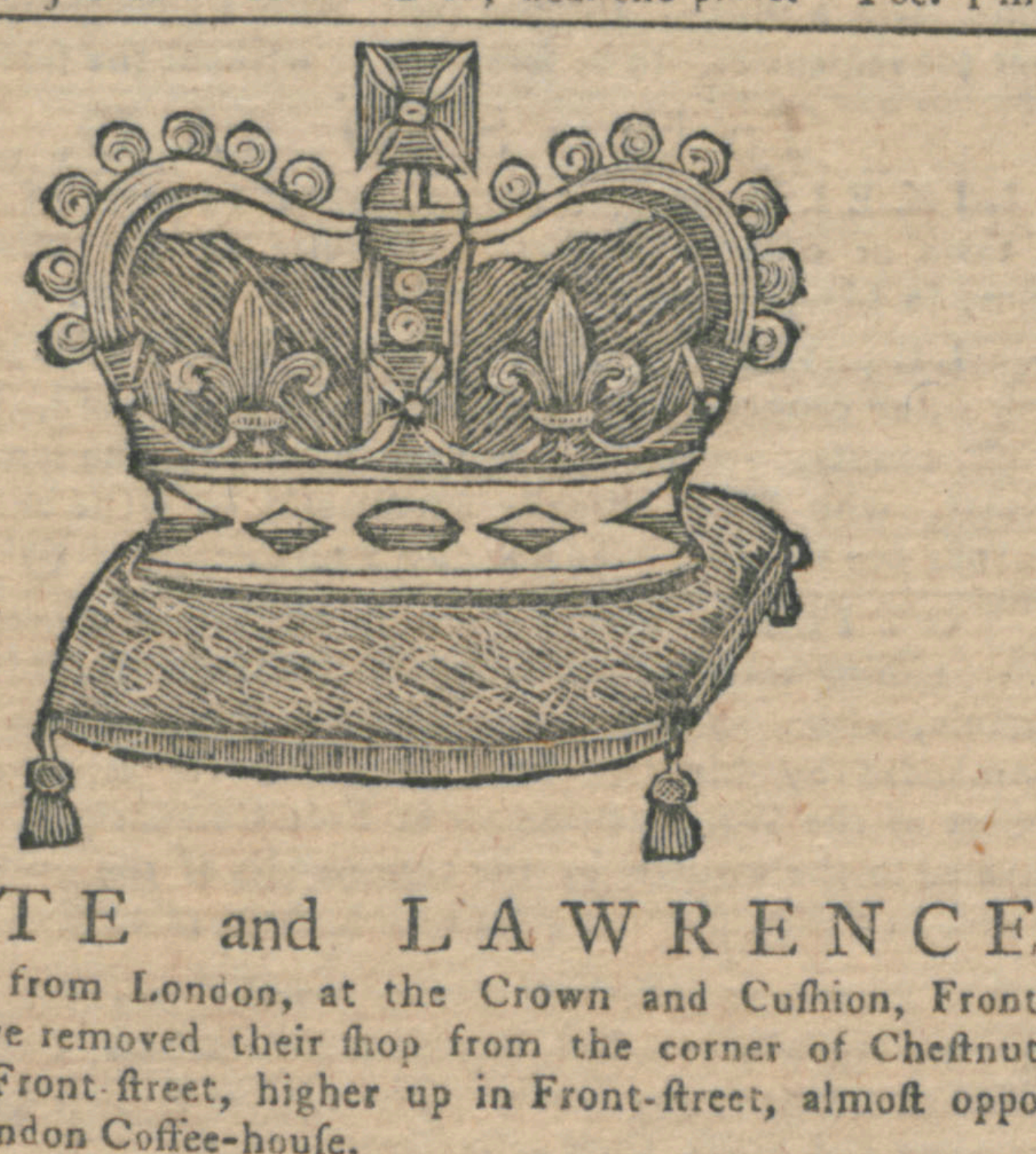
♄ ALEXANDER JOHNSTON.

Philadelphia, February 5, 1756.

WHEREAS Grace, the wife of Matthew Lamey, of the townſhip of Whiteland, in Cheſter county, hath eloped from her ſaid huſband, and run him conſiderably in debt; theſe are to forewarn all perſons from truſting her on his account, for he will not pay any debts of her contracting from the date hereof. MATTHEW LAMEY. ¶

RUn away on the 26th of laſt month, from the ſubſcriber, living in Upper Merion townſhip, Philadelphia county, a Dutch ſervant man, named Adam Enger, about 25 years of age, of a middle ſize, well ſet, dark complexion, talks good Engliſh: Had on when he went away, a dark colour'd bearſkin coat, with white metal buttons, green napp'd jacket, with mohair buttons, both half worn, old hat, black leather breeches, with white metal buttons, grey yarn ſtockings, ſhoes newly ſoaled, with carved ſteel buckles. He alſo took with him two ozenbrigs ſhirts, and a check one, with ſome other clothes. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him in any goal in this province, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have Forty Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by me ABRAHAM WILLIAMS. ⊕

TO be ſold, lying above the Kitochtan Mountains, in Fairfax county, Virginia, a tract of land, containing upwards of 1100 acres, both paſturage, arable and meadow ground, pretty well wooded and well watered, convenient to a good mill and the Quakers meeting-houſe. Any perſon who inclines to purchaſe, may know the terms and title, and be ſhewn the premiſes, by applying to JOHN HOUGH, near the place. Tbc. 1 m.



WHITE and LAWRENCE,

Upholſterers from London, at the Crown and Cuſhion, Front-ſtreet, have removed their ſhop from the corner of Cheſtnut-ſtreet, in Front-ſtreet, higher up in Front-ſtreet, almoſt oppoſite the London Coffee-houſe,

MAkes all ſorts of upholſtery work, ſuch as bedſteds, corniſhes, and furniture, feather beds, ſacking bottoms, matraſſes, all ſizes blankets, rugs, cabbin ſtools, all ſorts of paper hangings, &c. &c. &c. Likewiſe drums, colours, cartouch boxes, marquees for officers, belles of arms, Horſeman's tents, trench tents, and all other ſorts of upholſtery work, in the neweſt faſhion, as in London, and at the loweſt prices.

To be ſold by

THOMAS WILLING,

At his Ware-houſe in Front-ſtreet, near Walnut-ſtreet, very cheap for ready money or ſhort credit,

SUperfine, middling and low priced broad-cloths, fine 6 qr. coatings and bearſkins, fine and coarſe naps or frizes, plains, kerſeys, fine ſcarlet coating ſpotted with black, white ſwanſkin, half-thicks, long ells, ſtriped linſeys, emboſſed ſerges, German ſerges, red flannels, blankets, green and ſpotted rugs, blue ſtrouds, red and white ſhags for under waiſtcoats, mens worſted and cotton caps, cotton romals and ſilk and cotton culgee handkerchiefs, figured and ſpotted bandanoe and Barcelona ditto, a neat aſſortment of India and Engliſh ſilks, imported in the Lydia, Capt. Riddal, viz. half-yard and half-ell brocades, white, cherry and cloth colour'd ſattins, black, blue, green, pink and grave cloth colour'd paduaſoys, white, green, pink, crimſon and cloth colour'd damaſks, tobine ſtriped luteſtrings, mantuas, peeling ſattins, ſewing ſilk, mens plain and ribbed ſilk hoſe, ozenbrigs, dowlas, garlix, Iriſh linen, Iriſh and Ruſſia ſheeting, ghentiſh hollands, table-cloths in patterns, tabling and napkin damaſk, clouting diaper, calicoes, ſtamped and brocaded cottons, printed linens, a compleat aſſortment of Mancheſter checks, fuſtians, cotton hollands, buckram, camblets, worſted damaſks, calimancoes, ſhaloons durants, tammies, ſingle and double alopeens, fine black pluſh, bombazine, cambricks and lawns in patches and pieces, fine Liſle, Flanders and colour'd threads, holland and diaper tapes, bobbings, nonſopretties 4d and 6d ferrits, pins, paper, buttons and mohair, mohair cord, womens Genoa gloves, mens and womens ſhammy and womens kid gloves, long and ſhort pipes, Briſtol ſaſh glaſs 9 per 11, grindſtones, anvils, vizes, beak irons, clothiers ſhears, ſad or flat irons, frying pans, pewter, caſks of ſtone ware, crates viols, ſheet lead, ſprigs and ſcupper nails, looking glaſſes, canvas, cordage, cables, anchors, rum, coffee, Madeira wine, &c. &c. Tbc. 3 mo.

Juſt imported in the ſhip Lydia, Capt. Riddall, and the laſt ſhips from London, and to be ſold by

RICHARD FOOTMAN, and COMPANY,

At their ſtore in Front-ſtreet, between Market and Arch-ſtreets,

A GREAT variety of EUROPEAN Goods, ſuitable for the ſeaſon. Tbctf.

Philadelphia, January 8, 1756.

Next Saturday will be publiſhed, and ſold by W. DUNLAP, Printer in Lancaſter, and by HENRY SANDY, Bookbinder in Lætitia Court, Philadelphia *(Price Sixpence)*

A NARRATIVE of the SUFFERINGS and Surprizing DELIVERANCE of *WILLIAM* and *ELIZABETH FLEMING*, who were taken Captives by Captain *Jacobs*, in a late Excurſion by him and the *Indians* under his Command, on the Inhabitants of the *Great-Cove*, near *Conecocbieg*, in *Pennſylvania*, as related by themſelves.

Pſalm iii. 4. *I cried unto the LORD, and he heard me.*

Imported in the laſt ſhips from London, and to be ſold by

ALEXANDER HUSTON,

At his ſtore in Second ſtreet, oppoſite the Baptiſt Meeting houſe, the following goods, viz.

BOhea and green tea, hempen and flaxen ſprigs, ozenbrigs, white and brown heſſens, Ruſſia and Iriſh ſheetings, hempen and flaxen ruſſias, ravens duck, tandems, gulix, nuns and Iriſh hollands, damaſk and diaper table-cloths, damaſk and diaper napkening and clouting, princes linen, brown hollands, long, flowered, broad and clear lawns, in pieces and patches, cambricks, yd. wd. ell wd. 6 qr. coarſe and fine muſlins, India ſilks, viz. damaſks, paduaſoys, black and cloth colour'd taffeties, ſtriped and plain perſians, china blue, and common blue bed patterns, calicoes, green, blue and cloth colour'd mantuas, great variety of printed linens and calicoes, India and Engliſh chints, coarſe and fine ginghams, bengals, romals, bandanoes, ſuperfine worſted black damaſks, calimancoes, ſhaloons, variety of linen and cotton checks, bed ticks, 3d, 10d, 12d, and 20d nails, 7 eights and 3 qr. garlix, ſtriped, imboſſed, white and red flannels, green, blue and cloth colour'd broadcloths, turkey, duck and pidgeon ſhot, pewter, &c. &c. Likewiſe a healthy, active Negroe boy, about 15 years of age, born in the country, and has had the ſmall-pox. Tbctf.

Imported in the laſt veſſels from London and Briſtol, and to be ſold very cheap, for caſh or ſhort credit, by

RHEA and *WIKOFF*,

At their ſtore, the fifth door from Black-horſe-alley, in Front-ſtreet, between Market and Cheſtnut-ſtreets,

FIne boil'd double camblets, cloth colour'd, crimſon and green double worſted damaſks, black, blue, pink, ſcarlet and cloth colour'd calimancoes, black, blue, cloth colour'd and ſcarlet ſhaloons, blue and drab colour'd broad-cloths, cloth colour'd and green naps, red and blue half-thicks, kerſeys, red and blue pennyſtone and bays, ſtriped and red flannels, bearſkins, forreſt-cloths, green and mottled rugs, roſe blankets, a variety of ſtamped cottons, calicoes and chints, ſtriped and croſs-barr'd tobines, mourning crapes, 6-qr. and yard-wide muſlins, bandanoes, lungee romals, perſian and ſooſey handkerchiefs, black, blue and ſcarlet everlaſting, ſilk camblets and cambletees, blue, green and crimſon chinaes and harratteens for beds, nutmegs, cinnamon, mace and cloves, buttons and hair, cloth colour'd and green ſhags, white and cloth colour'd ſattins, black luteſtring and alamode, 7-eights and yard-wide Iriſh linens, tandems and garlix, fine gulix holland, piſtol lawns, cambricks and lawns in pieces and patches, napkening and clouting diaper, ruſſia ſheeting linen, diaper and damaſk table-cloths, ozenbrigs, light and cloth colour'd baladine ſewing ſilks, black and colour'd taffeties, broad and narrow perſians, an aſſortment of check linens, bed-bunts, bolſter tickings, Scotch handkerchiefs, gartering and qualities, a variety of new faſhion'd ribbons, flat and round ſilk laces, pins, writing paper, cotton counterpains, buckrams, an aſſortment of ſteel, metal and braſs buckles, ſnuff boxes, a large aſſortment of cutlary, metal buttons, braſs cocks, a variety of door and cloſet locks, hinges, drawing knives, hand ſaws, hammers, gimblets, raſps, files, chiſſels, broad axes, 7 by 9 and 8 by 10 window glaſs, ſhort pipes, faggots of ſteel, felt hats, black worſted ſtockings, an aſſortment of ſadlery, gun locks, variety of braſs handles and eſcutcheons, ſetts of hearted deſk locks, an aſſortment of till locks in ſuits, ſprigs, braſs patent candleſticks, ink-powder, ſealing wax, japanned waiters, red lead and letharge, Dutch painted tea-tables, and Madeira wine by the Pipe, &c. &c. &c. Tbctf.

Juſt imported in the laſt veſſels from London and Liverpool, and to be ſold by

JOHN *and* JOSEPH SWIFT,

At their ſtore, up Samuel Griſley's alley, oppoſite the lower end of the Jerſey-Market,

BRoadcloths, bearſkins, nap'd coatings, Devonſhire and Yorkſhire kerſies, blue duffils, blue halfthicks, fine black plain everlaſting, cloth coloured and red ſhaloons, cloth, red, blue, green, crimſon and pink coloured tammies, check'd durants, black cloth, ſaxon blue, and pink coloured calimancoes, ſtriped ditto, a neat aſſortment of caſtor and felt hats, ſtriped cottons, cotton hollands, 3-qr. 7-8ths, yd. wd. and 6 qr. cotton and linen checks, fine large cotton counterpanes, ſtriped and figured demity, drab jeans, half ell white ditto, ſuperfine black cotton velvet, 7-quarter and 8-quarter bed bunts, cambricks and lawns, in pieces and patches, black and coloured India taffeties, black Engliſh ditto, black India perſians, blue, white and bluſh coloured ditto, a large aſſortment of calicoes, chints, printed cottons, and printed linens, garlix, tandems, tandem ſileſias, 3 qr. 7-8ths, and yd. wd. Iriſh linens, ozenbrigs, white and brown Ruſſia ſheeting, Ruſſia ſail duck, piſtol lawn, dowlas, bordered bandanoes, lungee and new faſhion'd ſilk romals, cotton ditto, coloured ginghams, white and brown buckrams, huggaback, clouting diaper, red, ſcarlet, ſtriped and white flannels, emboſſed ſerges, ſtriped cotton linſeys, childrens ſpotted hoſe, mens ſuperfine black ditto, mens new faſhion'd white ribbed ditto, mens dark grey fine worſted hoſe, knit patterns for breeches, mens fine white grain lamb gloves, inſide waſh ditto, womens beſt glaiz'd kid gloves and mits, womens and girls white and coloured glazed lamb gloves and mits, mens and womens dy'd ſhammy gloves, an aſſortment of ſadlery, ditto of double flint glaſs ware, white, light, cloth and crow coloured ſewing ſilks, nuns thread, number thread, colour'd ditto, white and black edging, tapes and bobbins, pins and needles, great variety of figur'd and other ribbons, ſilk firret, ſcarlet and letter'd gartering, ſundry ſorts of worſted quality binding, 6 qr. and yd. wd. muſlin, fine boiled camblets, flower'd and plain white ruſſel, blue and green hair ſhag, double and ſingle worſted damaſk, Duke and Scots handkercheifs, writing-paper, paper caſes and ſealing-wax, womens and girls ſhoes, clogs and goloſhes, childrens morocco randed pumps, Holman's ink-powder, ſilk caps, cutlary, nonſopretties, mourning crape, ſuperfine hyſon tea, black alamode, ſuperfine ſcarf twiſt, buttons and mohair, horn combs, fine poliſhed ſteel ſnuffers, Briſtol ſtone ſet in ſilver ſleeve buttons, white metal coat and veſt buttons, ſundry ſorts of ſleeve buttons, frying-pans, beſt London ſteel A C No. 3. F and FF gunpowder, Weſton's ſnuff, duroys, 20d. nails, hempen Ruſſia linen, womens ſcarlet, blue and cloth colour'd cloaks, blue druggets, blue long ells, ſhirt buttons, cotton and thread hoſe, &c. &c. Tbctf.

N. B. All perſons indebted to ſaid partnerſhip, are deſired to pay their reſpective ballances, Joſeph Swift intending for England in the ſpring.

To be SOLD,

At the New-Printing-Office, in Market ſtreet,

MARTIN's General Magazine OF ARTS and SCIENCES.

VERY good LAMPBLACK ſold at the *New-Printing-Office.*

To be SOLD,

CHOICE Madeira Wine, Wholeſale and Retail, by Captain JOHN SIBBALD, at his Houſe in Second-ſtreet, two Doors below Stretch's Corner. Likewiſe exceeding good old Jamaica ſpirit. ⊕

Philadelphia, January 15, 1755.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed will be expoſed to ſale, by publick vendue, about ten a clock, on the ſeventeenth of March next, A plantation, containing about 225 acres (part thereof will make good meadow) with a good dwelling-houſe and barn, and a young orchard, about two miles from Mount-Holly, in Weſt-New-Jerſey, now in the poſſeſſion of Daniel Packer, taken in execution by WILLIAM SMITH, Sheriff. ⊕

N. B. The ſale to be held on the premiſes, and one year's credit given, provided the purchaſer gives good ſecurity, and pays lawful intereſt for the ſame.

Imported from London and Briſtol, and to be ſold by

WILLIAM GRANT,

At his houſe in Water-ſtreet, three doors from the corner of Cheſtnut-ſtreet, for caſh, or the uſual credit,

POWDER, LEAD, and SHOT, MUSKET fence pan, and half bridle gun locks, nails, ſprigs, tacks, coffin handles, mens and childrens coffin furniture, hatchets, lath and common hammers, brick and plaiſtering trowels, cheſt, braſs, cupboard croſs ward, till, ſpring, 3 bitted, ſplinter and padlocks, white ſheep and braſs pipe bellows, a large aſſortment of mens, womens and childrens buckles, H, HL, rule joint, braſs deſk, box, croſs garners and duff hinges, coopers adzes, howels and axes, carpenters axes, adzes, gouges, chizels, augers, long and ſhort firmers, hand and tennant ſaws and files, pit and croſs cut-ſaws, long and ſhort handle frying pans, ſad irons, pins and needles, large aſſortment of braſs handles and eſcutcheons, with great variety of other iron-mongery, Rhode Iſland, Pelham, Weymouth, ſhort cannon, rippon and plain bitts, braſs barr'd and ſwivel ſtirrups, diaper ſtriped woollen, green and ſtraining webb, blue, green and white worſted gimp, womens worſted reins, ſteel and common ſpurs, with great variety of other ſadlery, ſuper ſuper drabs, ſuper broad-cloths, ditto with linings and trimmings, in ſuits or otherwiſe, middling and coarſe cloths, forreſt cloths, coatings, fine duffils, kerſeys and plains, bearſkin half thicks, fearnoughts, Lancaſhire bays, green frize and ſtriped penniſtones, red and white flannel, red ſwanſkin, rugs and blankets, womens ſhort ſcarlet and cloth colour'd cloaks, capuchins, green and cloth colour'd worſted and hair ſhags, wadding, buckram, ſhaloons, ruſſels, double and ſingle damaſks, camblets, poplins, hairbines, grograms, double and ſingle alopeens, crapes, grazets, ſilverets, florettas, venetians, camblettees, duroys, ſaggathies, black, cloth colour'd, ſtriped and white calimancoes, tammies, durants, Iriſh ſtuffs, rich ſpangles, yard-wide plads, black, cloth colour'd, India and Engliſh taffeties, ſtriped and plain perſians, white ſarſenet, Engliſh ſilk damaſks, black alamode, paduaſoys, ſilk ſerge deſoys, ſilk caps, mitts, ſewing and ſtitching ſilk, a large aſſortment of plain, rich and figur'd ribbons, Iriſh linens, Dutch hollands, garlix, tandems, princes linens, Ruſſia and Iriſh ſheeting and dowlas, cotton and linen check and ſilk handkerchiefs, cotton, worſted and thread ſtockings, ticking and bed-bunts, a fine aſſortment of mens and womens gloves and mitts, looking glaſſes, gilt and plain mahogony and walnut frames, hard metal and common pewter, pepper, raiſins and currants, London loaf ſugar, allom, a quantity of drugs, bellmetal ſkillets, harrateens and cheanies, bed buckrams and bed-lace, Mechlin and Bruſſels lace, Engliſh cheeſe, Taunton ale, long and ſhort large bowl pipes, Dutch and Iriſh ozenbrigs, a large aſſortment of paper, ink powder, ſealing wax, wafers, warming pans, tea kettles, coffee pots, ſauce pans, tin ware, pictures in and out of frames, Harvey's dialogues and ſermons, Pearſall's meditations, ſail-cloth and earthen ware, indigo, wool and cotton cards, John Hoſe's ſhoes, cinnamon, cloves, mace, &c. &c. &c.

N. B. The ſaid Grant expects that thoſe who are indebted to him above a twelve month will pay immediately to avoid any further trouble. Tbctf.

Juſt imported, and to be ſold by

DANIEL WILLIAMS,

Baker, living near the corner of Second and Walnut-ſtreets, in Philadelphia,

SUPERFINE, fine, middling and coarſe boulting cloths, very cheap for ready money or ſhort credit. Millers or others, who are not well acquainted and ſkilled in chooſing boulting cloths, may depend on being ſupplied with cloths (and inſtructions if required) ſuitable for any or every part of the boulting buſineſs.

N. B. Said Williams has had long experience in grinding and boulting, as well as in boulting cloths. Tbc.

SAMUEL POWELL,

Braſs-Founder, at the Three Braſs Cocks, in Second-ſtreet, near Saſſafras (or Race) ſtreet,

MAKES and mends all ſorts of braſs cocks, wholeſale or retail, mill braſſes, braſs ſuckers and chambers for pumps, &c. He has likewiſe to ſell, a convenient three ſtory houſe, well finiſhed, oppoſite the Reform'd Church, in Saſſafras-ſtreet, now in the tenure of Iſaac Roberts. Alſo a three ſtory houſe in ſaid ſtreet, with a two ſtory kitchen, and good work ſhop and cellar under it, convenient for a cooper, being the houſe where William Nixon lately liv'd. And a two ſtory brick tenement, with a good waſh houſe and work ſhop, pleaſantly ſituated in Bread-ſtreet, commonly called Moravian Alley. There is to be ſold at ſaid place corks by the bag or groſs, fine braſs wire ſieves, and Whitechapel ſquare needles. ¶5s. Tbc.

N. B. Alſo imported from London, and will be ſold cheap, if taken together, a neat aſſortment of ink-ſtandiſhes, both Engliſh and Dutch faſhion, ſuitable for a Stationer. Likewiſe London tea-pots, at the loweſt Prices. He has a likely Dutch girl's time to diſpoſe of, who has nine years to ſerve, and is fit for town or country buſineſs.

Juſt imported by the laſt ſhips from London, and to be ſold by

MORDECAI YARNALL,

At the ſign of the Hand-ſaw, in Second-ſtreet, nearly oppoſite Stretch's corner,

BRoadcloths, ſhaloons, durants, tammies, camblets, hairbines, ruſſels, calimancoes, worſted damaſks, hair grazets, corded poplins, kerſeys, drab and green hair ſhag, ſaggathies, red and blue halfthicks, ſtriped duffils, ſhort cloth cloaks, red flannels, 9 and 10 qr. blankets, ſpotted and green rugs, men and womens worſted hoſe beaver coating, ſewing ſilk, ozenbrigs, cambricks and clear lawns, in pieces and patches, yard wide and 7 eights Iriſh linens, cotton and linen checks, ſtriped cotton hollands, printed linens, calicoes, Scots handkerchiefs, Duke's ditto, Scots Thread, bobbings, tapes, pins, needles, ſcarlet and other gartering, quality binding, dyed pillows, mantua, black and cloth colour'd taffeties, new ſilk romals, bandanoes, lamb mittens, ſhammy ditto, brown buckrams, muſlins, light and cloth colour'd thread, bed-ticks, china, braſs milk pans and kettles, window glaſs, looking glaſſes of many ſizes, locks and hinges, tongs and ſhovels, ſadlery, nails, ſteel, a variety of cutlary, ſilver pattern'd coat and veſt buttons, ſilver watches, bohea tea, Weſton's ſnuff, tin plates, firkins of pipes, writing paper, wool cards, bibles, teſtaments, gilt trunks, warming pans, frying pans, pewter, red lead, white lead, madder, red wood, gunpowder, ſawmill ſaws, handſaws, and tenant ſaws, ſadlery, and ſundry other goods, too tedious to mention. Tbctf.

To be *SOLD* or *LETT*,

By Samuel Preſton Moore, in Third-ſtreet, between Market and Arch-ſtreets,

A PLANTATION in Oxford townſhip, containing 300 acres, about one half cleared, the other well wooded, between 20 and 25 acres meadow, and more may be made; about 200 apple trees, moſt of them beginning to bear, as many bearing heart cherries, and ſome peaches. A large ſtone-houſe, two ſtories high, four rooms on each floor, good cellars, two kitchens, and a chamber over each; the houſe is made to ſuit one or two families; there is a large milk-houſe, a well of fine water in one of the kitchens, two barns and two ſtables, beſides other out-houſes. If the quantity of land be too large for the purchaſer, the improvements may be ſold with 100 to 250 acres, and any reaſonable time allowed to be paid in annual payments, with intereſt, and giving ſecurity, if required. The purchaſer or tenant may enter upon the place the 25th of Third Month, March, 1756.

Juſt publiſhed, A general MAP of the

MIDDLE BRITISH COLONIES, In AMERICA: *Viz.*

VIrginia, Mariland, Delaware, Penſilvania, New-Jerſey, New-York, Connecticut and Rhode-Iſland; the Country of the Confederate Indians; of the Lakes Erie, Ontario and Champlain, and of Part of New France, by LEWIS EVANS.

This Map includes the Ohio, and all the preſent Seats of Action of the Britiſh, French and Indians; and was compoſed with a particular View to the Connection our Colonies have with Canada, the Lakes, Ohio and the Countries of the adjacent Indians.

The Price of the colour'd Maps on ſuperfine Writing Paper, Two Pieces of Eight, and of the plain ones, on Printing Paper, One Piece of Eight each.

With the colour'd Maps is given a *Pamphlet* of four large Sheets and a half, containing an Analyſis of the Map, a Deſcription of the Face of the Country, the Boundaries of the Confederate Indians (whereon the Britiſh Rights are founded) and the maritime and inland Navigation of the ſeveral Rivers and Lakes contained therein.

To be ſold in Philadelphia by the AUTHOR in Arch-ſtreet; in Carliſle, Trenton, Brunſwick, New-York, New-Haven, New-London, Providence, and Boſton, at the POST-OFFICES; in Burlington by Mr. Peart; in New-York by Mr. Garrat Noel, Bookſeller in Dock-ſtreet, near Countz's Market.

N. B. At the ſame Places are alſo ſold a few Copies of the PAMPHLETS ſeparately; Price one Quarter of a Piece of Eight each. Tbctf.

TO be ſold, a good griſt mill, ſituate in the townſhip of Northampton, Bucks county, and province of Pennſylvania, having two pair of ſtones, three boulting cloaths, two whereof, and the Hiſling, go by water, a good ſtone dam, and all other conveniencies for carrying on the merchants Buſineſs, being in a fine part of the country for purchaſiing plenty of choice wheat, about ſix miles to a good landing at Neſhaminey, and about 18 miles by land to Philadelphia. Alſo about 60 acres of land, with a good dwelling houſe, and a draw-well by the door, a cooper's ſhop, a large ſtable, fit for a team of horſes, an orchard, and ſome meadow and woodland. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe the ſaid mill and plantation, may be informed of the title (which is indiſputable) and terms of ſale, by applying to Abraham Griffith, the owner, living at Pennypack old mill, Joſeph Carter, living on the premiſes, or to Michael Dowd, living near the premiſes.

N. B. There is a good plantation, of about 100 acres of land, within half a mile of the ſaid mill, with a good ſtone houſe, and other conveniencies, to be ſold with or without the ſaid mill.

To be SOLD,

A LIKELY Negroe wench, about 19 years of age, fit for town or country buſineſs. Enquire at the New-Printing-Office, in Market ſtreet, Philadelphia. T. b. c. t. f.

ALL perſons indebted to JOHN TAYLOR, of Cheſter county, practitioner in phyſick, by bill, bond or accounts, are deſired forthwith to pay the ſame to Daniel Calvert, who I have legally impower'd to ſettle and receive all demands due to me JOHN TAYLOR. ⊙ 5s. Tbc.

NOTICE is hereby given to all perſons concerned in furniſhing waggons and teams in Pennſylvania, Maryland and Virginia, either by contract or otherwiſe, in the late expedition, commanded by his late Excellency General Braddock, that a number of the Waggons are now at Fort Cumberland, ready to be delivered to the owners by the commander of the Fort, proof being made of their property, for which they are to give a receipt.

THE goods and effects of George Archer, late of Eaſt Bradford, are lawfully attached, to anſwer his creditors, who are hereby notified to appear at my houſe on the 14th of Fourth Month next, to diſcover and prove their reſpective demands.

AARON ASHBRIDGE. ¶

JOSEPH SAUNDERS,

Who is remov'd to the corner of Cheſtnut and Water-ſtreets, the next door but one to where he formerly liv'd,

SUNDRY ſorts of dye ſtuffs, as madder, ground red-wood, fuſtick, galls, log-wood and brazilletto, indigo, allom, copperas, alſo brimſtone, Engliſh glue, bar lead, ſhot, gunpowder, neat powder flaſks, ſundry ſorts of nails, ſteel, A C. No. 3. long and ſhort pipes, cutlary; ozenbrigs, garlix, twilled baging, blankets and rugs, flannel, ſhaloons, ſilk, linen and cotton handkerchiefs, ell-wide perſians, muſlins, calicoes, cotton and linen checks, buckrams, hat crapes, and Ruſſia ſheeting; writing paper of ſeveral ſorts; ſale twine; alſo Jamaica ſpirit, Weſt-India and Philadelphia rum, loaf and muſcovado ſugar, coffee, tea and chocolate, rice, pepper, alſpice, ginger, cinnamon, nutmegs, mace and cloves, ſalt petre, ſweet oil, and ſundry other goods.

N. B. The INSURANCE-OFFICE for SHIPPING is kept by him as uſual.

Juſt imported, and to be ſold cheap by

ALEXANDER LUNAN,

On Hamilton's Wharff,

BOHEA tea by the cheſt or dozen, coffee and Jamaica rum, Florence oil by the cheſt, and rota tent or tent-wine by the dozen, Scots ſnuff, a variety of printed linens, and Engliſh made ſaddles; and ſeveral compleat tea ſervices of gilt and penciled china. Alſo a few of the neweſt books, amongſt which are Dr. Blackwell's court of Auguſtus, his life of Homer, and mythology of the Antients; General Gordon's life of Peter the Great, and Douglas's hiſtory of the late rebellion. Tbc3m.

To be LETT, by

JOSEPH WATKINS,

Living in Philadelphia,

A Houſe and lot in the Northern Liberties, being a corner lot; bounded weſterly by the great road to Germantown and Franckfort; northerly by a road to Kenſington; and eaſterly by a navigable creek, along the ſide of which creek is a wharff 82 feet long, convenient for a landing place. On ſaid lot there is alſo a tanyard, with a large mill-houſe and beam-houſe, tanpits, limepits, and a water pool, that may be emptied, or filled with the tide water, by opening or ſtopping an auger hole. There are to be lett with the place moſt of the tools that are neceſſary for the tanning or ſkinning buſineſs. The preſent tenant leaves it in February, 1756. ⊕

THE partnerſhip of Walter Shea, James and Thomas Harvey, having expired the Firſt of June laſt, thoſe therefore having any demands upon them, are deſired to bring them in, and they indebted requeſted to pay.

N. B. They have on hand divers merchandize, with ſome good Madeia Wine, which they will ſell cheap for ready money or ſhort credit, to cloſe the company books. Tbc. 6 M.

SCHEME

Of a LOTTERY for raiſing 2000 Pieces of Eight for erecting a BATTERY at the town of New-Caſtle, and purchaſing ſome GUNS for the ſame.

THE defenceleſs ſtate of the town of New-Caſtle, particularly at this juncture, when a war between Great-Britain and France ſeems almoſt inevitable, renders it exceedingly dangerous for the country around, as well as the Inhabitants thereof: And as the inhabitants from the fewneſs of their number, are unable to erect any fortification by ſubſcription, that may be of ſervice in time of danger, 'tis hoped an undertaking that may, with the divine aſſiſtance, not only be the preſervation of our lives and fortunes, but, in a great meaſure, of the laſt importance even to Philadelphia itſelf, by warding off the impending evil, or keeping an enemy at play till notice can be given thereof, will meet with encouragement from all lovers of their country and liberties.

Number of prizes.		Value in Pieces of Eight.		Total Value.
2	of	500	are	1000
6	of	250	are	1500
12	of	125	are	1500
18	of	100	are	1800
40	of	50	are	2000
86	of	25	are	2150
664	of	5	are	3320
1 First drawn,	-	-	-	25
1 Laſt drawn,	-	-	-	25
830 Prizes,				
2500 Blanks,				
3330 Tickets, at 4 Dollars each, are				13320

So ſoon as the drawing is finiſhed, the prizes will be publiſhed in the Pennſylvania Gazette, and the money paid to the poſſeſſors of the 166 large prizes, Twenty per Cent being firſt deducted, and the 664 ſmall prizes to be paid without any deduction, which makes the deduction on the whole leſs than Fifteen per Cent.

Proper Notice will be given of the Time of Drawing.

The perſons following are appointed managers of this lottery; viz. Benjamin Chew, John Roſs, William Patterſon, David Witherſpoon, Jacob Vanbebber, and David Buſh, Eſquires; and William Armſtrong, John Vandike, Alexander Porter, Richard M'William, John Vangezell, William Bedford, George Monro, Zachariah Van Leuvenigh, and Nathaniel Silſbee, Gentlemen; who are to give bond and be on oath for the faithful performance of their truſt.

Tickets are to be ſold by the ſaid managers, at their reſpective dwellings.

Juſt imported in the Myrtilla, Captain Budden, from London, and to be ſold cheap for ready money, or ſhortcredit, by

JOHN WALLACE,

At his ſtore in Cheſtnut-ſtreet, near Front-ſtreet,

SUperfine, middling and coarſe broad cloths in patterns and pieces, drab and Devonſhire kerſeys, plains, red and blue halfthicks, frizes, bearſkins, hair pluſh, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10-qr. blankets, blue, green and ſpotted rugs, blue and ſtriped duffils, white and red flannels, ſtriped linſeys, emboſſed ſerges, worſted damaſks, calimancoes, durants, tammies, camblets, plain and ſilk camblettees, dorſetteens, worſted and ſilk venetians, check'd queen ſtuffs and cheverines, florettas, ſtarrets, colodines, ſhaloons, prunelloes, drab cloaks, black velvet, cotton velvet ſhapes, India black and colour'd taffeties, India, black, colour'd and ſtriped perſians, Engliſh, black and bluſh perſians, mens ſilk hoſe, mens ribbed and plain worſted and yarn hoſe, womens worſted and thread hoſe, childrens ſpotted hoſe, ſcarlet and ſtriped worſted caps, ſingle and double ſilk caps, knit worſted waiſtcoats and breeches, fine marbled ditto, Scots and German ozenbrigs, brown boreſlaps, white heſſen, ſail duck, Ruſſia linnen and diaper, Ruſſia and Iriſh ſheeting, 7-eights and yard wide garlix, dowlas, ſingle and double ſileſias, Scots, Iriſh and German linens and hollands, hooping holland, long, broad, piſtol and clear lawns, cambricks in pieces and patches, yard-wide, 5-qr. and 6-qr. wide muſlin, muſlin neck-cloths, oringalls, cambrick bettellees, 3-qr. yard-wide and 6-qr. wide cotton and linen checks, white and black bone lace, black wove lace, variety of calicoes, India chints, printed cottons and linens, brown and glazed linen, white jeans, buckrams, diaper and damaſk table-cloths, diaper and damaſk table linen in ſetts, broad and narrow ſtriped tickings, bed-bunts, mens and womens gloves and mittens, ſewing ſilks, coloured thread, Scots white thread, ſhirt buttons, ſcarff, death head and great coat buttons, double gilt coat buttons, mohair, twiſt and cord, white and colour'd tapes, broad worſted quality bindings, ſilk ferrit, cotton and thread laces, gartering, nonſopretties, pins, ribbons, ſilk ferrit, ſilk handkerchiefs, ſilk and cotton ditto, bordered and plain bandanoes, lungee romals, ſtay trimmings, variety of pictures, map and paintings on glaſs, cutlery, hard ware and pewter, bed-ſide and floor carpets, ready-made coats, waiſtcoats and breeches, ſhirts, neck-cloths, &c. gun flints, Engliſh glue, Weſt-India rum, ſugar, &c. &c. &c.

RUN away on the 28th of December laſt, from the ſubſcriber, A ſervant lad, named George Bath, about 20 years of age, born in Old-England, about 5 feet 9 inches high, ſtoops much, and has a reel in his walk: Had on when he went away, A light colour'd ratteen coat, with white metal buttons, brown broadcloth jacket, black leather breeches, blue yarn ſtockings, good ſhoes, with large braſs buckles, ozenbrigs ſhirt, a brown cut wig, a good hat, and a red and white ſilk handkerchief.

Alſo run away on the 18th inſtant, one John M'Neil, of middle ſtature, born in Ireland, and pretends to be a drummer: Had on when he went away, A good bearſkin coat, with large white metal buttons on it, brown broadcloth jacket, white Spaniſh broadcloth breeches, much worn and dirtied, blue milled worſted ſtockings, good ſhoes, with ſmall ſteel buckles, blue and white cotton cap, and a good beaver hat. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervants, ſo that their maſter may have them again, ſhall have Forty Shillings reward for each, or Three Pounds for each, with reaſonable charges, if brought to Edward Matthews, nailor, in Philadelphia. ⊕

STrayed away on the 24th of December laſt, from the plantation of Evan Jones, of Northampton townſhip, Bucks county, A middle ſized well-ſet bay horſe, about 7 years old, a natural, but ſlow pacer, his near hind foot white, with a ſmall ſtar in his forehead, branded on the near thigh, but not well known, being like three letters joined; alſo a middle ſized light brown mare, near four years old, her near hind foot white, with ſeveral black ſpots in it, has a ſmall ſtar in her forehead, trots, paces and gallops, no brand nor ear-mark. Whoever takes up ſaid creatures, and brings them to the ſubſcriber, ſhall have Fifteen Shillings reward for each, and reaſonable charges, paid by EVAN JONES. ‡

To be SOLD,

A LIKELY able Negroe fellow, fit for town or country buſineſs. Enquire of ALEXANDER PARKER, almoſt oppoſite to the Church Burying-ground, in Arch-ſtreet.

[*See the Half-ſheet for the other Advertiſements.*]

February 12, 1756. NUMB. 1416.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtick.

Seven Hundred Dollars Reward.

NOTICE is hereby given, That the Sum of SEVEN HUNDRED PIECES OF EIGHT is raiſed by Subſcription among the Inhabitants of the City of *Philadelphia*, and now offered, with the Approbation of his Honour the GOVERNOR, as a Reward for any Perſon or Perſons who ſhall bring into this City the Heads of SHINGAS, and Captain JACOBS, Chiefs of the *Delaware Indian* Nation; or Three Hundred and Fifty Pieces of Eight for each, provided that due Proof is made of being the real Heads of ſaid *Shingas* or Captain *Jacobs*, they having received many Favours from this Government, and now treacherouſly deſerted our Intereſt, and become the principal Inſtruments in alienating the Affections of the *Indians* from his Majeſty and the People of this Province.

N. B. *It is expected that this Subſcription will ſoon be conſiderably increaſed.*

By Saturday's Mail from New-York, we had Advice of the Arrival of the Halifax Packet there, Captain Morris, in ſeven Weeks and three Days from Falmouth, and by her have the following Advices, viz.

The Humble ADDRESS of the Right Honourable the Lords Spiritual and Temporal in Parliament aſſembled.

Die Jovis 13° *Novembris*, 1755.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

WE, Your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, in Parliament aſſembled, humbly beg Leave to return Your Majeſty our unfeigned Thanks for Your moſt gracious Speech from the Throne.

Your Majeſty's paternal Regard for the Welfare and Proſperity of Your People, which has been ſo conſpicuous on all Occaſions, has, in this critical Conjuncture, been demonſtrated by Your Majeſty's earneſt Deſire to preſerve them from the Calamities of War, and by Your Royal Firmneſs, in not yielding to any Terms of Accommodation that were not reaſonable and honourable.

When we conſider the high Importance of the Britiſh Poſſeſſions and Rights in America, to the Commerce and Well-being of theſe Kingdoms, we cannot but reflect with Concern, as well as Reſentment, that, in a Time of full Peace, and contrary to the Faith of the moſt ſolemn Treaties, ſo many Encroachments ſhould have been committed on the Part of France. Nothing can exceed our Surprize at ſuch a Conduct, but our Gratitude to Your Majeſty, for ſo powerfully exerting Your Royal Care to protect Your Colonies from ſuch Invaſions and Inſults, and to redreſs thoſe Encroachments, which had been ſo unjuſtly made.

If any Power could be ſo much miſtaken, as to imagine that Your Majeſty, or Your Parliament, would remain unactive Spectators of ſuch unprovoked Hoſtilities, they muſt before now have been convinced of their Error.

We thankfully acknowledge Your Majeſty's Wiſdom and Goodneſs, in encreaſing Your Maritime Armaments with ſo great Application and Expedition, and in augmenting Your Land Forces with ſo much Regard to the Eaſe of Your People, whilſt You were providing for their Safety; and in having, at the ſame time, generouſly given Encouragement to that great Body of Your Majeſty's brave and faithful Subjects, with which Your American Provinces happily abound, to exert their Strength on this important Occaſion, as their Duty, Intereſt, and common Danger oblige, and ſtrongly call upon them to do.

Your Majeſty has ſufficiently ſhewn, That no Motives of Ambition, or of fomenting new Troubles, have been the Grounds of Your Conduct. Your Prudence and Magnanimity have been manifeſted to all the World, by Your evident Diſpoſition to prevent a general War from breaking out in Europe, and by confining Your Views and Operations to thoſe ſalutary and neceſſary Ends, which Your Majeſty has been graciouſly pleaſed to declare to us.

It is with Pleaſure we obſerve the pacific Declarations of His Catholick Majeſty, which are ſo agreeable to the Amity and good Correſpondence ſubſiſting between the two Crowns, and to the general Welfare of Europe.

We ſhould fall ſhort of that Duty which we owe to Your Majeſty and our Country, if we did not, with the greateſt Sincerity and Chearfulneſs, promiſe Your Majeſty our moſt zealous and vigorous Concurrence and Aſſiſtance in this juſt and national Cauſe. Nothing ſhall be wanting, on our Part, to make good thoſe ſolemn Aſſurances which were given to Your Majeſty by Your Parliament in their laſt Seſſion. We look upon ourſelves as obliged by the ſtrongeſt Ties of Duty, Gratitude, and Honour, to ſtand by and ſupport Your Majeſty in all ſuch wiſe and neceſſary Meaſures and Engagements, as Your Majeſty may have taken in Vindication of the Rights of Your Crown; or to defeat any Attempt which may be made by France in Reſentment for ſuch Meaſures; and to aſſiſt Your Majeſty in diſappointing or repelling all ſuch Enterprizes as may be formed, not only againſt Your Kingdoms, but alſo againſt any other of Your Dominions, although not belonging to the Crown of Great-Britain, in caſe they ſhould be attacked on account of the Part which Your Majeſty has taken for maintaining the eſſential Intereſts of Your Kingdoms.

Animated with theſe great and intereſting Conſiderations, we beg Leave, from the Bottom of our Hearts, to aſſure Your Majeſty of our inviolable Duty and Affection to Your ſacred Perſon; and that we look upon the Preſervation of Your Majeſty's Government, and of the Proteſtant Succeſſion in Your Royal Houſe, as the only Security, under God, of our Religion and Liberties. If there are any who have vainly flattered themſelves, that menacing Appearances or Preparations could deter us from faithfully and vigorouſly acting up to theſe Principles, our unſhaken Conduct ſhall demonſtrate how much they have been deceived; and that, though we are far from deſiring to injure or moleſt any of our Neighbours, we are ready to ſacrifice our Lives and Fortunes in the Defence of Your Majeſty, and of the Poſſeſſions, Commerce, and juſt Rights of Great-Britain.

His MAJESTY's moſt Gracious Anſwer.

My LORDS,

I GIVE you My hearty Thanks for this very dutiful and affectionate Addreſs. I ſee, with the greateſt Satisfaction, the Zeal you expreſs for My Perſon and Government, and for the true Intereſt of your Country, which I am determined to adhere to. The Aſſurances you give me for the Defence of My Territories Abroad, are a ſtrong Proof of your Affection to Me, and Regard for My Honour. Nothing ſhall divert Me from purſuing thoſe Meaſures, which may effectually maintain the Poſſeſſions and Rights of My Kingdoms, and procure reaſonable and honourable Terms of Accommodation.

The Humble ADDRESS of the Houſe of Commons to the KING.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

WE Your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of Great-Britain, in Parliament aſſembled, beg Leave to return Your Majeſty our humble Thanks for Your moſt gracious Speech from the Throne; and to congratulate Your Majeſty upon Your ſafe and happy Return into theſe Kingdoms.

With Hearts full of Gratitude, we offer to Your Majeſty our dutiful Acknowledgments for Your paternal Care and Endeavours to preſerve to Your People the Bleſſings of Peace; and when Terms conſiſtent with the true Intereſt of this Kingdom could not be obtained, for the great Expedition, with which Your Majeſty cauſed Your Naval Force to be got ready; and the Magnanimity and Reſolution Your Majeſty has ſhewn, at the Hazard of all Events, to defend the Britiſh Dominions in America, not only encroached upon, but openly attacked by the French, in a Time of full Peace, and further threatened and endangered by a large Embarkation of Troops from Europe.

We are truly ſenſible of Your Majeſty's great Wiſdom and Moderation, in being deſirous, though ſo highly provoked, to liſten to a reaſonable Accommodation; and in endeavouring to avoid the Calamities of a general War, by confining Your Operations to Meaſures neceſſary for Defence; a Conduct which muſt demonſtrate to the other Powers of Europe, the Uprightneſs of Your Majeſty's Intentions, and convince them, that Your Majeſty is not the Aggreſſor.

The King of Spain's generous Concern for the common Welfare of Europe, and the Aſſurances he has given Your Majeſty of his Deſire to preſerve the Publick Tranquility, gives us the greateſt Satisfaction.

We beg Leave to aſſure Your Majeſty, that Your dutiful and faithful Commons will vigorouſly and chearfully ſupport Your Majeſty, in all ſuch wiſe and neceſſary Meaſures and Engagements, as Your Majeſty may have taken to vindicate the juſt Rights and Poſſeſſions of Your Crown, and to guard againſt any Attempts which France may make, on account of Your Majeſty's not having ſubmitted to her unjuſtifiable Encroachments; and that we think ourſelves bound in Juſtice and Gratitude to aſſiſt Your Majeſty againſt all Inſults and Attacks that may be made upon any of Your Majeſty's Dominions, though not belonging to the Crown of Great-Britain, in Reſentment of the Part Your Majeſty has taken in a Cauſe, wherein the Intereſts of this Kingdom are immediately, and ſo eſſentially, concerned.

We are humbly thankful to Your Majeſty, for Your tender Care in directing the neceſſary Augmentation of Your Land Forces to be made in the Manner the leaſt burthenſome to Your People.

We aſſure Your Majeſty, that Your faithful Commons will grant Your Majeſty ſuch Supplies as ſhall be found neceſſary in this great Conjuncture; and that we will, in all our Deliberations, maniſeſt to the World, that we have ſincerely at Heart the Honour of our King, the Support of His Government, and the true Intereſt of this Country.

St. James's, November 18.

The following Addreſs of the Provoſt, Magiſtrates and Council of Glaſgow, has been preſented to His Majeſty: Which Addreſs His Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the KING's Moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Provoſt, Magiſtrates and Council of Glaſgow.

May it pleaſe Your Majeſty,

WE Your Majeſty's moſt faithful and ſtedfaſt Subjects, the Provoſt, Magiſtrates, and Council of Glaſgow, in Common Council aſſembled, on this joyful Anniverſary of Your Majeſty's auſpicious Birth, beg Leave, in the moſt humble and ſubmiſſive Manner, to expreſs our Gladneſs of Heart upon Your Majeſty's ſafe and happy Return to Your Britiſh Dominions.

The paternal Care which Your Majeſty at all Times diſcovers for the Proſperity and Protection of Your People; the Vigilance which Your Majeſty exerts in Defence of Your Kingdoms and Colonies, againſt the Encroachments and perfidious Deſigns of reſtleſs Neighbours, inſpire our Hearts with the ſtrongeſt Gratitude, and unſhaken Attachment to Your Majeſty's ſacred Perſon, Family and Government.

That Your Majeſty's precious and ineſtimable Life may be long preſerved to promote the Felicity of Great-Britain, is the unfeigned and fervent Prayer of this always loyal City.

Madrid, October 14. The trading Subjects of this Kingdom, intereſted in many of the French Merchant Ships taken by the Engliſh Men of War, have applied to the Council of Trade, and repreſented the great Injuries they have already ſuffered, and are likewiſe liable farther to ſuffer through thoſe Captures, unleſs ſome unexpected Event ſhould change the Face of Affairs. As yet we know not what Effect theſe Repreſentations have had.

Paris, Nov. 3. We no longer place any Hopes in Negotiation. The Breſt Squadron will put to Sea in eight or ten Days, and the Toulon Squadron on Wedneſday. Letters of Marque will alſo be iſſued in a ſhort Time.

All the Officers belonging to the Hotel des Invalids that are capable of Service are to be employed again.

Nov. 5. Orders are ſent to the ſeveral Yards to build eighteen Men of War; and Funds are already provided for defraying this Expence. We ſhall ſend eighty Men of War to Sea next Spring; the Attention of the Miniſtry being chiefly employed about our Marine, in order to make head againſt the Engliſh, whoſe beſt Buckler is their Navy.

They

They ſtill talk of a Marriage, under Favour whereof an Event which hath for ſome Time fixed the Attention of Europe will take Place. Two able Miniſters are, it is ſaid, ſucceſsfully employed about it. If this Alliance ſhould be actually made, a new and very different Syſtem will be offered to the Conſideration of our Politicians, eſpecially if, as is confidently reported, one of the greateſt Princes in this Part of the World abdicate his Crown, to paſs the Remainder of his Days in Retirement.

Genoa, Nov. 4. The French Merchants ſettled here, as alſo thoſe of this Country who trade with France and Spain, are taking the beſt Meaſures they can to protect the Shipping in which they are intereſted againſt the almoſt inevitable Riſque they run of being taken by the Engliſh, as ſoon as Hoſtilities ſhall take Place in the Mediterranean. The Britiſh Conſul has already ſignified, that he will grant Letters of Protection in Favour of the Trade carried on by Neutral Powers; ſo that it is hoped the Commerce of this Republick will ſuffer leſs Damage or Interruption than was expected.

Paris, November 7. *We have no Particulars of the late Action in America, but what come from the Engliſh; and tho' it ſeems to be neither a deciſive Engagement, nor a formal Defeat, we look upon it as a real Diſadvantage to us, only for the Loſs of Baron Dieſkau, and M. de St. Pierre, who headed the Troops of France, and the Corps of Indians. However, the Command will not ſuffer thereby; becauſe every Thing relative thereto has been previouſly ſettled, in ſuch a Manner as to prevent any Difference or Diſunion among the Commandants, with reſpect to the Exerciſe of their Authority. The Depoſitum of Inſtructions is at Quebec, as alſo the Plan to be followed by the Chiefs in the Sequel of their Operations.*

Bruſſels, Nov. 10. We have this Moment Advice, that the French have ſeized twenty Veſſels that were employed to tranſport Iron from Namur to Givet, and other Places in the Neighbourhood.

Bruſſels, November 11. We are poſitively aſſured, that the French have aſſembled upon the Eſplanade at Douay, between ſix and ſeven Hundred Waggons. We are likewiſe informed, that Orders are given by the Court of France for augmenting the Iriſh Brigade with 20 Men per Company. A Meſſenger arrived here Yeſterday from Vienna, with the News that the Empreſs Queen was ſafely delivered of an Archdutcheſs on the ſecond Inſtant.

November 14. All the Waggons that were lately aſſembled on the Eſplanade, at Douay, are gone empty from thence, and had been employed in tranſporting Carriages and Wheels for Cannon, which had been made at Peronne and St. Quentin. On the firſt Inſtant, 24 Pieces of Cannon were likewiſe brought from Arras to the Arſenal at Douay, to be new caſt. Our Advices add, that a great Number of Blackſmiths and Wheelwrights had been preſſed to Work in that Arſenal, where every Thing was preparing with the greateſt Diligence.

St. James's, November 14. *This Day the Honourable Sir Thomas Robinſon having reſigned the Seals into the King's Hands, his Majeſty was pleaſed to appoint the Right Honourable Henry Fox, Eſq; to be one of his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State.*

Whitehall, Nov. 18. *The King has been pleaſed to grant unto William Johnſon, of the Colony of New-York, in America, Eſq; and to the Heirs Male of his Body lawfully begotten, the Dignity of a Baronet of the Kingdom of Great-Britain.*

The King has been pleaſed to grant unto John Pownall, the Office of Clerk of the Naval or Navy-Office, in the Iſland of Jamaica, in the Room of Richard Shelley, Eſq; deceaſed.

Lieutenant General Fowke, Governor of Gibraltar, is appointed to be Colonel of the late Major General Braddock's Regiment at that Place.

Col. John Fitz-Williams, of the firſt Regiment of Foot Guards, Member for Windſor, to be Colonel of the Second or Tangiers Regiment in Ireland, late Gen. Fowke's.

Lieut. Col. Webb, of Col. Conway's Horſe in Ireland, to be Colonel of the late Sir Peter Halkett's Regiment in North-America.

Lieut. Col. Elliſon, of Major-General Shirley's Regiment in North-America, to be Colonel of the Regiment there, now commanded by Col. Dunbar.

And Col. Dunbar to be Lieutenant-Governor of Gibraltar.

LONDON, November 15.

Nov. 15. The Bontems, Baſſere, from Gaſpie for Bourdeaux; and the Jenne Pierre, Siovri la Suedre, from Gaſpie for St. Malo's, are ſent into Portſmouth by the Colcheſter Man of War.

The Margaida, Preneau, is carried into Madeira by the Humber Man of War.

There were 400 Members in the Houſe of Commons laſt Thurſday.

The Houſe of Commons ſat till Five o'Clock Yeſterday Morning.

Laſt Night a Proclamation was iſſued for recalling Seamen from Foreign Service, and prohibiting them to enter into it; and for taking up all ſtraggling Seamen; and offering a Bounty of 3 l. to every able Seaman, and one of 30 s. to every ordinary one that ſhall voluntarily enter; alſo offering a Reward of 40 s. for diſcovering an able Seaman, and one of 30 s. for diſcovering an ordinary Seaman. This Proclamation to continue in Force till the laſt Day of this Year.

Two other Trains of Artillery are ordered to be drawn out of the Tower to be ſent into Eſſex and Suffolk.

Thurſday Se'nnight was drove on Shore near Dungeneſs, a French Snow laden with Gun-powder: The Veſſel ſoon broke to Pieces, and the Cargo was loſt; but we hear that the Men were conducted to Dover Caſtle.

We hear a Bill is actually ready to preſent to Parliament, for laying a Tax on French Valets, Cooks, &c.

The ſhort Speech made to Admiral Weſt by the Captain of the French Frigate that lately brought the Remainder of the Blandford's Crew to Plymouth, was in theſe Terms: "Sir, the King my Maſter has ordered me to deliver up theſe Priſoners here [i. e. the ſaid Crew] and at the ſame time enjoyned me to make no Reſiſtance, in caſe any Engliſh Men of War offer to attack or detain me."

November 17. We are credibly informed, that the Merchants of France have preſented to their Monarch a Petition, ſetting forth that the great Number of their Ships taken by the Engliſh had reduced them to the Brink of a general Bankruptcy; and humbly praying ſuch Relief as to his Majeſty in his great Goodneſs ſhould ſeem moſt meet: That is, in other Words, begging Peace for God's Sake. To which the King made Anſwer, That he was extremely ſenſible of their Hardſhips, but deſired them to have Patience a little longer till the Meeting of the Britiſh Parliament, for that there were ſuch Diſſentions among the Members thereof, as would enable him to make them (the Merchants) a ſpeedy and ample Amends. Voltaire tells us (Siecle de Louis XIV. Cap. 17.) that the French King ſent over to England 250,000 l. Sterling, in order to make a Party to oppoſe King William's engaging in a War againſt France, at the Death of Charles II. of Spain, to procure ſufficient Security to the King of England, and the States General, for the Navigation and Commerce of their Subjects, and to prevent an Union of the two Monarchies of France and Spain; and that even after the Quadruple Alliance was ſigned, his Moſt Chriſtian Majeſty, truſting to the Diviſions which his Money would raiſe in England, deſpiſed his Enemies. *As the ſame Arts have perhaps been tried now, what Satisfaction muſt the Addreſſes of the two Houſes give to every honeſt Briton!*

November 18. *The Officers of his Majeſty's Ordnance have offered Rewards for the Diſcovery of Fire-arms concealed in any Part of Great-Britain.*

November 20. The Eſperance Man of War, taken by Capt. Stevens, fought fairly for nigh three Hours, when Stevens finding his Rigging ſo mangled as to be unable to tack about, he laid by to repair, and then began a ſecond Attack, which laſted near two Hours, when he found the Frenchman very tardy in firing, and expected them to ſtrike every Moment. However, finding his Rigging in the ſame or worſe Condition than before, occaſioned by their double Chain Shot, he lay by a ſecond Time to mend it. In the mean Time Admiral Weſt came up, which the French, proud when an Opportunity offers of ſtriking to a Flag, immediately paid him that Compliment. Capt. Stevens does them the Juſtice to ſay, they fought the Ship very well. The Eſperance was the laſt Ship the French had in North-America, in which they had really ſanguine Hopes, as ſhe was quite in fighting Order, in thorough Repair, and had 500 pick'd Men on board. The Number killed were 12 on board the Orford, and 26 on board the Eſperance.

Nov. 20. On Tueſday a Battalion of the Guards received Orders to hold themſelves ready to march.

It is reported that Admiral Weſt's Squadron has taken a French Frigate of 20 Guns.

We hear that the Right Hon. Sir Thomas Robinſon will be again appointed Maſter of the Great Wardrobe, in the Room of Lord Barrington, appointed Secretary at War.

There has been a great Earthquake at Oporto, whereby ſeveral Houſes were thrown down, ſome Ships caſt aſhore, and ſeveral People killed.

We hear that 50,000 Seamen will be employed for the Year 1756.

Extract of a Letter from Portſmouth, dated Nov. 17.

"The Royal William of 100 Guns is ordered to be fitted for Sea, and when her upper Deck is taken off, 'tis thought ſhe will be the fineſt Ship in the Navy, as ſhe will carry 85 Guns on two Decks. This Ship is 36 Years old, and was never out of this Port.

"The Royal George and Duke, both fitted to receive preſſed Men, are alſo ordered to be fitted for Channel Service.

"The New-Caſtle is ſailed into Harbour to ſheathe and fit for the Weſt-Indies.

"Friday ended the Court Martial on board the Prince George, Admiral Oſborn, Preſident, on the Lieutenant who fired into the Merchantman, and killed three Men; when he was acquitted.

"Friday Evening arrived at St. Helens the Monarch, Admiral Moſtyn, and the Somerſet, Capt. Geary; and on Saturday arrived Admirals Boſcawen and Holbourn, in the Torbay and Terrible, with the Lys, Capt. Suckling; the Yarmouth, Capt. Norris; the Chicheſter, Capt. John Brett; Grafton, Capt. Holmes; Nottingham, Capt. Marſhall; Dunkirk, Capt. How; Auguſta, Captain Willett.

"The Anſon, Defiance, Northumberland, and Edinburgh, are gone, 'tis imagined, into Plymouth."

We hear that Admiral Holbourn's Squadron were within Sight of three of the French Men of War that lately arrived from Cape-Breton, but only the Dunkirk could come up with them; but the Admiral was obliged to call her off, not being able to get up with them.

The Amiable Margaretta, Hardouir, from Gaſpie for Bourdeaux; the Aſſurance, Gallois; the Pucelle, Minart; the Ceres, Braund, all from Newfoundland for Hornfleur; the Telemaque, Blondelette, from Newfoundland for St. Maloes; the Subtile, Imbert, from San Domingo for Bourdeaux; and the Eſperance, Battelet, from Newfoundland for Hornfleur, are ſent into Portſmouth.

The ----, Johan Chriſtopher Ryberg, from Stockholm for France, loaded with Cannon, paſſed the Sound the 30th ult.

Nov. 21. *Laſt Tueſday Night a large French Ship from Newfoundland, which was taken by the Diſpatch Sloop, was ſent into the Downs.*

The Phœnix paſſed by Malaga the 27th of October, for Gibraltar, with ſixteen or ſeventeen Engliſh Veſſels under Convoy, and ſeven French Veſſels ſhe had taken to the Eaſtward.

By the Weſton, Knowler, who arrived in the Downs on Wedneſday from Oporto, there is Advice, that on the firſt Inſtant they had ſeveral violent Shocks of an Earthquake at Oporto, which laſted about eight Minutes, whereby ſeveral Houſes were quite deſtroyed, and ſome Churches and Steeples were alſo much damaged. Abundance of People ran towards the Port, thinking to be ſafer on board the Ships, but were ſtopped in their Flight by the ſudden Swelling of the Sea. Many Places in the Town, which the higheſt Tides had never reached, were overflowed. Two Spaniſh Ships, bound to Vera Cruz, which lay without the Bar, waiting for a fair Wind to proceed on their Voyages, were carried over the Bar by a huge Wave, and drove up into the Harbour. But though the Damage was very conſiderable in the Town, we don't hear that the Shipping in the Harbour have ſuffered much.

Extract of a Letter from Berlin, Nov. 4.

"*We obſerve with great Concern, that the Differences between France and England, inſtead of being in a fair Way to be adjuſted, become wider every Day, and that the Glimmerings of an Accommodation, which now and then appear, are ſo faint that they ſcarcely endure a whole Day. Beſides the general Intereſt of Humanity, that of Commerce preſents us with another Motive to take Part in this Situation of Affairs, in Hopes that the King's Subjects, concerned in the Trade of Foreign Nations, will be preſerved from the Inconveniencies to which Navigation is expoſed in ſuch Times.*"---*As there ſeems to be an affected Obſcurity in the Wording of this Letter, we ſhall decline making any Remarks, and let the Reader comment upon it as he pleaſes.*

Private Letters from Bourdeaux ſay, that the Merchants of that City ſeem to be very eaſy, notwithſtanding the many Captures made by the Engliſh, becauſe they are perſuaded, or affect to be ſo, that Things will ſoon take a favourable Turn; but whether, by a favourable Turn, they mean a ſpeedy Accommodation, or Succeſs in any deſigned Attempt, is what they have not thought fit to explain.

We hear that Major-General Sir William Johnſon, Bart. is to have a red Ribbon the firſt Promotion.

This Morning the Duke Packet Boat, in the Service of the Poſt-Office, fell down the River of Thames, with the Weſt-India Mail on board, in order to ſail directly to Barbados.

We are informed that on the ſame Day, and at the ſame Hour that the violent Commotion of the Waters happened at other Places, there was a great Earthquake at Madrid, which laſted for 6 or 7 Minutes, and ſhook the Eſcurial ſo much, that the Royal Family were forced to abandon it, and retire to Pavilions and Tents in the Gardens: That ſome Perſons were killed by the Falling of Houſes; and that the ſame Shock was alſo felt at Bilboa.

November 24. Notwithſtanding the preſent moderate, humane, polite and generous Behaviour of the French to the Engliſh (which they ſeem to take great Pains to perſuade the World of) we are informed, from good Authority, that the Inſtructions intercepted by Admiral Boſcawen breathed nothing but Blood and Slaughter, and that in the deſigned Attack upon Halifax no Quarter was to be given to Man, Woman or Child.

December 4. It is ſaid the Beef that had been purchaſed in Ireland by the French, is converted into a more laudable Channel; it being to be ſent to the Relief of the unhappy deſtitute Inhabitants of Liſbon.

Tueſday ----Townſhend, Eſq; ſets out to go by Land to Liſbon with his Majeſty's Letters of Condolance; as does Commodore Keppel to ſail for Liſbon, he having 25000 l. in Specie, with Pick-axes, Shovels, Flour, and all other Neceſſaries.

The four Men of War, ordered to the Protection of the diſtreſſed Portugueſe, ſailed from Spithead on Friday or Saturday laſt.

Letters from Cadiz adviſe, that the late Earthquake was felt with as great Violence on the Barbary Coaſt as in Europe, from whence they expect to hear of great Damages in that Country.

Portſmouth, Nov. 19. *The Kingſton has ſent in a Prize laden with Melaſſes, Sugar and Fiſh.*

A great Firing at Spithead, the Occaſion not known.

St. JOHN's, *in Antigua, December* 23.

His Majeſty's Ship the Fowey, Capt. Mackenzie, has taken and carried into St. Chriſtophers, a very large French Ship, bound to Europe.

December 30. Early this Morning was felt here a ſevere Shock of an Earthquake.

January 3. Letters of undoubted Authority from St. Chriſtophers inform us, that Capt. Mackenzie, in his Majeſty's Ship the Fowey, has taken and carried into that Iſland another large French Ship, bound from Martinico to Europe, and richly laden.

BOSTON, February 2.

Friday laſt about Noon, arrived at the Seat of his Government here, his Excellency Major-General Shirley, where he was received with all poſſible Demonſtrations of Joy. Thurſday a Number of Gentlemen, upon Information of his Excellency's being upon the Road, went out of Town and met him at Watertown, where they dined, and from thence they attended him to the Seat of Francis Brinley, Eſq; within four Miles of the Town, where his Excellency lodged that Night. The next Day he was eſcorted to Town by his Troop of Guards, with a very great Proceſſion of the principal Gentlemen of the Town (in their Coaches and Chariots) who had waited upon him at Mr. Brinley's to pay their Compliments of Congratulation. Upon his Excellency's Entrance into Town he was ſaluted by the Cannon from the Caſtle and from the Forts in Town: At the Province-Houſe, his Excellency was received by the Regiment of Militia and his Company of Cadets, under Arms, and the General Court being then ſitting, Notice was immediately given them of his Excellency's Arrival at the Province Houſe, and thereupon (purſuant to a Vote of both Houſes) his Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, and the Members of his Majeſty's Council, waited on his Excellency there, and his Honour having paid his Compliments to him, Major-General Sir William Pepperell, Preſident of the Council, in their Name, congratulated his Excellency on his ſafe Return to his Government, and ſoon after the Honourable Thomas Hubbard, Eſquire, Speaker of the Houſe of Repreſentatives (who were all preſent) did the ſame; and then his Excellency, being attended by the Lieutenant Governor, the Members of both Houſes, and all the principal Gentlemen of the Town, went up in Proceſſion to the Court-Houſe, preceded by the Company of Cadets (the Regiment of Militia being under Arms, and extending from the Province Houſe to the Court-Houſe) in the Council Chamber, received the Compliments of the Clergy, and a great Number of Gentlemen who had not an Opportunity of paying them before: After which the Troop of Guards, Militia and Company of Cadets, being drawn up in King-ſtreet, fired three Vollies, and were diſmiſſed, the Streets, Houſes, Windows, and Balconies being crouded with vaſt Numbers of Spectators to ſee his Excellency on this happy Occaſion. In the Evening (there being Proviſion made by Order of the General Court) his Excellency and both Houſes, and a great Number of Officers and other Gentlemen, met at the Council Chamber, where the Healths of his Majeſty, the Royal Family, and other loyal Healths were drank, and the Court-Houſe and other Places being finely illuminated, and many Bonfires in the Town. The whole concluded with the greateſt Demonſtrations of Joy, which plainly appeared in every Face.

Laſt Friday Morning died, after a long and painful Indiſpoſition, occaſioned by the Stone, Mr. John Franklin, Poſt-Maſter in this Town, and Brother to Benjamin Franklin, Eſq; of Philadelphia. After his Death, a Stone was taken out of his Bladder that weighed one Ounce, five Pennyweight, and ſixteen Grains.

NEW-YORK, February 9.

Major-General Sir WILLIAM JOHNSON, *Baronet, was to have a Meeting of the Mohocks, and other Indians, at his Houſe at Mount Johnſon, in the County of Albany, about the latter End of laſt Month.*

The Packet boat, we are told, is to return to England in about 20 *Days from the Time of her Arrival, or ſooner, if his Majeſty's Service requires it.*

When the News of the Cataſtrophe at Liſbon arrived in Great-Britain, all the Packet Boats were ſtopt for ſeveral Days.

The next Boat that is to ſail from Falmouth for this Port may be looked for every Day, as ſhe had left London for that Place, ſome Days before the Halifax ſailed.

We are credibly informed, that one of his Majeſty's Ships of War with 50,000*l. Sterling, in Specie, on board, for the Uſe of the Forces now in America, and two Store-ſhips, are daily expected here from England.*

Saturday laſt his Majeſty's Ship the Nightingale, Dudley Diggs, Eſq; Commander, ſailed from Sandy-Hook for England; with whom the Hon. Thomas Pownall, Eſq; Lieutenant Governor of the Jerſeys, went Paſſenger. The Baron Dieſkau's Aid de Camp is ſent to England in the above Ship.

On the 28*th of January, in Lat.* 39 48. *Lon.* 59. *Capt. Morris ſpoke with a Ship from Philadelphia, bound for London; but it blowing freſh, could not learn the Captain's Name.*

PHILADELPHIA, February 12.

Laſt Week Colonel WASHINGTON arrived here from Virginia; as did the Honourable Chief Juſtice BELCHER from Nova-Scotia.

Extract of a Letter from Liſbon, dated December 2, 1755.

"On the Firſt of November laſt we had a violent Earthquake here, which ſhook down every Church, and almoſt every Houſe in this City; and, to compleat the Ruin, it was ſucceeded by Fire in different Parts of the Town, which intirely conſumed all the Goods in our Warehouſes and Cuſtom-houſe, the whole City being in Flames in a few Hours. It is computed upwards of Forty Thouſand People are loſt by this fatal Cataſtrophe. Thank God we have eſcaped with our Lives, and fortunately, between the Shock and the Time the Fire reached our Houſe, ſaved our Books and Money, but nothing elſe, not even wearing Apparel. Things at preſent are in great Confuſion in regard to Trade; but we hope in a few Months proper Meaſures will be taken by the Court to carry Buſineſs on as uſual on another Spot, for Liſbon will be hardly rebuilt in our Time. This is a ſevere Stroke to Trade, as all the Shopkeepers are ruined which eſcaped, and their Engagements with the Engliſh, as well as other Factories, amount to an immenſe Sum, which many Nations will feel."

There are ſeveral other Letters from Liſbon, giving an Account of the above melancholy Affair; but as they chiefly agree with that inſerted, both as to the Number of People loſt, and the Damage in general done, a Publication of them is thought unneceſſary.

We have alſo Advice, that the King of Spain has ſent his Letters of Condolance to the King of Portugal on the unhappy Occaſion, and with them a grand Preſent in Money, to help to rebuild the City.

On Tueſday, the third Inſtant, John Dondur depoſed before Conrad Weiſer, Eſq; in Tulpehocken, That on the Twenty-ſeventh of laſt Month, he and his Daughter went over the Kittatinny Hills, in order to bring ſome Grain from his Plantation, which he had deſerted ſome time before; that they ſtaid there all Night, and in the Morning heard a Noiſe, like the Crackling of ſomething burning, and on looking out ſaw his Barracks on Fire, and ſix Indians, painted like Warriors, ſtanding round them; upon which they made the beſt of their Way off without being diſcovered.

We hear from Tolheo, in Berks County, that on Friday Night laſt one of Captain Buſſe's Centries was fired at by an Indian, but received no Hurt.

Captain Joy is arrived in London; Captain Rankin at St. Chriſtophers; the Captains Groves, Donnell, Matthews and Rowland, at Antigua; and the Captains Marſh and Rodgers, at Jamaica, all from this Port.

⁂ TICKETS in the Third Claſs of the ACADEMY LOTTERY to be ſold by *D. Hall*, at the *New-Printing-Office*.

The Brigantine Argo, Captain Hinton, bound to Fyall from this Place, is arrived at Liſbon.

The following is a true Account of the Damage done by the Indians at the Canalaways, in Cumberland County, on the 28th of laſt Month, viz.

James Leaton killed and ſcalped. Catherine Stillwell, and one of her Children, killed and ſcalped, and two others carried off, one about eight, the other three Years, old; her Huſband, Richard Stillwell, was at a Neighbour's Houſe when his was attacked, and from thence got into Coombs's Fort. Elias Stillwell had ſeven Horſes and Mares carried off, one Cow killed, and one burnt. John M'Keney's Houſe was burnt, with all his Houſhold Goods and Cloathing, and what remained of three Beeves, and ſeven fat Hogs; he had likewiſe three Cows killed, and three Calves burnt in Mr. Samuel Eaton's Barn. Samuel Hicks had eleven Cattle, and a valuable Mare, killed. Richard Malone's Houſe and Barn were burnt, and two of his Cattle killed. And a Houſe was burnt, that belonged to John Hicks, who was murder'd ſome time ago by the Indians. The Tracks of ſeven Indians, and of a Child (ſuppoſed to be the eldeſt of Stillwell's) with thoſe of the Horſes they carried off, were ſeen in a Corn Field, and they ſeem'd to be going towards Aughwick.

We have Advice from Carliſle, that beſides the Miſchief mentioned in our laſt to be done by the Indians near Patterſon's Fort, on Juniata, the Party that went to bury the Dead, found one Sheridan, his Wife, three Children, and a Man Servant, all murder'd; alſo two others in another Houſe; theſe within ten Miles of Carliſle: And that two Perſons have been found murder'd on Potowmack.

CUSTOM-HOUSE PHILADELPHIA, INWARD ENTRIES.

Snow Muggy, William Alliſon, from Antigua.
Ship Severn, James Brown, from Liſbon.
Brigantine Sally, Joſeph Brown, from Carthagena.

OUTWARDS.

Schooner Elizabeth and Mary, George Carew for Canaries.
Sloop Adventure, Alexander Kennedy for New-York.

CLEARED.

Ship Samuel and Molly, Joſeph Arthur to Madeira.
Brig Rebecca, Daniel England to Jamaica.
Schooner Betty, Nathan Baker to Maryland.

Juſt publiſhed, and ſold by JAMES CHATTIN, at the Neweſt Printing-Office, in Market ſtreet, Philadelphia,

The SECOND EDITION of

A NARRATIVE of the SUFFERINGS and Surprizing DELIVERANCE of *WILLIAM* and *ELIZABETH FLEMING*, who were taken Captives by Captain *Jacobs*, in a late Excurſion by him and the *Indians* under his Command, on the Inhabitants of the *Great-Cove*, near *Conecocheig*, in *Pennſylvania*, as related by themſelves.

Pſalm iii. 4. *I cried unto the LORD, and he heard me.*

Philadelphia, February 12, 1756.

LOST or ſtolen from a child's neck on Monday laſt, near the Three Tuns, in Cheſtnut-ſtreet, A large gold locket, marked on the outſide S.B. in a cypher, and the maker's name D.D. on the inſide. Whoever brings the ſaid locket to the New-Printing-Office, or to James Black, at the ſign of the Three Tuns, in Cheſtnut-ſtreet, ſhall have Ten Shillings reward, and no queſtions aſked.

¶ JAMES BLACK.

THOMAS RICHE,

At the ſtore and wharff, in Water-ſtreet, where Thomas Clifford lately lived, has to ſell cheap the following goods, viz.

WEſt India, New-England, and this country rum, melaſſes, muſcovado and loaf ſugar, tea, coffee, pepper, indigo, beef, pork, mackrel, coarſe and fine ſalt, iron weights, ſhoes, black, red and crimſon paduaſoy, fine hollands, ozenbrigs, checks, Liſbon wine, and ſundry other goods. ¶

N. B. The ſaid Riche has all ſorts of ſhip-chandlery for the uſe of veſſels, and ſhall be obliged to thoſe gentlemen who will favour him with their cuſtom in that way.

To be SOLD, or LETT, by

ISRAEL PEMBERTON,

Of Philadelphia,

FOUR Plantations, in Kennet townſhip, Cheſter county, viz. One of them containing 180 acres, now in the tenure of Thady Dunn.

One other of them containing 119 acres, now in the tenure of James Laughlin.

One other of them containing 40 acres, now in the tenure of Jacob Heald. And,

The other containing 112 acres, now in the tenure of Elijah Barnes.

The purchaſers, on payment of one third of the conſideration money, may have time allowed for payment of the remainder.

RANDLE and ALEXANDER MITCHELL

Have the following goods remaining on hand, at their ſtore in Water-ſtreet, near the Tun tavern, which they will ſell exceeding cheap, for ready money only.

OZenbrigs, checks, calimancoes, tammies, worſted damaſks, durants, ſhaloons, ſuperfine boil'd camblets, cambricks, lawns, muſlins, calicoes, demity, black china taffeties and perſians, ſilk handkerchiefs, bandanoes, ſilk caps, ſewing ſilk of all colours, ribbons, number threads, gauze lace and edgings, black lace, tapes and bobbins, Scots handkerchiefs, coat breaſt and ſleeve buttons, buckles, pins, knitting-needles, garters, quality binding, men and womens glaiz'd gloves, cuttoe knives, ſciſſars braſs ink-pots, fountain pens, braſs and iron candleſticks, table knives and forks, braſs penkives, compaſs-dials, fleams, ſpectacles, pewter and white metal ſpoons, marking irons, ſpurs, men and womens whips, looking-glaſſes, playing cards, good verdigreaſe, Weſt-India rum, &c.

N. B. All perſons indebted to them are deſired to pay, and thoſe who have any demands againſt them, are deſired to bring in their accounts.

Tbc. 6 W.

THis is to inform the publick, That there was found in the poſſeſſion of James M'Clary, Honor M'Clary, and Elizabeth Johnſon, three diſorderly perſons, convicted at the laſt Mayor's court for ſtealing ſundry goods from divers perſons in this city, viz. One piece of handkerchiefs, one ſingle handkerchief, a remnant of check linen, a remnant of croſs barr'd yard wide woollen. And ſince found in the lodging of William Jones, lately committed to the goal of this city, viz. Two ſmall remnants of white linen, four pair of womens worſted ſtockings, one piece of girth webb, and one pair of womens ſhoes, one long and one ſhort cloak, ſuppoſed to be ſtolen. The owner or owners of the above goods, by applying to the ſubſcriber, proving their property, and paying the charge of this advertiſement, may have them again.

JAMES COULTAS, ſheriff.

TO be ſold by publick vendue, on the 6th day of March next, on the premiſes, a certain plantation or tract of land, lying and being in Middletown, in the county of Bucks, in the province of Pennſylvania, near the Four-lane ends, containing 100 acres, or thereabouts, with a good dwelling-houſe, in which are five fire-places, a good well at the door, a good orchard, &c. being a very convenient place for a brick-kiln, or other publick buſineſs; it is alſo very near a place of publick worſhip; the title is indiſputable. The conditions of ſale to be known at the time and place aforeſaid, and made as eaſy as poſſible, by the owner,

¶ HENRY VANHORNE.

Philadelphia, February 12, 1756.

GENERAL POST-OFFICE,

PUBLICK NOTICE is hereby given, That the firſt of the Pacquet Boats provided and eſtabliſhed, at Falmouth, *in* England, *for carrying on a regular monthly Correſpondence between* Great-Britain *and His Majeſty's ſeveral Colonies on the Continent of* North-America, *arrived at* New-York, *on the third Inſtant, and will ſtay no longer than twenty Days, from that Time, unleſs his Majeſty's Service ſhould abſolutely require it.*

Letters and Pacquets for England, *or other Parts of* Europe, *will be taken in at the ſeveral* Poſt-Offices *on this Continent. Thoſe taken in at the Offices diſtant from* New-York, *will be forwarded thither by Poſt, and from thence to* London, *whence they will be ſent to the reſpective Places they are directed to.*

The full Poſtage from New-York *to* London *of all Letters and Pacquets, ſent by the Pacquet Boats, muſt be paid at the Time they are put into the* Poſt-Office, *according to the Rates ſettled by Act of Parliament,* viz. *For a ſingle Letter Four Penny Weight of Silver, and ſo in Proportion for double and treble Letters, and for Pacquets. And all ſuch as are put into the ſeveral* Poſt-Offices *on this Continent, diſtant from* New-York, *muſt over and above the Rates paid from* New-York *to* London, *pay the full Inland Poſtage to* New-York; *without which they cannot be forwarded.*

By Command of the Poſtmaſters-General,
WILLIAM FRANKLIN, Comptroller.

TO be ſold, by publick vendue, on Monday, the firſt of March next, A good new brick houſe, 28 feet front on the road, and 20 feet deep, one ſtory high, with a hip roof, at the croſs roads leading to Duck Creek, landing, in the county of Kent, on Delaware, within a quarter of a mile of the landing, exceedingly well ſituated for trade, being part of the eſtate of Joſeph Dun, deceaſed. The ſale to be on the premiſes, and to begin preciſely at three of the clock in the afternoon, on the aforeſaid day, by William *and* David M'Ilvaine, *Adminiſtrators.*

ALſo to be ſold, on Wedneſday, the 3d of March next, by publick vendue, by William Blair, *and* William M'Ilvaine, *of the city of Philadelphia, merchants, A certain lot of ground, with a tolerable good wooden tenement thereon, in the Northern Liberties of the ſaid city, fronting Frankford road, a little above the ſugar houſe, lately in the poſſeſſion of Mary Harbeſon, and is exceedingly well ſituated for a buxter's ſhop; the lot is 40 feet front on the road, and 100 feet deep, bounded to the ſouthward by land of James Eſtaugh. Any perſon who may incline to purchaſe it privately before the day of ſale, may know the terms by applying to William Blair, or William M'Ilvaine, who purpoſes to give time for the payment of the money, the purchaſer paying intereſt.*

N. B. If no purchaſer offers before the day of ſale, the ſale will begin preciſely at three of the clock in the afternoon, on the aforeſaid day.

To be SOLD,

A Likely Dutch ſervant girl, about 14 years of age, has 7 years to ſerve, and is fit for town or country buſineſs. Enquire at Capt. Bolitho's, in Cheſtnut-ſtreet, between Front and Second-ſtreets. ⊕

TO be ſold by way of publick vendue, on the fifth day of March next, A plantation or tract of land, being the eſtate of Joſeph Brown, deceaſed, ſituated in Plumſted townſhip, Bucks county, on the main road leading from Newtown to Durham ironworks, containing 225 acres, with a good ſtone houſe and kitchen, a good large barn, ſtable, and other outhouſes, 100 acres of upland cleared, 12 acres of meadow cleared, and a conſiderable quantity more to clear, all within good fence, two good bearing orchards on the ſame, very convenient for water in the fields for paſturing, and the woodland well timbered. The title indiſputable. The conditions of ſale will be made known at the time and place aforeſaid, where due attendance will be given, by ALEXANDER BROWN, and NATHAN PRESTON, executors.

To be SOLD, or LETT,

A PLANTATION or tract of land, belonging to the eſtate of Mr. Thomas Hopkinſon, deceaſed, ſituated in Moyamenſing. Enquire of MARY HOPKINSON. ¶ 5s. Tbctf.

New-Caſtle, January 31, 1756.

*R*UN away laſt night, from George Monro, of New-Caſtle, An Iriſh ſervant man, named Philip Harriſon, aged about 27 years, about 5 feet 3 inches high, well-ſet, of a freſh ſandy complexion: Had on when he went away, An old hat, cock'd up ſharp, a light colour'd homeſpun cloth coat, with mohair buttons, a dark colour'd ditto jacket, with metal buttons, coarſe ſhirt, leather breeches, brown yarn ſtockings, good ſhoes, with braſs buckles. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid fellow, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have Thirty Shillings reward (and any perſon that will prove his being inliſted in his majeſty's ſervice, ſhall have Ten Shillings) and reaſonable charges, paid by

Tbc. GEORGE MONRO.

Philadelphia, February 7, 1756.

FOUR PISTOLES Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Cecil county, Maryland, on the third inſtant, James Trot, and John Cavenaugh, both Iriſhmen, but ſpeak good Engliſh; and ſtole, when they went away, a white horſe, about 14 hands high, paces, trots, and hand gallops very well; a bay mare, 15 hands high, paces a good travel; a beaver hat, two jackets, one of a bright ſnuff colour, with white lining, lapelled breaſted, with white metal buttons; the other of a light colour, lined with the ſame, a grey colour'd coat, with red ſhaloon lining, and braſs buttons, an olive green jacket, with metal buttons, they have each a pair of new buckſkin breeches, two pair of ſtockings, three pair of new ſhoes, two flag ſilk handkerchiefs, one cotton ditto, large braſs buckles, two white ſhirts, each of about eight hundred linen, one check ditto, a pair of good buckſkin gloves, and ſeveral other things, not yet known. Trot is a young freſh colour'd fellow, of about 20 years of age, grey eyes, ſomewhat heavy browed, about five feet ſix inches high, very talkative, pretends to be a ſailor, and wears his own hair. Cavenaugh is about 23 or 24 years of age, of a low ſtature, about 5 feet 4 inches high, pale faced, down-look, black eyes, and ſhort black hair: Had on a worſted cap, and good felt hat. He is a ſilk weaver by trade, and was convicted from Dublin laſt ſummer. Whoever ſecures ſaid felons in any county jail, ſo as their maſter may have them again, and gives notice to Mr. Thomas Elliot, Inn-keeper in Charles Town, ſhall have the above reward, paid by me JAMES BREADING. ⊕

To be ſold by publick vendue, on Thurſday the 11th day of March next, at Mr. Joſeph Inſlee's, in Newtown, in the county of Bucks, the two following plantations, ſituate in the townſhip of Benſalem, in the ſaid county, viz.

1. THE plantation where Stephen Gordon now lives, about half a mile from Mr. Stephen Williams's mill, with a good houſe and orchard, containing 102 acres of land.

2. The plantation where Thomas Stone now lives, joining to William Duncan's land, containing about ninety acres, with a good dwelling-houſe, &c.

The purchaſer paying down one tenth part of the purchaſe-money when the deeds are ſigned, and executing a mortgage of the ſame lands, with bond, for ſecuring the payment of the remainder, and intereſt, by equal annual payments, ſhall have nine years to pay it in. More particular conditions of ſale to be publiſhed at the vendue aforeſaid, by LAWRENCE GROWDON.

Who has to ſell cheap, ſeveral likely negroes of different ages, by private ſale, any time before the ſaid vendue.

To be SOLD,

A GOOD well finiſhed brick houſe, in Spruce-ſtreet, now in the tenure of Chriſtopher Saunderſon, with a pump of good water at the door, and letts now for 24 l. per annum, ſubject to a ground-rent of 3 l. Pennſylvania currency, with a privilege of buying off the ground-rent, the houſe is 34 feet deep, and 20 feet front; ground is now lett next to the houſe for 4 l. 10 s. per year.

Likewiſe a good new ſoap-houſe, tallow-chandlers ſhop, aſhes-houſe, lime-houſe, with a quantity of lime, and a wood-houſe, with a pump that leads all the water into the tubs by a ſpout, with a good copper pan, and kirb, that will take off 7 or 800 weight of hard ſoap, a good tallow pan, and all other utenſils for carrying on the buſineſs; there is a leaſe of four years to come; the premiſes now ready to be entered on. The purchaſer paying 100 l. down, may have credit for the remainder, giving ſecurity. For title and terms of ſale, enquire of *Thomas Robinſon, Thomas Willing,* or *William Griffitts.* ¶

N. B. The houſe has 300 l. inſured on it for ſeven years.

THE creditors of Adam Jager, late of Roxborough townſhip, Philadelphia county, miller, are hereby deſired to meet at the houſe of John Biddle, in Market-ſtreet, Philadelphia, upon the firſt day of March next, at 3 o'clock P. M. with their accounts, &c. properly atteſted, in order to receive their juſt proportion of ſaid Jager's eſtate. Where and when we the auditors will give attendance. *Jacob Lewis, Jonathan Evans, John Bringhurſt.* ¶

LEft in the ſtable of Jacob Fiſter, in Race-ſtreet, about five weeks ago, by a ſtranger, A bay middle ſized horſe, with a ſnip, and had on a hunting ſaddle, a bridle, and a halter. The owner deſcribing his other marks, proving his property, and paying charges, may have him again, by applying to

¶ JACOB FISTER, Tavernkeeper.

TO be ſold by the ſubſcriber, in Cæcil county, Maryland, A thouſand acres of very good land, lying on Bohemia river, in one body, and bounded three ways by water, allowed to be as good a ſeat as any at the head of the Bay, with good improvements on it, very ſuitable for a ſtore, ſea trade, or a team to cart to Delaware; it is near a church, mill and market; there may be made a hundred acres of meadow on it; the land is high; good water, and a very healthy place; the title indiſputable, as will appear by applying to the ſubſcriber. SLUYTER BOUCHELL. ⊕ 5s. Tbc. 5W.

STray'd or ſtolen about two months ago, from the plantation next to Edward Hill's, at Dunks's Ferry, a mare and her colt, the mare about five years old, twelve hands high, between a mouſe and a dun colour, with a ſtar in her forehead, and a little gooſe rumped. The colt not a year old, light bay, with a ſtar in his forehead; they are both natural pacers, not branded. Whoever will bring them to the ſubſcriber, in Benſalem townſhip, Bucks county, ſhall have Ten Shillings reward, if within ten miles, or Fifteen Shillings, if further, paid by

♈ JAMES CALDWELL.

Juſt imported in the Myrtilla, Richard Budden, from London, and to be ſold by

SAMUEL HOWELL,

At his ſtore, at the ſign of the Beaver, in Cheſtnut-ſtreet, Philadelphia,

MENS and womens velvet, cambricks, 6 qr. coſſaes, border'd kenting handkerchiefs, long lawns, chints and calicoes, broadcloths, ozenbrigs, dowlas, Iriſh linens, buckram, a good aſſortment of ſilk handkerchiefs, cotton romals, Scots linen handkerchiefs, black china taffety, perſian ditto, halfthicks, kerſeys, ſpotted rugs, ſtriped duffils, beaver coating, red, green and drab colour'd naps, blue duffils, red and emboſſed flannel, a good aſſortment of pins and needles, ſhaloons, tammies, durants, a variety of cutlary, ſleeve buttons, knee buckles, awl blades, ſhoe tacks, ſilver watches, gunpowder, lead, ſhot, womens ſcarlet and cloth colour'd ſhort cloaks, mens and womens worſted hoſe, colour'd and white ſhammy gloves, mens buff ditto, gartering, bobbing, tapes, nonſopretty, Scots thread, edging, gauze lace, a neat aſſortment of necklace beads, ivory combs, muffatees, hard metal coat and veſt buttons, jet coat, veſt and ſleeve buttons, ſilk, cotton and worſted caps, cotton laces, ſun dials, ſattin, figured paduaſoy and taffety ribbons, dark ground cottons, black blue and green calimancoes, horſewhips, half yard black and bluſh perſians, &c. &c. &c. Tbctf.

Juſt imported in the laſt veſſels from London and Briſtol, and to be ſold by

BENJAMIN KENDALL,

In Cheſtnut-ſtreet, almoſt oppoſite the Three Tuns, the following goods, viz.

LInen and cotton checks, ſtripes, ozenbrigs, womens gowns in patterns, linen and ſilk handkerchiefs, cotton hollands, camblets, damaſks, calimancoes, cloth and other colour'd threads, alopeens, grandurels, indianas, mens, womens and childrens worſted ſtockings, muffaties, quality binding, ferrits, ribbons, watch ſtrings, watch chains and ſeals, a neat aſſortment of gartering, wig ribbons, raw ſilk, ſewing ditto, yellow canvas, buckram, coat and waiſtcoat metal buttons, carpenters and joiners tools, HL hinges, dovetail ditto, ſtock locks, rat traps, hand vizes, barbers ditto, a neat aſſortment of deſk and drawer furniture, braſs clock caſe hinges, H ditto, tea-table catches, coffin handles, ſcrews, fiſhſkins, ſhoemakers tools, table knives and forks, butcher ditto, piſtol cap ditto, cuttoes, penknives, Barlow's ditto, ink pots, fountain pens, cork ſcrews, key rings and ſwivels, fire ſhovels and tongs, bell-metal kettles, peſtles and mortars, braſs candleſticks, ſnuffers and ſtands, copper tea-kettles and coffee pots, braſs warming pans, flat irons, taylors irons, gun locks, gun-hammers, bag locks, White-chapel and common needles, Durnford's and other pins, ditto looſe, a neat aſſortment of mens and womens ſhoe buckles, boys ditto, knee ditto, ſnuff boxes, womens ſciſſars, round braſs and polliſhed iron bolts, cheſt and drawer locks, cupboard locks, polliſhed ſteel draw tobacco-boxes, a neat aſſortment of ſleeve buttons, nails, ſprigs, trunk nails, pewter diſhes, baſons, porringers, plates, hard-metal ſpoons, tea ſpoons, tea pots, tea tongs, braſs nobs for ſhovels and tongs, and for dog irons, writing paper, parchment, ſealing wax and wafers, pounce and pounce boxes, Engliſh quills, alphabets and other copy books, variety of maps and prints, 30 hour and 8 day clocks, ſilver watches, mens, womens and youths hats of different ſorts, waiſtcoats and breeches in patterns, variety of raſps and files, tenter hooks, horſe locks and fleams, plain and India waiters, dripping pans, iron wire, womens thimbles, and tooth drawers, with ſundry other goods, too tedious to mention.

To be ſold in the whole, or in parcels,

FIFTEEN Hundred acres of unlocated lands, in the province of Pennſylvania, derived under an original proprietary grant, whereby the purchaſer or purchaſers thereof will be enabled to obtain either a ſecure title to any overplus land in his, her or their poſſeſſion, or to any vacant land of the like Quantity in any part of the ſaid province not heretofore located or ſurveyed, &c. ſubject to a low quitrent. Enquire of JOHN REILY, conveyancer in Cheſtnut-ſtreet. Tbctf.

WILLIAM MOORE,

INTENDING to go to England next fall, deſires all perſons indebted to him to make ſpeedy payment. He has now by him a very large aſſortment of European and Eaſt-India goods, which he will ſell exceeding cheap for READY MONEY ONLY.

WHITE and LAWRENCE,

Upholſterers from London, at the Crown and Cuſhion, Front-ſtreet, have removed their ſhop from the corner of Cheſtnut-ſtreet, in Front-ſtreet, higher up in Front-ſtreet, almoſt oppoſite the London Coffee-houſe,

MAkes all ſorts of upholſtery work, ſuch as bedſteds, corniſhes, and furniture, feather beds, ſacking bottoms, matraſſes, all ſizes blankets, rugs, cabbin ſtools, all ſorts of paper hangings, &c. &c. &c. Likewiſe drums, colours, cartouch boxes, marquees for officers, belles of arms, Horſeman's tents, trench tents, and all other ſorts of upholſtery work, in the neweſt faſhion, as in London, and at the loweſt prices.

Juſt imported in the laſt veſſels from London and Liverpool, and to be ſold by

JOHN *and* JOSEPH SWIFT,

At their ſtore, up Samuel Griſley's alley, oppoſite the lower end of the Jerſey-Market,

BRoadcloths, bearſkins, nap'd coatings, Devonſhire and Yorkſhire kerſies, blue duffils, blue halfthicks, fine black plain everlaſting, cloth coloured and red ſhaloons, cloth, red, blue, green, crimſon and pink coloured tammies, check'd durants, black cloth, ſaxon blue, and pink coloured calimancoes, ſtriped ditto, a neat aſſortment of caſtor and felt hats, ſtriped cottons, cotton hollands, 3-qr. 7-8ths, yd. wd. and 6 qr. cotton and linen checks, fine large cotton counterpanes, ſtriped and figured demity, drab jeans, half ell white ditto, ſuperfine black cotton velvet, 7-quarter and 8-quarter bed bunts, cambricks and lawns, in pieces and patches, black and coloured India taffeties, black Engliſh ditto, black India perſians, blue, white and bluſh coloured ditto, a large aſſortment of calicoes, chints, printed cottons, and printed linens, garlix, tandems, tandem ſileſias, 3 qr. 7-8ths, and yd. wd. Iriſh linens, ozenbrigs, white and brown Ruſſia ſheeting, Ruſſia ſail duck, piſtol lawn, dowlas, bordered bandanoes, lungee and new faſhion'd ſilk romals, cotton ditto, coloured ginghams, white and brown buckrams, huggaback, clouting diaper, red, ſcarlet, ſtriped and white flannels, emboſſed ſerges, ſtriped cotton linſeys, childrens ſpotted hoſe, mens ſuperfine black ditto, mens new faſhion'd white ribbed ditto, mens dark grey fine worſted hoſe, knit patterns for breeches, mens fine white grain lamb gloves, inſide waſh ditto, womens beſt glaiz'd kid gloves and mits, womens and girls white and coloured glazed lamb gloves and mits, mens and womens dy'd ſhammy gloves, an aſſortment of ſadlery, ditto of double flint glaſs ware, white, light, cloth and crow coloured ſewing ſilks, nuns thread, number thread, colour'd ditto, white and black edging, tapes and bobbins, pins and needles, great variety of figur'd and other ribbons, ſilk firret, ſcarlet and letter'd gartering, ſundry ſorts of worſted quality binding, 6 qr. and yd. wd. muſlin, fine boiled camblets, flower'd and plain white ruſſel, blue and green hair ſhag, double and ſingle worſted damaſk, Duke and Scots handkercheifs, writing-paper, paper caſes and ſealing-wax, womens and girls ſhoes, clogs and goloſhes, childrens morocco randed pumps, Holman's ink-powder, ſilk caps, cutlary, nonſopretties, mourning crape, ſuperfine hyſon tea, black alamode, ſuperfine ſcarf twiſt, buttons and mohair, horn combs, fine poliſhed ſteel ſnuffers, Briſtol ſtone ſet in ſilver ſleeve buttons, white metal coat and veſt buttons, ſundry ſorts of ſleeve buttons, frying-pans, beſt London ſteel A C No. 3. F and FF gunpowder, Weſton's ſnuff, duroys, 20d. nails, hempen Ruſſia linen, womens ſcarlet, blue and cloth colour'd cloaks, blue druggets, blue long ells, ſhirt buttons, cotton and thread hoſe, &c. &c. Tbctf.

N. B. All perſons indebted to ſaid partnerſhip, are deſired to pay their reſpective ballances, Joſeph Swift intending for England in the ſpring.

Imported in the laſt veſſels from London and Briſtol, and to be ſold very cheap, for caſh or ſhort credit, by

RHEA and *WIKOFF*,

At their ſtore, the fifth door from Black-horſe-alley, in Front-ſtreet, between Market and Cheſtnut-ſtreets,

FIne boil'd double camblets, cloth colour'd, crimſon and green double worſted damaſks, black, blue, pink, ſcarlet and cloth colour'd calimancoes, black, blue, cloth colour'd and ſcarlet ſhaloons, blue and drab colour'd broad-cloths, cloth colour'd and green naps, red and blue half-thicks, kerſeys, red and blue pennyſtone and bays, ſtriped and red flannels, bearſkins, forreſt-cloths, green and mottled rugs, roſe blankets, a variety of ſtamped cottons, calicoes and chints, ſtriped and croſs-barr'd tobines, mourning crapes, 6-qr. and yard-wide muſlins, bandanoes, lungee romals, perſian and ſooſey handkerchiefs, black, blue and ſcarlet everlaſting, ſilk camblets and cambiettees, blue, green and crimſon chinaes and harratteens for beds, nutmegs, cinnamon, mace and cloves, buttons and hair, cloth colour'd and green ſhags, white and cloth colour'd ſattins, black luteſtring and alamode, 7-eights and yard-wide Iriſh linens, tandems and garlix, fine gulix holland, piſtol lawns, cambricks and lawns in pieces and patches, napkening and clouting diaper, ruſſia ſheeting linen, diaper and damaſk table-cloths, ozenbrigs, light and cloth colour'd baladine ſewing ſilks, black and colour'd taffeties, broad and narrow perſians, an aſſortment of check linens, bedbunts, bolſter tickings, Scotch handkerchiefs, gartering and qualities, a variety of new faſhion'd ribbons, flat and round ſilk laces, pins, writing paper, cotton counterpains, buckrams, an aſſortment of ſteel, metal and braſs buckles, ſnuff boxes, a large aſſortment of cutlary, metal buttons, braſs cocks, a variety of door and cloſet locks, hinges, drawing knives, hand ſaws, hammers, gimblets, raſps, files, chiſſels, broad axes, 7 by 9 and 8 by 10 window glaſs, ſhort pipes, faggots of ſteel, felt hats, black worſted ſtockings, an aſſortment of ſadlery, gun locks, variety of braſs handles and eſcutcheons, ſetts of hearted deſk locks, an aſſortment of till locks in ſuits, ſprigs, braſs patent candleſticks, ink-powder, ſealing wax, japanned waiters, red lead and letharge, Dutch painted tea-tables, and Madeira wine by the Pipe, &c. &c. &c. Tbctf.

Juſt imported in the Myrtilla, Captain Budden, from London, and to be ſold cheap, for ready money, or ſhort credit, by

THOMAS M'JANET *and* Company,

At their ſtore in Water-ſtreet, near the Tun-tavern,

A NEAT aſſortment of European goods, ſuitable for the ſeaſon; with Mr. Jeffery's new map of England, giving an exact account of the roads, diſtances between the cities, towns and villages; ſundry fine watches; and the works of the reverend Mr. JOHN FLAVELL. Tbc.

To be LETT,

A Plantation in Blockley townſhip, containing 300 acres of land, of which 170 acres clear, in good fence; 35 acres of good meadow, in good fence, with good buildings and improvements; a great quantity of apple and other fruit trees; a good ſpring-houſe, very convenient to keep a large dairy, to be entered on the tenth of March next. To be lett with ſaid place, Eight acres of tide meadow, well banked and fenced, within a mile and a half of the ſaid plantation. For further particulars, enquire of George Gray, at the Lower-Ferry, on Schuylkill, or James Coultas, Sheriff, in Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, January 29, 1756.

RUN away on the 19th of this inſt. from the ſubſcriber, living in Sadſbury townſhip, Cheſter county, An Iriſh ſervant man, named John Kelly (but it is ſuppoſed he will change his name) about 20 years of age, well-ſet, and full faced, about 5 feet 9 inches high, ſpeaks ſomewhat on the brogue: Had on when he went away, A good felt hat, brown coat, with mohair buttons, an aſh colour'd jacket, leather breeches, with braſs buttons, two ſhirts, one made of flax, the other tow, new red and blue ſtockings, new ſhoes, with braſs buckles. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo as his maſter may have him again, ſhall have Forty Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by

⊕ JOSEPH WILLIAMS.

Philadelphia, January 29, 1756.

RUN away on the 19th inſt. from the ſubſcriber, living in Eaſt-Caln townſhip, in the county of Cheſter, A Dutch ſervant man, named Martin Buſh, round faced, very freſh colour'd, and well-ſet, ſpeaks pretty good Engliſh, about 23 years of age, and about 5 feet 6 inches high, with dark brown hair: Had on when he went away, An old felt hat, grey colour'd home-made jacket with ſmall braſs buttons on it, old homeſpun ſhirt, pretty old buckſkin breeches, white yarn ſtockings, old ſhoes, with large braſs buckles in them. He is a great chewer of tobacco; he coſt me about 7 weeks ago 25 l. and he has upwards of 4 years of his firſt ſervitude to ſerve yet; his father lives in Donegall, and it is ſuppoſed he is gone that way. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant and brings him to the ſubſcriber, or ſecures him in any county jail, ſo as his Maſter may have him again, ſhall have Forty Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by me

JOHN GILLEYLEN.

To be SOLD,

A Likely woman ſervant, fit for town or country buſineſs; has 3 years and a half to ſerve. For further particulars enquire at the New-Printing-Office.

To be SOLD,

THE ſeveral tracts of land and premiſes, lying and being in the weſtern diviſion of the province of New Jerſey, viz. One plantation in Kingſwood, in the county of Hunterdon, at the ſouth branch of Rariton river, containing 800 and odd acres of good land, well watered and timbered, upwards of 200 cleared, near 70 acres of good meadow under clover and timothy, and other valuable graſs; there are about 20 acres more may be cleared and watered with eaſe; a thriving orchard and buildings; the dwelling-houſe is pleaſantly ſituated by the river, with a fine proſpect of a large meadow on each ſide; there are ſeveral other buildings on the premiſes at a very publick place, where two great roads divide, one leading to Trenton and the ſeveral ferries into Pennſylvania, the other to Rariton landing and New-York; there are rents iſſuing out of that place of about Thirty Pounds per annum, and capable of great improvements: The ſaid plantation and meadows may be conveniently divided into two very good farms. One other tract of land in the county of Suſſex, containing about thirteen hundred acres, ſituated and lying at Pohatkonk creek, with a great quantity of meadow ground; there are four tenements and plantations thereon, now in the tenure of Joſeph Hombecker and others. One other tract, about 300 acres of land, lying between the Oxford furnace and the river Delaware, about three miles from the ſaid river; and alſo the one undivided fourth part of the Oxford furnace, with all the lands, plantations and improvements thereunto belonging, containing upwards of 4000 acres, together with the ſeveral Negroes, horſes, oxen, cattle, teams, ſtock and utenſils whatſoever thereunto belonging; the furnace and ore are known to be very good, as alſo the two third parts of the change water forge, with about fourteen hundred acres of land, very well timbered; the forge ſtands on Muſkoneckonk creek, a large and conſtant ſtream, not ſubject to froſt or drouth (the works are allowed by the forge men, who have been much amongſt iron-works, to be the beſt they have ſeen) with a ſaw-mill, and ſeveral other Buildings to accommodate the workmen, together with horſes, carriages, ſtock and utenſils thereunto belonging; the forge is about 5 miles from the Furnace, and in the way to market, either to Philadelphia or New York, the diſtance and price of carriage of the iron is about the ſame. Any perſon or perſons that may incline to purchaſe the premiſes, or any part thereof, may, by applying to the ſubſcriber, at Kingſwood aforeſaid, be informed of the terms of ſale, and payments made eaſy, by

JONATHAN ROBSON. §

RAN away in July laſt, from the ſubſcriber, living in Talbot county, Maryland, A convict ſervant man, named William Dawſon, alias Deaſon, a labourer, a ſhort ſtubbed fellow, about 30 years of age, he is an Engliſhman, and has a ſort of a liſp in his ſpeech: Had on, An old brown colour'd coat, a blue ribbed everlaſting jacket, an old caſtor hat, and an old pair of leather breeches.

Alſo ran away on the 27th of October laſt, when on his journey from Kent Iſland to Oxford, A convict ſervant man, named Benjamin Henſly: He had on, A new felt hat, leather breeches, coarſe brown colour'd coat, half worn, a jacket of the ſame, new check ſhirt, a new lungee handkerchief about his neck, and a pair of new grey woolen ſtockings. He carried with him a pair of ſaddle bags, wherein was 3 ruffled ſhirts, a pair of new cloth breeches, two or three pair of fine cotton ſtockings, and two or three muſlin cravats, which 'ti ſuppoſed he may put on to make a better appearance. He is a Londoner, behaves ſomewhat politely to his betters, has a ſwing on one ſide in his gait, but not affected, his head is remarkably ſmall. It is ſuppoſed he has ſteered north, and may be found in ſome barber's ſhop in Philadelphia, having wrought 15 years in London at that trade. Whoever ſecures either of theſe ſervants in any goal in Maryland, or Pennſylvania and advertiſes the ſame in the Gazette of the province where taken, ſhall be paid Five Pounds reward for either, together with the expence of the advertiſement, by

HENRY CALLISTER.

☞ This Advertiſement was omitted laſt Week by Miſtake. ‡

To be LETT,

A GOOD commodious dwelling-houſe, and bake-houſe, in Gray's Alley, conveniently ſituated for carrying on the baking buſineſs. For terms, enquire of MARY WEYMAN, living on the premiſes.

MAde his eſcape from the conſtable of Cheſtnut-Level, in Lancaſter county, laſt Thurſday night, A certain David Calhun, an Iriſhman, about 21 years of age, 5 feet 9 inches high, is ſtoop ſhouldered, of a freſh complexion, has ſhort black hair, and wears a cotton cap: Had on an old felt hat, brown cloth jacket, with a green everlaſting one under it, leather breeches, old brown ſtockings, and old ſhoes. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid Calhun, ſo that he may be had again, ſhall have Two Piſtoles reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by JAMES CHESTNUT, Conſtable.

Philadelphia, January 29, 1756.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, in Chriſtine hundred, New-Caſtle county, on the 20th of this inſt. An Iriſh ſervant lad, named Samuel Dickſon, ſays he was born in England, about 18 years of age, about 5 feet 6 inches high, a thick clumſey fellow, full faced, black hair and eyebrows, pitted with the ſmall-pox, ſmall eyes, and very talkative when in drink, which he is apt to get; pretends to be a ſailor, but may incline to liſt as a ſoldier: Had on when he went away, A pale bluiſh homeſpun cloth jacket, with broad leather buttons, the fore parts lined with red worſted, and the back with ſtriped linſey, tow ſhirt, buckſkin breeches, much greaſed, two metal buttons and ſtrings at the knees, pale red coarſe yarn ſtockings, old ſhoes, half ſoled upon the old ſoles, with ſtrings, and a patch on one of them, old wool hat, with a patch of black buckſkin on the top. Took with him a young browniſh dog, of the bull breed, has ſome white on his neck and breaſt, and a large ſcar on his breaſt, near one of his fore legs. Whoever takes up the ſaid ſervant, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have Two Piſtoles reward, paid by ROBERT ROBINSON. ⊕

WHereas William Whitehead, of Chriſtine hundred, in the county of New-Caſtle, obtained one certain obligation of Eighty Pounds, lawful Money of Pennſylvania, bearing date the 28th day of Auguſt, 1755, from me the ſubſcriber, for the payment of Forty Pounds, like money, on or before the 28th day of Auguſt, in the year of our Lord 1756; now theſe are to forewarn any perſon or perſons to take aſſignment on, or otherwiſe take, the ſaid obligation, expecting thereby to receive the conditions thereof, for as the ſaid obligation was obtained by fraud, and for no valuable conſideration, therefore I hereby give notice that I will not pay the ſame.

Darby, January 20, 1756. JOHN RUTTER. ¶

To be LETT,

THE meſſuage or tenement, wherein James Stroud now dwells, ſituate in the town of Cheſter, in the county of Cheſter, which has for a number of years been uſed as a publick houſe of entertainment, together with three acres of good meadow ground, and nine acres of good paſture land, lying commodious thereto. Any perſon inclining to rent the ſame, may be further informed, by applying to JOHN SALKELD.

N. B. There is a good malt-houſe, &c. conveniently ſituated for carrying on the malting buſineſs, to be lett with or without the above premiſes. ¶

Firſt Month 20, 1756.

WHEREAS the goods and chattels of John M'Mullen, of Pikeland, in Cheſter county, are attached according to law; theſe are therefore to give notice to the creditors of the ſaid John M'Mullen to appear at the houſe of Samuel Lightfoot, in the ſaid townſhip, on the 20th of the Fourth Month next, then and there to diſcover and make proof of their demands, in order to forward the proceedings. SAMUEL LIGHTFOOT.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, by publick vendue, about 2 o'clock, on Monday, the 16th day of February next, at William Buchannan's, in Carliſle, Cumberland county, A good ſtone meſſuage or dwelling houſe, ſituated on the north ſide of Market ſtreet, in the town of Carliſle, with the lot of ground on which the ſaid houſe ſtands and appurtenances, containing in breadth on the ſaid ſtreet 60 feet, and in length 240 feet, late the eſtate and in poſſeſſion of John M'Caliſter; taken in execution at the ſuit of Richard Peters, Eſq; by me

January 26, 1756. JOHN POTTER, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, by publick vendue, on Tueſday, the 17th day of February next, at the houſe of James Silver, in Eaſt-Pennſborough townſhip, in the county of Cumberland, A large ſtone meſſuage or tenement, and 500 acres of land thereunto belonging, with a griſt-mill and ſaw mill thereon erected, and ſundry other improvements, late belonging to the ſaid James Silver, and taken in execution at the ſuit of Richard Peters, Eſq; by me

January 26, 1756. JOHN POTTER, Sheriff.

To be Lett for a Term of Years,

A Valuable plantation, in the townſhip of Haverford, Cheſter county, whereon is a large dwelling-houſe, kitchen, weaver's ſhop, a good ſpring, and houſe over it, barn, ſtables, and ſundry outhouſes, a large bearing orchard, about 20 acres of very good meadow ſprings in moſt of the corn fields, as well as to water the meadow, ſituated near mill and market, diſtant about ten miles from Philadelphia. Any perſon inclining to rent the ſame, may know the terms by applying to the ſubſcriber hereof, living on the premiſes.

§ HANNAH LEWIS.

STray'd or ſtolen on the 25th inſt. from John Paul, in Lower Dublin townſhip near Pennypack bridge, Philadelphia county, A light grey horſe, near 14 hands high, neither ear nor brand mark'd, a likely, well-ſet horſe, his near hind foot has the hair cut off, he is about 8 or 9 years old, can pace but little, ſhod before, and is a working horſe. Whoever brings or ſends me the ſaid horſe, ſhall have Twenty Shillings reward, and all reaſonable charges, paid by me

§ JOHN PAUL.

Philadelphia, January 29, 1756.

THREE PISTOLES Reward.

RUN away on the 16th inſt. from George Sanderſon, living in Lancaſter (but the owner living in Weſt-Nantmel townſhip, Cheſter county) An Iriſh ſervant man, named John Butler, but likely will change his name, he is a well-ſet fellow, about five feet 4 or 5 inches high, ſmooth fair face, ſpeaks good Engliſh, and is a very good ſcholar, and it is like he will forge a paſs; he has ſerved ſome time to the miller's trade, but he underſtands nothing of farming: Had on when he went away, A half worn felt hat, dark colour'd wig, Germantown cap, dark colour'd frize coat, plad jacket, and buckſkin breeches, two pair of ſtockings, one of white yarn, the other of brown thread. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo as his maſter, may have him again, ſhall have the above reward, paid by George Sanderſon, or James Moore. ¶

N. B. He has been at ſea; all maſters of veſſels, and others, are forbid to take him off at their peril.

To be ſold by

JOSEPH FOSTER,

In Byberry townſhip, Philadelphia county,

A Commodious plantation of 200 or 150 acres of land, in good repair, and every field watered, a dwelling houſe and ſtone ſhop, with a good well of laſting water, 15 acres of good meadow, and as much more may be made, and a fine orchard of all ſorts of fruit, and a good ſtone quarry, within 100 yards of the houſe. ¶

NOtice is hereby given, That JOHN BEALS, from London, makes and mends all ſorts of nets, as ſeans, ſet-nets, flews and tramels, caſting-nets, and fiſh-pots, and all other ſorts of nets for fiſhing, fine and coarſe nets for horſes, to prevent the flies from biting them, partridge nets and ſhooting bags; all made in the beſt manner, at the ſign of the nets, in Fourth ſtreet, between Market and Cheſtnut-ſtreets.

Captain *JAMES CHILD*,

INTENDING for England this fall, deſires all perſons indebted to him to make ſpeedy payment. He has on hand, A variety of Eaſt-India and European goods; alſo choice Barbadoes rum, melaſſes, ſugar, &c. to be ſold at the loweſt prices.

T. b. c. & f.

[*See the Half-ſheet for the other Advertiſements.*]

February 19, 1756.

NUMB. 1417.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtick.

Seven Hundred Dollars Reward.

NOTICE is hereby given, That the Sum of SEVEN HUNDRED PIECES OF EIGHT is raiſed by Subſcription among the Inhabitants of the City of *Philadelphia*, and now offered, with the Approbation of his Honour the GOVERNOR, as a Reward for any Perſon or Perſons who ſhall bring into this City the Heads of SHINGAS, and Captain JACOBS, Chiefs of the *Delaware Indian* Nation; or Three Hundred and Fifty Pieces of Eight for each, provided that due Proof is made of being the real Heads of ſaid *Shingas* or Captain *Jacobs*, they having received many Favours from this Government, and now treacherouſly deſerted our Intereſt, and become the principal Inſtruments in alienating the Affections of the *Indians* from his Majeſty and the People of this Province.

N. B. *It is expected that this Subſcription will ſoon be conſiderably increaſed.*

CONSTANTINOPLE, October 2.

THE Damage done by the Fire that broke out here the 27th of laſt Month, is more conſiderable than was at firſt mentioned; 25000 Houſes have been reduced to Aſhes, and upwards of 800 Men, Women and Children, periſhed in the Flames. It is ſuſpected that this Conflagration has been occaſioned by ſome Perſons that are jealous of the Influence and Credit of the three new Miniſters who poſſeſs the Sultan's Favour.

Liſbon, Oct. 8. An Engliſh Frigate has brought in here two French Ships, one of which was bound from this Port to Havre de Grace.

Marſeilles, Oct. 20. The Engliſh have begun to make Prizes of our Ships in the Mediterranean. Seven Men of War of that Nation are actually cruizing on the Coaſts of Provence and Languedoc, and have taken eleven Merchantmen, which they have ſent to Gibraltar and Portmahon. Some coaſting Barks have met with the like Fate.

Leghorn, Oct. 21. The Algerines having diſcovered ſome Inclination to renew the Peace with Tuſcany, Mr. Sani was ſent to know their Terms, which were, that this Regency ſhould ſupply them every Year with the ſame Quantity of Warlike Stores, Rigging and Preſents, which they receive from Denmark; but theſe Conditions appearing too hard, the Regency have taken Time to conſider of them. Other Advices from Algiers ſay, that the Succeſs of their Cruizers is ſo very bad, that ſome Members of the Divan have openly propoſed the concluding a Peace with Holland.

Modena, Oct. 23. Letters from Gratz in Stiria inform us, that they had Advice from Dalmatia, that an Army of 50,000 Turks had advanced to the Mountains inhabited by the Montenegrins, which join to the Ottoman Territories on one Side, and to thoſe of Venice on the other. The Montenegrins are a free People, abſolutely independent on any Power whatever, who being accuſtomed to live in the Mountains, have ſcarce any Laws but thoſe of Nature, and are extremely warlike. Their Averſion to Slavery makes them ſhun all Correſpondence with the Turks, and incline rather to the Venetians. What the real Deſign of the Turks march may be we have not learnt.

Some private Advices from Venice confirm thoſe from Gratz; and add, that this important Step of the Ottoman Court had made a very deep Impreſſion on the Senate; which, tho' the laſt Diſpatches from its Baily at Conſtantinople gave no Reaſon for taking Umbrage at the Deſigns of the Porte, is taking every Precaution that ſuch a Conjuncture requires; and hath ſent Expreſſes to Vienna, Warſaw, and Peterſburgh, with Advice of this Motion of the Turks, that the neceſſary Meaſures may be concerted for maintaining the Publick Tranquility in caſe the Infidels really intend to diſturb it. Though after all it is generally thought that the new Miniſtry of Conſtantinople have ſcarce had Time to form any regular Syſtem.

Paris, October 27. According to the Orders which the King has diſpatched to the Sea-ports, none but his Majeſty's Ships of War will be allowed to make Repriſals on the Engliſh.

Hamburg, October 30. The French Brief Enquiry into the Limits of Acadia, &c. is publiſhed here in French and German; in Copenhagen it hath come abroad in French and Daniſh, and at Stockholm in French and Swediſh.

Paris, October 31. The London News-writers have been too haſty in ſending out the Breſt and Toulon Squadrons. They ought only to have ſaid, that they would ſoon be in Readineſs to put to Sea, to protect our Merchantmen, ſince the Engliſh Men of War ſtill continue their Depredations in the Ocean and the Mediterranean.

Vienna, Nov. 3. Yeſterday at Half an Hour after Seven at Night, the Empreſs was ſafely delivered of a Princeſs, which was baptiſed this Day at One by the Name of Mary Antonietta-Anne Joſephia Jane. The Archduke Joſeph, and the Archdutcheſs Mary-Anne, were Sponſors as Proxies for the King and Queen of Portugal.

Francfort, Nov. 3. It is again rumoured that Great-Britain hath taken into its Pay 3000 of the Troops of Wartzbourg, which, as well as thoſe of Heſſe-Caſſel, are ordered to hold themſelves in Readineſs to march.

Hanover, Nov. 4. *We are taking every neceſſary warlike Precaution to be prepared againſt all Events.*

Hague, Nov. 4. *Laſt Saturday between Eleven and Twelve o'Clock at Noon, when the Wind was at Eaſt, and the Air quite calm, an extraordinary Agitation of the Water was obſerved at Lubec, particularly in the Trave, where the Veſſels were put in Motion by it, but received no Damage.*

Leiden, Nov. 8. *The Agitation of the Water obſerved here on Saturday laſt, was obſerved at the ſame Time, and with the ſame Circumſtances, at Groninguen and ſeveral other Parts of the Province, and in Weſtwoldingerland, ten or twelve Leagues from this City.*

Naples, Nov. 6. *Mount Veſuvius has begun again to emit Smoak and Flames, which, however, have as yet continued but three Hours, without any conſiderable Damage. The new invented Cannon, the Work of a Saxon Engineer, which has been ſo much talked of, was a few Days ago tried before his Majeſty and the general Officers at Portico. It was found on Trial, to be attended with many Diſadvantages, when made to diſcharge eight Times in a Minute, as the Contriver projected: And in the Proof made of it, the laſt Charge did not take Fire at all. Among the Ruins of Herculaneum, ſeveral valuable Pieces of Antiquity have been found within theſe few Days; but his Majeſty having not ſeen them, the Gratification of the Curioſity of the Publick is as yet ſuſpended.*

Paris, Nov 7. The internal Tranquility of the Kingdom being highly neceſſary at this Juncture, his Majeſty has ſignified his Deſire that all Diſputes between the Clergy and Parliament may ſubſide.

Modena, Nov. 8. The Project which has been here long and ſo much talk'd of, of making the Po completely navigable, is the Work of one Mr. Nicholls, an Engliſh Engineer; and it is aſſured, his Serene Highneſs our Sovereign, having ſubmitted it to proper Examination, has approved it, and that it will be ſoon put into Execution.

Rochelle, Nov. 8. From Quebec we have received the diſagreeable News of an epidemical Sickneſs, which had carried off ſome Thouſands of the Inhabitants in Canada within a very ſhort Time. This Circumſtance appears the more extraordinary in this healthful Climate, that few of the Europeans have been affected by it; notwithſtanding, at its firſt Appearance, it was preſumed to have been owing to the Indiſpoſition, which was general, among the Troops laſt arrived from Europe at their Diſembarkation.

Paris, Nov. 9. Our Governors in the Colony of Louiſiana having ſent to Europe, ſome Time ſince, their Repreſentations relative to the Incroachments of the Engliſh toward the Miſſiſippi, and their Apprehenſions of the Conſequence for the future; at the ſame time complaining of ſeveral Acts paſſed in the Aſſemblies of the Engliſh Colonies, tending to the Encouragement of Settlers on that Side; the Government have, from Time to Time, in Conſequence of theſe Repreſentations, given Orders for the Conveyance of a proper Supply of Stores and Troops for Garriſons to the Miſſiſippi; ſo that the Advices from thoſe Parts aſſure us, the French Coloniſts are ſo far exempt from their former Apprehenſions, that, on the contrary, a Deſcent is actually meditated to diſpoſſeſs the Engliſh, who have already approached the Forks of the Miſſiſippi, and have ſettled at no great Diſtance among the Cherokees.

Madrid, Nov. 14. Since the Confirmation of the late extraordinary Piece of Preſumption of the Jeſuits of La Plata, the Diſgrace of Father Ravago, his Majeſty's late Confeſſor, is attributed to his entertaining an illicit Correſpondence with thoſe of his Order in America, and particularly with the preſent King. But as, if this were the Caſe, he would doubtleſs be called to a more particular Account, it is thought the Cauſe of his Diſgrace is no more than the general Diſtaſte his Majeſty has juſtly taken to the whole Order of the Jeſuits, whoſe Thirſt of Dominion this is not the firſt Proof of, though a very extraordinary one, we hearing, by Way of the Braſils, that the new King, having expelled his Jeſuits from any Share in the Government, is preparing to make himſelf Maſter of the whole River of Plata, forming a Deſign of ſecuring Buenos Ayres, and of making that City his Reſidence.

Milan, Nov. 4. *Orders are come from Vienna to repair the Fortifications of Mantua, and clear the Foſſes.*

LONDON,

Nov. 14. *The extraordinary Motion of the Water which was obſerved in the Docks at Portſmouth the firſt of this Month, was likewiſe obſerved at the ſame Day and Hour in moſt of the Docks and Canals in Holland.*

Nov. 17. *Saturday a Court of Aldermen was held at Guildhall, when an Order from the Secretary of War for the Militia of this City to hold themſelves in Readineſs to march, was read; on which a Court of Lieutenancy was immediately ſummoned to put the ſaid Order in Execution.*

Chatham, Nov. 17. *Yeſterday arrived at Rocheſter the Train of Artillery, conſiſting of ten Pieces of Cannon, and ten covered Waggons, guarded by a ſtrong Party of Soldiers; and this Morning two of the ſaid Cannon and two Waggons ſet out for Maidſtone to the Regiment quartered there, and ſix Cannon and ſix Waggons ſet out for Canterbury, to three Regiments quartered in that Neighbourhood; the remaining are left with the Regiments quartered here.*

London, Nov. 15. It is ſaid that the Inhabitants of the City of London, Weſtminſter, Briſtol, &c. are to provide above 10,000 Suits of Clothes of coarſe blue Cloth, or other dark colour'd Cloth, for cloathing the American Regiments and Militia, who are doing Duty on the cold Frontiers of America. And it is not doubted, but the Inhabitants of other Cities will follow their Example.

The following is taken from an Edingburgh News-Paper. "We can aſſure the Publick, that the Report of the French Court's having at laſt given Leave to make Repriſals on our Trade, and that two Privateers were ſailed from Boulogne into the North Seas for that Purpoſe, is abſolutely without Foundation. The Report came from Holland, and was occaſioned by a Letter from his Majeſty's Conſul at Oſtend, to the Deputy Conſervator of the Scots Privileges at Campvere, and acquainting him with the above Particulars, and deſiring him to inform the Merchants thereof; but which Letter the Conſul contradicted the next Poſt by the following. "I wrote you laſt Poſt, to inform you of the French Court's having granted Repriſals on our Trade, and that two Privateers from Boulogne were come into the North Seas. I have now the Pleaſure to tell you with Certainty, that the French King confines the Repriſals to his Ships of War, as we have done, and has not given, nor will give private Commiſſions until we ſet him the Example. As none of his Ships or Frigates will riſque themſelves in theſe Seas at this Seaſon, I believe we have nothing to fear for the Trade to the Northward of Dunkirk." As the above Report may have bad Effects on the Trade to Holland, and even over all the North Seas, the above Letter is publiſhed, to inform all Shipmaſters, and others, that at preſent there is no Manner of Danger.

Nov. 20. They write from Rome, that his Holineſs has ſignified to ſeveral learned Men, that it would give great Satiſfaction, if, inſtead of applying their Faculties entirely to Antiquities, Speculative Philoſophy, and the Hiſtory of remote Times and Nations, they would bend their Thoughts, to Subjects of publick

Utility,

Utility, ſuch as increaſing the Number of the People in the Eccleſiaſtical State, pointing out practical Improvements in Huſbandry, deviſing new Methods of draining Lands, and of reviving old Manufactures, and encouraging the ſetting up of thoſe which have never yet been introduced in the Papal Dominions; aſſuring them not only of his Favour and Protection, but of a Fund ſufficient for making the neceſſary Experiments, and for granting liberal Rewards to thoſe who ſhall carry their Inſtructions into Execution.

Yeſterday his Majeſty's Ship Jerſey, of 60 Guns, was put into Commiſſion, and the Command given to Sir William Burnaby.

By the laſt Letters from France we learn, that the laſt India Ship which arrived at Port l'Orient from Chandernagor, brought Advice, that the new Emperor of Mogul, who was placed on the Throne by a Revolution, of which we gave an Account about a Year ago, not having kept his Promiſe to pay the Marattes Twenty-four Millions of Pagodo's (about Two Millions Sterling) has been aſſaſſinated by them, and a Child of ſeven Years of Age placed in his Stead. Four of the Marattes, have taken upon them to be his Miniſters and Regents, and grievouſly diſtreſs the People to raiſe the Twenty-four Millions, ſo that this Empire, which was formerly ſo rich and flouriſhing, is now torn and diſtracted by ſeveral different Factions. All the petty Kings or Nabobs who were Tributaries to it have ſhaken off its Yoke, and ſet up for Sovereign independent Princes.

Nov. 22. *Laſt Wedneſday Summonſes were delivered to the principal Inhabitants of the City of London, to prepare Arms, &c. for the immediate Service of the Militia.*

Nov. 24. A Command from Woolwich is ordered for America with all poſſible Expedition.

We hear that Admiral Byng's Squadron is ſoon to ſail again on a Cruize.

Decem. 4. It is ſaid that the Militia of the Counties of Eſſex and Suſſex are ordered to be raiſed.

The Firſt of November, being the Feſtival of All-Saints, is appointed in Portugal for the Celebration of the Auto de Fe, and as on theſe Days Inſults are frequently offered to Proteſtant Strangers, if met in the Streets, moſt of the Gentlemen of the Engliſh Factory go the Night before to their Country-houſes, and do not return till the 2d of November, when every Thing is quiet. To this unhappy Bigotry, which brings many of the Country Inhabitants to Liſbon to ſee the Shew, the great Loſs of the Portugueze, and, on the other Hand, the Preſervation of the Engliſh, is thought to be owing.

Letters from Seville, dated the 10th of November, adviſe, that they had another Shock of an Earthquake, two Days before, which had thrown down ſeveral Houſes.

At Leghorn, on the 8th of November, a Shock of an Earthquake was felt; but we cannot learn the Damage, if any.

They write from Stockholm, that the Aſtronomy Profeſſor in the King's Univerſity at Lund, in Scania, hath ſent to the Royal Academy of Sciences at Stockholm a Diſſertation on the Comet that was ſeen in 1682; wherein he ſhews that as it appeared Seventy-five Years before, that is in 1607, and Seventy-ſix Years before the laſt mentioned Year, namely in 1531, there is juſt Reaſon to expect its Return the enſuing Year 1756, or the following 1757. He exhorts thoſe who ſhall ſee it not to be frighted, for as its Courſe is regular, there is no Danger to be apprehended from it.

Extract of a Letter from the Hague, dated November, 22.

"The Loſs of three Battles in America, and the taking of 20 Men of War would not have filled certain Perſons at the Court of Verſailles with ſuch Conſternation as the News, brought by the laſt Poſt from London, of the Firſt Day's Proceedings of the Houſe of Commons. It is paſt a Doubt that the French Miniſtry and our Anti-Stadtholderians counted upon a victorious Oppoſition in that Houſe to warlike Meaſures. They had ſuch ſtrong Aſſurances of it at Verſailles, that we need look for no other Cauſe of the Coolneſs and Indifferency with which they have beheld their Ships carried into the Ports of England. If the Anti-miniſterial Party in the Houſe of Commons had been more numerous than the other Party, the French imagine the latter would have been diſabled from puſhing their Meaſures in the Manner they have begun them. Our Anti-ſtadtholderians flattered themſelves with the ſame Hopes; and having no Reſource but the Protection of France, they ardently wiſh for the Abaſement of Great-Britain, who, by maintaining the Dominion of the Seas, acquires alſo that of the Continent, according to the grand Maxim of our grand Penſionary De Witt, *Imperator Maris Dominus eſt Terræ.*"

Extract of a Letter from Poole, Nov. 26.

"On the firſt Inſtant, between Ten and Eleven in the Morning, the Sea at our Key was ſuddenly thrown into a violent Commotion, though juſt before it was remarkably calm, and there was neither Wind nor Tide to produce ſuch an Agitation. The Ships were toſſed, as if they would daſh to Pieces one againſt another, or break away from their Moorings. I did not ſee it myſelf, but am credibly informed, this ſudden Toſſing of the Ships was general. A ſhip at Ham, on the oppoſite Shore of our Channel, was obſerved to be ſo toſſed, that her Moorings, ſlack before, were at once violently ſtrained. This Commotion was ſoon over. At the Time a Lady, whoſe long Weakneſs confined her ſo late in Bed, but was wide awake, plainly perceived her Bed to move with her, and preſently thought it was an Earthquake. The Gentleman, her Huſband, felt alſo a like Motion below Stairs, as he was in his Compting Houſe. Another Gentlewoman, in a diſtant Part of the Town, ſtanding in her Chamber, felt a ſmall riſing Motion; ſhe compared it to the lifting up of a very gentle Wave; ſo ſenſible that ſhe was ſurprized, and looked round to ſee what was the Matter in the Room. How much are we indebted to the divine diſtinguiſhing Goodneſs, that the Shock here was ſo gentle, as not to be perceived by the Generality of our Inhabitants? What Obligations are we under to the Father of Mercies, that the great God did not reveal himſelf by terrible Things in Righteouſneſs?"

Whitehall, Dec. 2. By Letters this Day from Sir Benjamin Keene, there is an Account, that his Excellency had received a Letter from Mr. Caſtres, his Majeſty's Envoy Extraordinay to the King of Portugal, dated the 4th paſt, in which he mentions that the Engliſh Subjects, reſiding at Liſbon, being in a very diſtreſſed State, and their Houſes deſtroyed, moſt of them were embarking for England; and that he was ſending a full and particular Account of the late deplorable Event to London by Sea. And by private Letters it appears, that Mr. Conſul Hay, the Dutch Envoy, and their Families, and likewiſe the Dutch Conſul, were ſafe.

PHILADELPHIA, February 19.

To the Honourable ROBERT HUNTER MORRIS, Eſq; Lieutenant-Governor of the Province of *Pennſylvania*, &c.

The humble ADDRESS of the Repreſentatives of the Freemen of the ſaid Province, in General Aſſembly met.

May it pleaſe the GOVERNOR,

THE Houſe being informed by Petition from the Maſters, that a great Number of bought Servants are lately enliſted by the Recruiting Officers now in this Province, and clandeſtinely or by open Force conveyed away, to the very great Oppreſſion of the ſaid Maſters, and Injury to the Province; we beg Leave to lay this Grievance before the Governor.

We preſume that no one Colony on the Continent has afforded more free Recruits to the King's Forces than Pennſylvania; *Men have been raiſed here in great Numbers for* Shirley's *and* Pepperell's *Regiments, for* Halket's *and* Dunbar's, *for the* New-York *and* Carolina *Independent Companies, for* Nova-Scotia, *and even for the* Weſt-India *Iſlands. By this, and the Neceſſity we are under of keeping up a large Body of Men to defend our own extenſive Frontiers, we are drained of our hired Labourers; and as this Province has but few Slaves, we are now obliged to depend principally upon our Servants to aſſiſt us in tilling our Lands; if theſe are taken from us, we are at a Loſs to conceive how the Proviſions that may be expected out of this Province another Year, for the Support of the King's Armies, are to be raiſed.*

We conceive that this Province could not poſſibly have furniſhed the great Number of Men, and Quantity of Proviſions it has done for the King's Service, had it not been for our conſtant Practice of importing and purchaſing Servants to aſſiſt us in our Labour. Many of theſe, when they become free, ſettle among us, raiſe Families, add to the Number of our People, and cultivate more Land; and many others who do not ſo ſettle, are ready and fit to take Arms, when the Crown calls for Soldiers. But if the Poſſeſſion of a bought Servant, after Purchaſe made, is thus render'd precarious, and he may at any time be taken away from his Maſter at the Pleaſure of a Recruiting Officer, perhaps when moſt wanted, in the Midſt of Harveſt or of Seed-time, or in any other Hurry of Buſineſs, when another cannot be provided to ſupply his Place, the Purchaſe, and of courſe the Importation of Servants will be diſcouraged, and the People driven to the Neceſſity of providing themſelves with Negro Slaves, as the Property in them and their Service ſeems at preſent more ſecure. Thus the Growth of the Country by Increaſe of white Inhabitants will be prevented, the Province weakened rather than ſtrengthened (as every Slave may be reckoned a domeſtic Enemy) one great and conſtant Source of Recruits be in a great Meaſure cut off, and Pennſylvania *ſoon be unable to afford more Men for the King's Service, than the Slave Colonies now do.*

The Injury complained of extends, not only to thoſe whoſe Servants are actually enliſted, but even to thoſe whoſe Servants are not enliſted; ſince they muſt humour them in every thing, leſt they ſhould be provoked to enliſt, which they daily threaten in caſe they are diſobliged; and grow idle, neglectful, inſolent and mutinous, and occaſion many Diſorders in the Families they belong to. Beſides, while this Practice continues, many leave their Maſters on Pretence of going to enliſt, and not being purſued, as their Maſters are diſcouraged by the Difficulty of recovering them, they often go quite off without enliſting, ſo that the Maſter is injured, and no Service ariſes to the King.

That Burthens may be chearfully borne by the Subject for the Honour of the Prince or the Publick Welfare, we apprehend they ought to be equitably laid. But this enliſting of Servants is a moſt ſevere, unequal and oppreſſive Tax on Particulars, often falling on People in low Circumſtances, who have been put to great Difficulties in raiſing Money to buy a Servant or two to aſſiſt in working their Plantations; and loſing thoſe Servants they are unable to buy others: Or, if they have bought them on Credit, are unable to pay, ſued for the Money, and ruined.

We beg Leave farther to add, that we conceive the Inhabitants of this Province have a legal Property in the Time and Service of the Servants brought into America *and purchaſed here under Acts of Parliament, or becoming Servants by our own Laws. That they have as true and as juſt a Property in the Servant bought, as they had before in the Money with which he was purchaſed. That the taking the Servants from us either by open Force or private Practice, is a Violation of that Property and our Rights, a manifeſt and grievous Injuſtice and Oppreſſion. And that the Magiſtrates who have refuſed to aſſiſt the Maſters with the Civil Authority in recovering their Servants, have egregiouſly failed in Point of Duty.*

We therefore requeſt the Governor, that he would be pleaſed to acquaint General Shirley *with theſe Proceedings of the Officers under his Command. We know the Practice is contrary to his Judgment, having now before us his Diſapprobation of it, expreſſed in very ſtrong Terms, under his Hand, of which we ſend a Copy herewith to the Governor. We have therefore great Reaſon to hope, that at the Governor's Inſtance, he will do the People of this Province ſtrict Juſtice, by cauſing an immediate Reſtitution to be made of all the Servants taken from us under Colour of his Authority; and effectually diſcourage the Practice for the future.*

We farther requeſt, that the Governor would iſſue his Proclamation, ſtrictly charging all Magiſtrates and Officers Civil and Military, to be aiding and aſſiſting to the Inhabitants in ſecuring or recovering their Servants when any Attempts ſhall be made to take them away.

February 11, 1756.

Signed by Order of the Houſe,

ISAAC NORRIS, Speaker.

Extract from Major-General SHIRLEY's *Letter to Col.* THOMAS DUNBAR; *dated from the Camp at* Oſwego, Sept. 19, 1755.

"UPON the Advices I have received ſince my laſt to you, " from Gentlemen of the greateſt Zeal for his Majeſty's " Service, as well as the beſt Judges of it in *Pennſylvania* and the " other Weſtern Colonies, I am convinced, that the enliſting of " Apprentices and indented Servants there, will greatly diſſerve " his Intereſt, as well as be, in moſt Caſes, grievous to the Sub" ject; and would therefore recommend it to you in the ſtrongeſt " Manner, to avoid doing it: It is what I have obſerved moſt " ſtrictly in recruiting for my own Regiment, not only within my " own Government, but in all the other Colonies where my Of" ficers have been ſent upon that Service; and I deſire you will " order the Officers of your own and the late Sir *Peter Halket*'s " Regiments, as alſo thoſe of the Independent Companies, to do " the ſame in their recruiting."

A MESSAGE from the GOVERNOR *to the* ASSEMBLY.

GENTLEMEN,

I AGREE with you, that the enliſting indented Servants is a great Hardſhip, and an unequal Burden upon the Inhabitants of this Province, and heartily wiſh that ſome other effectual Method had been taken to compleat the Regiments employed upon this Continent, which is a Matter of great Importance at this critical Conjuncture.

When the Recruiting Officers firſt began to enliſt Servants in this City, the Council, while I was upon the Frontier, wrote a Letter to General *Shirley* upon the Head, ſetting forth the particular Injury it would be to this Province, and deſiring his Interpoſition, a Copy of which Letter I have ordered to be laid before you, and I ſhall immediately write to him on the ſame Subject, and ſend him a Copy of your Addreſs, in which the many Inconveniencies attending the taking away of Servants are ſtrongly ſet forth.

His Majeſty has ordered the Regiments now employed in America, to be augmented and recruited in theſe Colonies; and General *Shirley*, by a late Order, has countermanded the one he formerly gave to Colonel *Dunbar*, forbidding the enliſting of Servants and Apprentices; and the Officers think it their Duty to take all Voluntiers that offer, without conſidering whether they are Servants or not.

Whether the Crown has ſuch a Right to the perſonal Service of its Subjects as cannot be abridged or taken away by any private Contracts;---or whether a Servant regularly indented and imported into the Colonies, under an Act of Parliament, is not, by ſuch Indenture, deprived of the Power of becoming a Voluntier in his Majeſty's Service, are Points of Law that you are ſenſible have been controverted in this Province ever ſince the Beginning of the late *Spaniſh* War, and have never, to my Knowledge, received an authoritative Determination; and as the Rights of the Crown, as well as the Property of the Subject, will be greatly affected by a Determination of thoſe Points, I cannot take upon me to do it, by iſſuing the Proclamation you propoſe, which will be extrajudicial, and by no Means obligatory on the Perſons concerned.

You will permit me to obſerve, that though the Magiſtrates may be appointed by the Government, yet they receive their Authority from the Law, which muſt be the Rule and Meaſure of their Conduct; and a Proclamation in the preſent Caſe cannot create or veſt any new Powers in them. If they refuſe or neglect to do the Duties required by Law, there is a Court in the Province has Power to puniſh them for ſuch Neglect or Refuſal; and if any Subject is or thinks himſelf injured, the Law and Courts are open, to which he may apply, where his Right, and that of the Crown, will be properly conſidered and determined in the ordinary Courſe of the Law.

February 13, 1756. *ROBERT HUNTER MORRIS.*

By Captain Greenway from Barbados there is Advice, that a French Snow was lately ſet on Fire, and intirely burnt there, ſuppoſed to be occaſioned by the Careleſſneſs of a Boy: And that the Captains Gardner, Cotton, Sage, Condy, Bolitho, and M'Pherſon, were all arrived in that Iſland from this Port.

The Captains Moncrief and Vaughan are arrived at Charles-Town, in South-Carolina, from this Place; as is likewiſe Captain Murray, belonging here, but laſt from Barbados.

From Fort Shirley, in Cumberland County, we have Advice, That the Beginning of this Month there were two Delaware Indians there, who were ſuſpected to be in the French Intereſt, and that on their Departure from thence, they proved themſelves to be ſo in the following Manner, viz. That when they had got about Half a Mile from the Fort, they met a Man that belonged to it hunting a Horſe, whom they attempted to murder, by ſtabbing him in the Breaſt; but the Wound did not prove mortal, and they were prevented from killing him by an Indian, called *The White Mingo*, coming to his Aſſiſtance. This Indian alſo informed the People at the Fort what had happened; upon which a Party were ſent out to take them; but on their coming up with them, they ran behind Trees, fired on our People, and ſhot a Serjeant in the Leg; whereupon our Men returned the Fire, and ſhot them both, when they were immediately ſcalped, and their Scalps carried to the Fort. The Scalps are ſince brought to Town, as are likewiſe two others from Northampton County.

On Tueſday laſt an Expreſs arrived here from Reading, in Berks County, with an Account of further Miſchief done by the Indians in Albany Townſhip, the Subſtance of which is contained in the following Letters, viz.

A Tranſlation (from the German) of a Letter from Valentine Probſt to Jacob Levan, Eſq; and of another from Mr. Levan to James Read and Jonas Seely, Eſquires, dated February 15, 1756.

MR. LEVAN,

"*I cannot omit writing you about the doleful Circumſtances of our Townſhip of Albany. The Indians came Yeſterday Morning, about Eight a Clock, to Frederick Reichelsderfer's Houſe, as he was feeding his Horſes, and two of them ran up to him, and followed him into a Field about ten or twelve Perches; but he eſcaped, and ran towards the Houſe of Jacob Gerhart, with a Deſign to fetch ſome Arms. When he came near Gerhart's, he heard a lamentable Cry,* Lord Jeſus! Lord Jeſus! *which made him run back towards his own Houſe; but before he got quite Home, he ſaw his Houſe and Stables in Flames, and heard the Cattle in the latter bellowing terribly, and thereupon ran away again. Two of his Children were ſhot; one of them we found dead in his Field, the other was found alive, and brought to Hakinbook's Houſe, but died three Hours after. All his Grain and Cattle are burnt up. At Jacob Gerhart's they have killed one Man, two Women, and ſix Children. Two Children ſlipped under the Bedſtead, one of which was burnt, the other eſcaped, and ran a Mile to get to the People. We deſire Help, or we muſt leave our Houſes and Plantations.*

VALENTINE PROBST."

To JAMES READ and JONAS SEELY, Eſquires.

"*When I had got ready to go with my Neighbours from Maxatawny to ſee what Damage was done in Albany, three Men, that had ſeen the ſhocking Affair, came to me, and told me, that eleven were killed, eight of them burnt, and the other three found dead out of the Fire. An old Man was ſcalped, the two others, little Girls, were not ſcalped.*

JACOB LEVAN."

In a Letter from Lynn Townſhip, in Northampton County, dated the 15th Inſtant, there is Advice, that ſome Indians had been the Day before at the Houſe of John George Siſluf, and had killed his Brother, and two of his Sons, and that a Third was miſſing, ſuppoſed to be carried off. Siſluf's Brother, and one of his Sons were ſcalped; the other was killed with a Tomahawk, and left with it ſticking in his Head. There was a fourth Son of Siſluf's in Company with the others, who were all making Rails, but he made his Eſcape, and ſaid there were four Indians.

We hear further from the ſame County, that on the Eleventh Inſtant two Companies of Indians were ſeen near the Plantation of one Mr. Shoemaker.

We hear from Cumberland County, that the Houſe of the Widow Coxe, near M'Dowell's Mill, was burnt by the Indians on the Eleventh Inſtant; and that her two Sons, and one John Craig, were either deſtroyed with it, or carried off.

Laſt Week Colonel WASHINGTON ſet out from this City for New-York.

Since our laſt BENJAMIN FRANKLIN, WILLIAM MASTERS, and JOHN ROSS, Eſquires, have been choſen Colonel, Lieutenant-Colonel, and Major of the Philadelphia Regiment.

[*For more News ſee the laſt Column of the next Page.*]

ACADEMY LOTTERY.

⁂ Thoſe who have not yet renewed their Tickets in the Third Claſs of the Academy Lottery, are deſired to be ſpeedy in doing the ſame, or they will be ſold, and they will loſe their Chance in the laſt and moſt advantageous Claſs of the whole; and in which No-body will have a Right to Tickets, but thoſe that have had Tickets in this Claſs, to renew upon in the laſt. The Time for Drawing will be fixed in next Gazette, as ſome Tickets, ſent to the Country, cannot be heard of ſooner.

CUSTOM-HOUSE PHILADELPHIA, INWARD ENTRIES.

Ship Delahanty, George Rankin from St. Chriſtophers.
Sloop Speedwell, Thomas Williams from Maryland.
Ship Attwoods, William Greenway from Barbados.

OUTWARDS.

Brig Neptune, Leſter Falkner for Jamaica.
Ship Severn, Samuel Appowen for Do.
Snow Muggy, William Alliſon for Antigua.
Sloop Speedwell, Thomas Williams for Maryland.
Snow Unity, Mognus Bell for London.

CLEARED. *Sloop Adventure, Alexander Kennedy to N. York.*
Schooner Elizabeth and Mary, George Carew to Canaries.
Brig Neptune, Leſter Falkner to Jamaica.

Juſt publiſhed, and ſold by JAMES CHATTIN, at the Neweſt Printing-Office, in Market ſtreet, Philadelphia,

The SECOND EDITION of

A NARRATIVE of the SUFFERINGS and Surprizing DELIVERANCE of *WILLIAM* and *ELIZABETH FLEMING*, who were taken Captives by Captain *Jacobs*, in a late Excurſion by him and the *Indians* under his Command, on the Inhabitants of the *Great-Cove*, near *Conecocheig*, in *Pennſylvania*, as related by themſelves.

Pſalm iii. 4. *I cried unto the LORD, and he heard me.*

Northampton, Feb. 5, 1756.

THis day was committed to this jail, one James Sterd, a Negro man, on ſuſpicion of being a run-away; he ſays that he worked with one John Palmer, a Bricklayer, in Philadelphia, about a year ago, and ſome time before that he worked in Cheſter with Joſeph Parker; this is to deſire any one that has any claim to the ſaid Negro, to come or ſend for him in four weeks after the date of this advertiſement, otherwiſe he will be ſold for his priſon fees, by

JOHN WEAVER, goaler.

⁂ TICKETS in the Third Claſs of the ACADEMY LOTTERY to be ſold by *D. Hall*, at the *New-Printing-Office.*

GENERAL POST-OFFICE,

LONDON, November 6, 1755.

WHEREAS by an act of parliament, paſſed in the ninth year of the reign of her late Majeſty Queen Anne, intituled, *An act for eſtabliſhing a General Poſt Office for all her Majeſty's dominions, and for ſettling a weekly ſum out of the revenues thereof for the ſervice of the war, and other her Majeſty's occaſions*, It is (amongſt other Things) enacted to the purport and effect following: That there ſhall be one General Poſt-Office eſtabliſhed within the city of London, and one maſter of the ſaid General Poſt-Office ſhall, from time to time, be appointed by her Majeſty, her heirs and ſucceſſors, by letters patents under the great ſeal of Great-Britain, by the ſtile of HER MAJESTY's Poſtmaſter-General; which ſaid Maſter, and his Deputies, and their Servants and Agents, and no other, ſhould have the receiving, carrying and delivering of letters and packets to and from all places in Great-Britain and Ireland, North-America, the Weſt Indies, and other her Majeſty's Dominions (except as in the ſaid act is excepted) and that no perſon or perſons whatſoever, or body politick or corporate, in any part of the ſaid kingdoms, plantations and colonies in the Weſt-Indies and America, other than ſuch Poſtmaſter-General appointed as aforeſaid, and his Deputy or Deputies, or Aſſigns, ſhould preſume to receive, take up, order, diſpatch, convey, carry, re-carry or deliver any letter or letters, packet or packets of letters (other than as in the ſaid act is excepted) or make any collection of letters, or ſet up or employ any Foot-poſt, Horſe poſt, or Packet-boat, or other veſſel or boat, or other perſon or perſons, conveyance or conveyances whatſoever, for the receiving, taking up, ordering, diſpatching, conveying, carrying, re carrying, or delivering any letter or letters, packet or packets of letters by ſea or by land, or on any river within her Majeſty's dominions (other than as in the ſaid act is excepted) on pain of forfeiting Five Pounds of Britiſh money for every ſeveral offence, and alſo the ſum of a Hundred Pounds of like money for every week that any offender ſhall continue to act againſt the tenor of the ſaid ſtatute.

And whereas his Majeſty's Poſtmaſter-General has ſettled and eſtabliſhed Pacquet-Boats at Falmouth, to carry, re-carry and convey letters and packets to and from England, to and from the Iſlands of Jamaica, Barbados, Antigua, Monſerrat, Nevis, and St. Chriſtophers; and alſo to and from his Majeſty's ſeveral colonies on the continent of North-America, by way of New-York.

This publick notice is hereby given thereof, to warn all perſons whatſoever from preſuming to take upon them to act contrary to the intent and true meaning of the ſaid ſtatute, and from preſuming, under any colour or pretence whatſoever, to collect, receive, take up, order, diſpatch, convey, carry, re-carry, or deliver any letter or letters, packet or packets of letters (except as in and by the ſaid act is excepted) that for the future may be directed to, or come from, any of his Majeſty's iſlands in the Weſt-Indies, or colonies on the continent of North America above-mentioned (without a lawful authority firſt had and obtained from his Majeſty's Poſtmaſter-General for that purpoſe) as they would avoid ſuch proſecutions as may and muſt enſue for the recovery of ſuch penalties as are inflicted by the ſaid act for all and every offence or offences above ſpecified and recited.

By Command of the Poſtmaſter-General,
GEORGE SHELVOCKE, Secretary.

ALL perſons in his majeſty's colonies in North-America, may be furniſhed by Mr. Potts, comptroller of the General-Poſt-Office, London, with the under-mentioned News-papers, to be ſent regularly by every packet-boat, ſo as to contain the freſheſt advices to the very time that each of them ſail from Falmouth, at the following prices.

	Per Annum. £	s.	d.
The General Advertiſer, Daily Advertiſer, the London Courant, or any daily paper, at 5d. each,	6	10	0
The General Evening Poſt, St. James's Evening Poſt, Whitehall Evening Poſt, or any other, at 6d. each,	3	8	0
The Spectator, or any Weekly Journal, at 9d. each,	1	19	0
The Gentleman's or London Magazine, at 2s. 6d. each,	1	10	0
The London Gazette, at 9d. per ſheet, at two per week, and all additional ſheets to the ſaid Gazette, at 6d. each.	3	18	0
The French Hague Gazette, at 8d. each, being three papers per week, is - - -	5	4	0
Willock's Weſt India Intelligencer, at 2s. 6d, each,	1	10	0

To be delivered by the commanders of the ſeveral packet-boats, free of all other charges.

N. B. *It is deſired, that whoever may have occaſion to give orders for any of the above papers, will, for convenience ſake, be pleaſed to mention their correſpondents in London, whom they intend ſhould pay for the ſame.*

GENERAL POST-OFFICE,

Philadelphia, February 12. 1756.

PUBLICK NOTICE *is hereby given, That the firſt of the Pacquet Boats provided and eſtabliſhed, at* Falmouth, *in* England, *for carrying on a regular monthly Correſpondence between* Great-Britain *and His Majeſty's ſeveral Colonies on the Continent of* North-America, *arrived at* New-York, *on the third Inſtant, and will ſtay no longer than twenty Days, from that Time, unleſs his Majeſty's Service ſhould abſolutely require it.*

Letters and Pacquets for England, *or other Parts of* Europe, *will be taken in at the ſeveral* Poſt-Offices *on this Continent. Thoſe taken in at the Offices diſtant from* New-York, *will be forwarded thither by Poſt, and from thence to* London, *whence they will be ſent to the reſpective Places they are directed to.*

The full Poſtage from New-York *to* London *of all Letters and Pacquets, ſent by the Pacquet Boats, muſt be paid at the Time they are put into the* Poſt-Office, *according to the Rates ſettled by Act of Parliament, viz. For a ſingle Letter Four Penny Weight of Silver, and ſo in Proportion for double and treble Letters, and for Pacquets. And all ſuch as are put into the ſeveral* Poſt-Offices *on this Continent, diſtant from* New-York, *muſt over and above the Rates paid from* New-York *to* London, *pay the full Inland Poſtage to* New-York; *without which they cannot be forwarded.*

By Command of the Poſtmaſters General,
WILLIAM FRANKLIN, Comptroller.

Juſt publiſhed, and to be ſold only by William and Elizabeth Fleming (the real authors of the following pamphlet) at their lodgings at William Applebay's, near the ſtone bridge in Second-ſtreet, a little below Walnut-ſtreet, and by John Anderſon, at the ſign of the Ship, in Second-ſtreet, a little below Stretch's corner,

A NARRATIVE (with conſiderable additions and amendments, not in the firſt nor ſecond edition before publiſhed) of the SUFFERINGS and ſurprizing DELIVERANCE of WILLIAM and ELIZABETH FLEMING, who were taken captives by captain Jacobs, in a late excurſion by him and the Indians under his command, on the inhabitants of the Great Cove, near Conecocheig, in Pennſylvania.

Pſalm iii, 4. *I cried unto the Lord, and he heard me.*

N. B. It is hoped all well diſpoſed people, who are curious to read this little pamphlet, will purchaſe from the authors, or the abovenamed John Anderſon only, for the Benefit of the Authors, having loſt all they had in the world, and are now reduced to poverty. ⊖ WILLIAM and ELIZABETH FLEMING.

TAken up in this city a few days ago, a gold ring, with a ſeal, The owner deſcribing the particulars, and paying for this advertiſement, may have it again, by applying to John Elliott, in Cheſtnut-ſtreet, the corner of Fourth-ſtreet. ¶

Yeſterday was publiſhed, and ſold by JAMES CHATTIN, at the Neweſt Printing-Office, on the South ſide of the Jerſey market,

The THIRD EDITION of

THE Life, Adventures, and ſurprizing Deliverances of DUNCAN CAMERON, private Soldier in the Regiment of Foot late Sir Peter Halket's. To which is prefixed, A Letter from Duncan Cameron, dated Albany, January 1, 1756. *(Price Sixpence.)*

At the abovesaid Place may be had, a Variety of the neweſt Pamphlets, and the following Books (beſides thoſe lately advertiſed) Gordon's Geography, Patoun's Navigation, Hill's Arithmetick, Whiſton's Euclid's Elements, Practic Surveying, Hawney's Compleat Meaſurer, Builder's Vade mecum, Keil's Trigonometry, Dilworth's Arithmetick, Guardian, 2 vols. Hiſtory of the Devil, Ferr's Geography, Barclay's Apology, Tradeſman's Vade mecum, Cocker's Arithmetick, Britiſh Schoolmaſter, large Copper-plate Copy-books, Everard's Gauging, Mair's Book-keeping, Aſhby's Algebra, &c. ⊕

To be LETT,

A PLANTATION in Paſſyunk townſhip, adjoining to Joſeph Turner, Eſq; containing 50 acres of cleared land, 30 whereof is good meadow, a dwelling-houſe, good orchard, and four cows. Enquire of Jacob Bankſon, living near the premiſes. ⊕

The MEMBERS of the

St. ANDREW's SOCIETY,

ARE deſired to attend their quarterly meeting on Monday, the firſt day of March, preciſely at 6 o'clock in the evening, at the Lodge, in Lodge-alley, Second-ſtreet. By order of the preſident,
THOMAS M'JANETT, Secretary.

THOMAS M'JANETT,

Intending to go to England next fall,

DEſires all perſons indebted to him and Company, to make ſpeedy payment: And thoſe that have any demands againſt them, are deſired to bring in their accounts. What goods are on hand, will be ſold cheap for ready money, or ſhort credit.

RUN *away on the 6th inſt. from Joſeph Phipps, miller, living in Uwchland townſhip, Cheſter county, a Mulatto ſlave, named Guy, alias James, about 30 years of age, about five feet ſix inches high, a well ſet fellow, of a ſour countenance, with deep wrinkles in his forehead, ſhort hair, pretty complaiſant, and ſpeaks very good Engliſh: Had on when he went away, an old felt hat, brown colour'd cloth jacket and breeches, homeſpun ſhirt, white homeſpun yarn ſtockings, and half-worn ſhoes, tied with thongs. His former maſters lived in Maryland; he is an old runaway, and has been in New Caſtle, Cheſter and Philadelphia goals within this twelvemonth. 'Tis thought he may follow the recruits. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſlave, ſo as his maſter may have him again, ſhall have Forty Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by* ♂ JOSEPH PHIPPS.

STrayed or ſtolen, on the 3d inſt. from the ſubſcriber, living in Whitemarſh townſhip, Philadelphia county, a bay horſe, about 14 hands and a half high, 12 years old, ſhod before, without any brand, ſpavined in his near hind leg, which is much ſwelled, trots, and has a hitch in his trot, has a long thick head, and has been uſed to the draught. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid horſe and thief, ſhall have Thirty Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges, and for the horſe alone, Ten Shillings, and reaſonable charges, paid by ⊕ JACOB EDGE.

DEſerted on the 19th of January laſt, from the Honourable Col. Peregrine Hopſon's Regiment, and from Capt. George Cottnam, recruiting in the province of Pennſylvania, William Smith, 5 feet 6 inches high, red complexion, large eye-brows, a down-look, affects great ſimplicity, broad ſhoulders, well made, and ſtrong limbs: Had on a Wig, with two drops, tied behind with a black ribbon, ſmart cocked hat, blue great coat, with a claret colour'd body coat, with carved ſilver buttons, a blue waiſtcoat, double breaſted. He likewiſe ſtole from his ſaid maſter a buff coloured waiſtcoat, a flannel waiſtcoat, and ſeveral other things.

Whoever ſecures ſaid deſerter in any of his Majeſty's jails, ſhall receive Two Piſtoles upon notice given to Capt. Cottnam, at the Philadelphia Coffee-houſe.

STray'd away from John Harris's paſture, A black horſe, branded on the near ſhoulder (R, a natural pacer; alſo a red horſe, branded on the near ſhoulder with an Indian brand the ſhape of a turtle, both belonging to our friendly Indians. Whoever takes up the ſaid horſes, ſhall have Twenty Shillings reward for both, or Ten Shillings for either, and reaſonable charges, paid by John Harris, or me the ſubſcriber, CONRAD WEISER.

WHereas ſome time in the month of September, in the year 1753, Elizabeth Matrar, of Penn's neck Salem county, in New-Jerſey, obtained an obligation of me the ſubſcriber of the ſame place, for the ſum of Two Hundred Pounds, conditioned for the payment of One Hundred Pounds, and has ſince aſſigned the ſame over to one Caſpar Little, with whom ſhe afterwards intermarried; but long before the aſſignment and intermarriage, I have fully paid off the ſaid obligation, of which I give the publick this notice, that they may not be impoſed upon by a further aſſignment of the ſaid obligation, which I am informed they have already attempted, for I will not pay any money upon it. ⊕
Feb. 10, 1756. JOHN REDSTREAKE.

To be SOLD,

THree *fourth parts of a good griſt mill, ſituated on a very good ſtream of water in Darby, in the county of Cheſter, and province of Pennſylvania, having two pair of ſtones, three boulting mills, which with the hoiſtings go by water, a good frame dam, and all other conveniencies for carrying on the merchant buſineſs, ſituated very convenient for land or water carriage to the city of Philadelphia, being about 7 miles diſtant from the ſaid city; alſo a good dwelling-houſe and other buildings with about ſix acres of land, the moſt of which is very good water'd meadow, late belonging to Richard Lloyd, deceaſed. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe the ſaid premiſes, by applying to the ſubſcriber, living thereon, may be informed as to the title and terms of ſale. If it is deſired the purchaſer may have credit for a large part of the purchaſe, upon giving good ſecurity, and paying intereſt, to* Hannah Lloyd, *executrix.*

N. B. All perſons indebted to the eſtate of the ſaid Richard Lloyd, are deſired once more to come and pay the ſame, otherwiſe they may expect trouble. D

Philadelphia, Feb. 19, 1756.

WHereas Elizabeth, the wife of Joſeph Hulings, ſhipwright, hath eloped from her ſaid huſband, and has refuſed to live with him any longer; this ſerves to forbid all perſons from truſting her on his account, for he will pay no debts of her contracting from the date hereof.
JOSEPH HULINGS.

To be SOLD,

A LOT of ground, ſituate on the north ſide of Market-ſtreet, and on the weſt ſide of the houſe Thomas White now lives in, being 17 feet and a half front, and continues the ſame to the extent of 60 feet, then increaſes to 19 feet, and in depth 302 feet, late the eſtate of Thomas Holland, deceaſed. Enquire of JOHN BANKSON, and NATHANAEL HOLLAND, executors.

N. B. All perſons indebted to the aforeſaid eſtate, are deſired to pay; and thoſe who have any demands againſt the ſame, are deſired to bring in their accounts to ſaid executors, in order to have them adjuſted. Tbctf.

Charles-Town, South-Carolina, January 15.

We hear that one of his Majeſty's Ships from Jamaica, took a French Guineyman as ſhe was entering the Mouth of Leoganne Harbour, which ſo enraged the Governor, that he immediately ordered an Engliſh Schooner, which had been ſome Days trading there, to be ſeized, *tho' ſhe was laden with Flour*, &c.

BOSTON, February 9.

By a Veſſel arrived at Marblehead from Liſbon there is Advice, that according to the neareſt Computation that could be made, about 60,000 People had periſhed by the ſeveral Shocks of the Earthquake in the Beginning of November; and that on the 30th of that Month they had a very violent Shock, by which ſome of the remaining Buildings were thrown down, and about fifty Perſons killed.

Extract of a Letter from Liſbon, dated December 24.

---" His Britannick Majeſty, on hearing of the unhappy Cataſtrophe of this Place, reſolved with the Conſent of both Houſes of Parliament, to ſend his Portugueſe Majeſty the Succours as by the Liſt (inſerted beneath) which is vaſtly well taken by the Natives, and hope will make them henceforward more attentive to our Commerce:--We are daily alarmed with ſmall Shocks: And we are very ſorry to hear by a Ship from your Place, that you felt a ſevere One the 18th ultimo; which was the ſame that deſtroyed Tetuan, Fez, and Mequenez. [The former of which Places conſiſted of 30.000 Souls; the Number of the two latter uncertain.] God grant that we may ſoon be delivered from ſuch Viſitations.---Affairs between Great-Britain and France, continue ſtill in Suſpence."--Preſent from England to Portugal.

£30,000 in Portugal Gold.--£20,000 in Spaniſh Dollars.---6000 Barrels of Beef.---4000 Barrels of Butter.--1200 Barrels of Rice.---1000 Bags of Biſcuit.-- 10,000 Quarters of Flour.---10,000 ditto of Wheat.---Beſides Hoes, Pick-axes, and all other Tools: Shoes, Stockings, Hats, &c. [*A noble and princely Preſent, and well-placed Charity this!*]

The Addreſs of the Council and Houſe of Repreſentatives of the Province of the Maſſachuſetts-Bay, to Governor Shirley.

WE His Majeſty's loyal and dutiful Subjects, the Council and Houſe of Repreſentatives of the Province of the Maſſachuſetts-Bay, beg Leave to expreſs the grateful Senſe we retain of that Fidelity and Zeal, which accompany the Meaſures engaged in by your Excellency for preſerving his Majeſty's Territories upon this Continent from the Invaſions and Attempts of the French. Theſe Territories, by the unfortunate Defeat of the Forces under Major-General Braddock, in the Summer paſt, were more than ever expoſed to the Encroachments and Ravages of the Enemy: And we attribute the Preſervation of the Fort at Oſwego, and the Continuance of his Majeſty's Poſſeſſion of Lake Ontario, and the Country adjacent, next under God, to the Care and Vigilance of your Excellency.

Your Excellency's Return to your Government, after expoſing your Perſon to ſo great Labour, Fatigue and Hazard in a new unhealthy Country ſo many Months together, gives great Pleaſure to the Inhabitants of this Province, whoſe future Proſpects greatly depend on the Continuance of your Excellency's Life and Adminiſtration. We render our ſincere Thanks to Almighty God for this Inſtance of his Favour to us.

It is our ardent Deſire and Prayer, that the great Work, in which his Majeſty has been graciouſly pleaſed to employ your Excellency for the Security of his Territories, may be perfected by you to the general Satiſfaction and Joy of all his Majeſty's Subjects.

His Excellency's ANSWER.

I *Thank you for your affectionate Addreſs. You may depend upon my exerting my beſt Endeavours to preſerve his Majeſty's Territories upon this Continent againſt the Invaſions and Attempts of the French, in Diſcharge of the great Truſt I have been lately honoured with, and to promote the future Welfare of this Province, in every Part of my Adminiſtration of his Majeſty's Government within it.*

Juſt imported from London, and in the Hope, the laſt ſhip from Briſtol, and to be ſold by

JOHN RELFE,

At his ſtore in Front-ſtreet, near Cheſtnut-ſtreet, and oppoſite Mr. John Armitt's, for ready money, or ſhort credit,

GREAT variety of ozenbrigs, princes linen, dowlas, garlix, ſileſias, tandems, lawns, cambricks, diaper table-cloths, clouting diaper, linen and cotton checks, brown and white ſheeting, Flanders bed-ticks, Iriſh linens, yd. and 6 qr. wide muſlins, printed calicoes of all prices, fine chints, blue and white printed handkerchiefs, bandanoes, ſecterſoy and ſilk lungee romals, perſian and China taffeties, paduaſoys, broadcloths of all prices, ſcarlet and ſuperfine blue, blue Devonſhire kerſey for great coats, kerſeys, white nap for waiſtcoats, ſhaloons, tammies, durants, calimancoes, camblet and camblettees, Venetian poplins, ſhort cloaks, ſtuff and calimancoe quilted coats, ſhort ſuperfine cloth cloaks, kerſeys, halfthicks, duffils, frizes, rugs, 7 qr. 8 qr. and 9 qr. blankets, white and ſtriped flannels, red and emboſſed flannels, men and womens thread hoſe, worſted and yarn hoſe, worſted cotton and ſilk caps, knit worſted breeches pieces, boys and mens felt hats, caſtor and beaver hats, laces, white and colour'd tapes, bindings, ſtay quality, ſhoe and London quality, gartering, white and colour'd threads, pins and needles, buttons and twiſt, buckrams and ozenbrigs, thread, pot and fine fools cap writing paper, wax and wafers, Holman's ink powder, bezil caſes, playing cards, bound books, pewter plates and diſhes, baſons, porringers, ſpoons, tea-pots, quart and pint mugs, nails, broad axes, houſe adzes, augers, hammers, gimblets, chiſſels, gouges, plain irons, ſteel compaſſes, files, box hinges, ſide, garnet and HL hinges, ſtock locks, box, cheſt and pad-locks, braſs drawer handles, with eſcutcheons, frying-pans, thumb latches, braſs egg nobb'd latches, carpenters hammers and rules, beſt London AC ſteel, ſplit bone table knives and forks, penknives of all ſorts, cuttoes, ſciſſars, horn and ivory combs, white and red metal, ſteel and braſs ſhoe buckles, coat and waiſtcoat buttons, ſtone and yellow metal ſleeve buttons, thimbles, Dutch ſpectacles, tobacco and ſnuff-boxes, &c. &c.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, by publick vendue, on the 6th day of March next, about 12 o'clock, at the houſe of Eliſha Parker, near the premiſes, A meſſuage, tenement and tract of land, lying and being in Richland townſhip, in Bucks county, beginning at a white oak, and from thence extending partly by Morris Morris's land, and partly by Richland manor, north 213 perches to a mark'd white oak, thence by Edward Rober's land, weſt 117 perches to a mark'd white oak, thence by John Edwards's land, ſouth 170 perches to a mark'd white oak, thence by the ſame and Thomas Roberts's land, ſouth 70 degrees eaſt 125 perches to the place of beginning, containing 132 acres, and an allowance of ſix acres per hundred, late the eſtate of George Philips, and taken in execution at the ſuit of Sarah Woodrope, by BENJAMIN CHAPMAN, Sheriff. ¶

STolen out of the ſtable belonging to the ſubſcriber, living in Chriſtine hundred, New Caſtle county, A ſorrel horſe, with a bald face, about 14 hands high, branded under the mane B, about ten years old, and is a natural pacer. Alſo ſtolen a new ruſſel ſaddle, with houſings, lined with leather, and a black leather blind bridle, ſtitched with white leather. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid thief, horſe, ſaddle and bridle, ſhall have Three Pounds reward, and reaſonable charges; and if the horſe, ſaddle and bridle, without the thief, Forty Shillings, with reaſonable charges, paid by
‡ THOMAS OGLE, jun.

VERY good LAMPBLACK ſold at the *New-Printing-Office.*

Lately imported from London, and to be ſold cheap by

JOHN BAYLY,

At the Tea pot, the lower end of Front-ſtreet, near the Drawbridge,

NEAT *ſilver watches with enamelled and ſilver faces, ſtone girdle buckles, chryſtal ſtone ſleeve buttons, waiſtcoat ditto, ſilver thimbles with ſteel tops, round and ſquare ſhoe and knee-buckles, chapes and tongues, coral beads, money ſcales and weights in pear-tree boxes and ſhagreen caſes, ſetts of pennyweights and grains without ſcales, watch ſtrings and beſt braſs keys, cornelian ſtone ſeals ſet in ſilver, glaſs ditto, Pinchbeck ditto gilt, ſilver pendants, magnifying glaſſes, fine pierced Pinchbeck ſhoe and knee buckles in ſetts, ſundry ſorts of rough, baſtard and ſmooth files, ſpring dividers, carpenters compaſſes, clock and watch plyars, cutting nippers, hand ſhears, fine round drawing plates, fine and coarſe binding wire, hand vizes ſpur rowels, braſs blow-pipes, borax, ſandiver, ſalt-petre, allom, rotten ſtone, pumice ſtone and ſand paper, beſt blue melting pots, and crucibles, a pair of beſt fine ſteel aſſay ballance fixed with ſilver pans and ſkifts, and ſkifts in a neat mahogeny ſquare glaſs lanthorn, with ſetts of gold and ſilver aſſay weights in a draw box compleat. Alſo all ſorts of gold and ſilver work made and ſold as uſual, and ready money given for old gold and ſilver.* *Tbctf.*

BORDENTOWN STAGE continued.

JOSEPH BORDEN's Stage-boat, Joſeph Cannida maſter, attends the Crooked Billet wharff every Monday and Tueſday; and his ſhallop, Daniel Harriſon, maſter, at the ſame place, every Friday and Saturday; ſtage waggons attend the ſaid boats; the ſtage-boat at Amboy commanded by Aaron Edwards.

As to the owners of the Burlington ſtage boaſting of their advantages being ſuperior to mine, I ſhall not take the trouble to make reply to, becauſe the publick, by this time, are the beſt judges of our ſtages, and their advantages, only ſhall juſt note the laſt clauſe of their advertiſement (that is) they ſay we are one tide longer upon the water than they are, which in fact is ſaying we are always two tides upon our paſſage, well done brother adventurers, that is a large one. All gentlemen and ladies that pleaſe to favour me with their buſineſs, may depend upon the utmoſt care and diſpatch of their humble ſervant,

JOSEPH BORDEN, junior.

ALL perſons indebted, by bond or otherwiſe, to the eſtate of Capt. Lawrence Anderſon, of the city of Philadelphia, deceaſed, are deſired to make ſpeedy payment; and thoſe who have any demands againſt the ſaid eſtate, are requeſted to bring in their accounts, that they may be ſettled, by WILLIAM STURGEON, *and his* WIFE, *executrix.*

Juſt imported in the laſt ſhips from London, and to be ſold by

SAMUEL MORRIS, junior,

At his ſtore in Water-ſtreet, near Cheſtnut-ſtreet, and oppoſite John Groves, for ready money or ſhort credit,

OZenbrigs, 3-qr. 7-eights, yard-wide, and yard 3-eights cotton and linen checks, cotton hollands, Flanders bed-ticks, Iriſh ſheeting, 3 qr. and 7-eights garlix, dowlas, brown and white buckrams, pillows, thickſets, hungarian checks, corded demities, cambricks and lawns in pieces and patches, tandem ſileſias, diaper table-cloths, clouting diaper, cotton counterpains, yard and 6 qr. wide muſlins, a variety of calicoes, ruſſia linen, 7-eights and yard-wide Iriſh linen, ſilk and cotton romals, roſet ſilk handkerchiefs, plain and bordered bandanoe ditto, Scotch ditto, perſian and china taffeties, white and bluſh perſian, white ſarſenet, ſhaloons, calimancoes, ſuperfine durants, common tammies, florettas, ſtarrets, ſaggathies, duroys, corded poplins, hairbines, mens, womens and childrens worſted and thread hoſe, ſlacks in ſhades, ſamplering canvas, buttons and twiſt, white and colour'd glaz'd gloves and mittens, plain and figur'd ribbons, ſewing ſilk, Scots thread, ſingle ſilk caps, ſilk, ferrit and cotton laces, 4d and 6d ferrits, broad and narrow filletting, ſcarlet and letter'd gartering, ivory and horn combs, white and colour'd thread, pins, writing paper, ſealing wax, Holman's ink-powder, nutmegs, cinnamon, cloves and mace, variety of cutlary, &c. &c. Tbctf.

JOHN REILY, SCRIVENER, hereby gives Notice, That any Gentlemen deſirous to buy or ſell Eſtates, Houſes, Lands, Yearly-rent Charges, Annuities, &c. or to borrow or lend Money on good Security, may be aſſiſted therein by applying to him at his Office, in Cheſnut-ſtreet, between Front and Second-ſtreet, where their Buſineſs (as uſual) will be tranſacted with the greateſt Care, Diſpatch and Secrecy. Thoſe who pleaſe to favour him in placing out their Money at Intereſt, may be aſſured that he will procure them undoubted Security, by Mortgage or otherwiſe.

Said Reily, upon Application, will, with Accuracy, peruſe and examine Titles to Lands, &c. and inform the Poſſeſſors or Owners of the Deeds relating to ſuch Lands, of any Defect in their Titles, alſo what will be needful to ſupply or remedy ſuch Defects.

JOHN REILY.

At ſaid Office is tranſacted, as above, the Notarial Buſineſs, in all its Branches, by Mr. JAMES HUMPHREYS, Notary Publick.

N. B. Said REILY has a large Quantity of French Indico, and Half Cheſts of neat and genuine Florence Oil, in Betty's, to diſpoſe of, very cheap for ready Money.

Juſt imported in the laſt ſhips from London, Liverpool, and Glaſgow, and to be ſold by

WILLIAM M'ILVAINE, *and Company,*

At their ſtore in Front-ſtreet, in the houſe where Mr. Edward Hicks lately lived, almoſt oppoſite to Mr. Samuel Neave's, on very reaſonable terms, for ready money or ſhort credit, the following goods, viz.

COarſe and middling broad-cloths, bearſkins, ſtriped linſeys, emboſſed ſerges, 7 qr. and 8 qr. blankets, 7 qr. and 8 qr. motted rugs, buckrams, womens white and dy'd waſh leather gloves and mitts, mens white waſh gloves, mens and womens black gloves, black velvet, culgee ſilk handkerchiefs, ſilk romals, lungees, ſpotted bandanoes, ſilk fringe, edgings, black thread lace, gauze lace, mens ſingle ſilk caps, painted bone, cocoa and mourning fans, ſilk laces, black gauze handkerchiefs, black, cloth and light colour'd ſewing ſilks, China and Engliſh black taffeties, womens ſhort drab cloth cloaks, brown, colour'd and white threads, buttons and mohair, ivory combs, cambricks in pieces and patches, clear lawns, needles, a neat aſſortment of 4 qr. Iriſh linens, ſhot and bar lead, ribbons of various kinds, green, blue and ſcarlet tammies, cloth colour'd, blue, green, pink, and crimſon calimancoes, cloth colour'd, blue, green and crimſon colour'd worſted damaſks, cloth colour'd and blue broad camblets, ſuperfine blue and cloth colour'd bruſſels ditto, mens grey and black worſted ſtockings, womens worſted ſtockings, boys and mens felt hats, pins, variety of ſhaloons, ozenbrigs, 4 qr. 5 qr. and 6-qr. muſlins, a neat aſſortment of calicoes, chints and printed cottons, choice bohea tea by the cheſt or dozen, 3-qr. 4-qr. and 6-qr. checks, a variety of Scotch and Engliſh gartering, cotton laces, worſted quality, filletting tapes, holland and diaper tapes, ſleeve buttons, leather ſword belts, princes linen, black alamode, ſingle alopeen, bed bunts, 3-qr. and 7-eights bed-ticks, ſheeting linens, check linen handkerchiefs, table-cloths, 7 eights Scotch checks, variety of ſpotted, netted and check'd white handkerchiefs, with ſundry other articles.

N. B. They have likewiſe a few of the genuine Anderſon's pills ſuch as they uſed to have. Tbc. 6 mo.

To be LETT,

A Fulling mill, dye houſe and preſs, with all the utenſils, in good order for the carrying on the buſineſs of a fuller and dyer, with a good new dwelling houſe, 24 feet by 18, two ſtory high, a new ſhop 22 feet by 18, joining the houſe, and ſtands very convenient to the mill and dye houſe, the tanter bars being alſo placed very commodious to the houſe and mills, for the eaſe of the workmen; the ſaid fulling mill being under the ſame cover of the griſt mill at Trenton, and lies in a fine ſettled country, and will be lett for a term of years. Whoever inclines to rent the ſaid fulling mill, &c. by applying to Robert Lettis Hooper, the owner thereof, living near the premiſes, ſhall have good encouragement. Tbc.

Juſt imported in the ſhip Beulah, Capt. Ritchie. and the Myrtilla, Capt. Budden, from London, and to be ſold exceeding cheap, for ready money or ſhort credit, by

THOMAS PRESTON,

At his ſtore in Second-ſtreet, next door to Joſhua Maddox, Eſq; and nearly oppoſite the Friends Meeting houſe, viz.

GErman and Iriſh ozenbrigs, brown roles, brown and white heſſen, Pruſſia and princes linen, fringed table-cloths, 3-qr. diaper clouting ditto, Ruſſia linen, ditto huggaback, Iriſh ſheeting and linens of all ſorts and prices, check linens and cottons, tandems, long lawns, muſlins, cambricks and lawns in pieces and patches, bed ticks and bed-bunts, printed linens and calicoes, Scotch handkerchiefs, bordered bandanoes, culgee and ſpotted ſilk handkerchiefs, cotton romals, camblets, camblettees, everlaſtings, check durants, ditto kids, green and blue damaſk, flower'd ruſſels, blue, green, black and cloth colour'd calimancoes, durants, tammies, corded poplins, hairbines, ſhaloons, ſuperfine, middling and coarſe broad and forreſt-cloths, green, blue and ſcarlet nap kerſeys, blue and olive colour'd half thicks, green yarn rugs, motted rugs, blankets, white flannel, ſcarlet bays, ſcarlet and cloth colour'd ſhort cloaks, black velvet, black and green pluſh, dy'd pillows, brown buckram, ſaggathies, hair cloths, marking canvas, mohair and ſcarff twiſt, mohair and ſcarff buttons, mens and womens worſted hoſe, mens and womens cotton and thread hoſe, green muffatees, childrens ſpotted hoſe, worſted and cotton caps, Weſton's ſnuff, writing paper, cloth colour'd and white thread, fine Scotch and Nuns ditto, table and tea-ſpoons, ſundry pewter, as diſhes, plates, baſons, ſalts, &c. gartering and laces, Dutch pretties, Leghorn and felt hats, bellows, childrens ſhoes and pumps, playing cards, jett buttons, Holman's ink powder, worſted bindings, tapes and bobbins, mens and womens horſe whips, womens gloves and mitts, dandriff and horn combs, pins and needles, caſtors, looking glaſſes, neſts of red leather trunks, coffee mills, box yards, all ſorts of Spices, bohea tea, and tea kettles, luteſtring, pink, blue, green, purple and cloth colour'd mantua ſilks, ducape, brocade, white perſian, black and ſtriped ditto, cloth colour'd and black china taffety, ſewing ſilks, ſilk laces, ſtay galoon and cord, firretting, ribbons, gauze lace and ditto ribbon, black pariſnet, Flanders lace, wrought anvils, London ſteel, iron plate, flat irons, graſs ſcythes, tinmens tools, boxes of tin plates, &c. Verdigreaſe, flo. ſulphur, glauber and epſom ſalts, ſalt petre, copperas, camphire, aſſafoetida, antimony, jeſuits bark, and ſundry other drugs, and India and European goods.

Juſt imported in the ſhip Pennſylvania, Capt. Lyon, and the other laſt ſhips from London, and to be ſold by

WILLIAM RITCHIE,

Oppoſite Meſſieurs B. and S. Shoemakers ſtore, in Water-ſtreet, a little above Arch-ſtreet, the following goods, viz.

CAmbricks, 7-8ths and yd. wd. clear lawns, broad lawns, long lawns, gulix, Iriſh and bag hollands, yd. wd. ell wd. and 6 qr. muſlins, white calicoes, variety of printed calicoes, linens and cottons, china blue bed patterns, fine chints, black and colour'd India taffeties, black and colour'd India paduaſoys and gorgoroons, perſians, mantuas, luteſtrings, ſtriped and flower'd tobines, black and white ſattins, black velvet, Engliſh black paduaſoy, tapſeils, ſpotted and flower'd bandanoes, new ſilk romals, flaxen and hempen ozenbrigs, princes linen, 7 8ths and yd. wd. Iriſh and Scots linens, fileſias, tandems, Iriſh and Ruſſia ſheeting, Flandere bed-ticks, linen and cotton ckecks, ſilk and cotton gowns, clouting diapers, table-cloths, Scots handkerchiefs, brown, black and white buckrams, neweſt faſhion ribbons, black and colour'd plain ribbons, 4d. and 6d. ſilk firrets, beſt baladine ſewing ſilk, ſilk knee garters, ſilk caps, morning velvet caps, black and white lace, neweſt faſhion gold and ſilver jacket and hat lace, gold and ſilver thread, buttons, vellum, chain and cord, plain and ribb'd black and white ſilk ſtockings, ſilk patterns for breeches, worſted patterns for ditto, ſilk and hair black prunella, mens and womens worſted and cotton hoſe, worſted and cotton caps, green and blue hair pluſhes, napt coatings, ſpotted ſwanſkins, fine and ſuperfine broadcloths in ſuits, ſhaloons, rattinets, everlaſtings, camblets, tammies, durants, plain ruſſels, duroys, florettas, yd. wd. ſtuffs, pewter, china, nutmegs, cinnamon, great variety of writing-paper, Holman's ink-powder, fineſt ſealing-wax and wafers, writing ſtandiſhes, broad and narrow worſted bindings, ſtay quality, ſcarlet and letter'd gartering, colour'd threads, Engliſh bleached threads, Scots thread from the loweſt to the higheſt, cotton laces, mohair and horſe-hair buttons, with and without twiſt, ſilk and hair, fine ſcarf twiſt, womens and girls white lamb and kid gloves and mittens, mens white and colour'd gloves, cocoa and ivory fans, needles, pins, combs, necklaces, Leghorn hats, playing cards, painters colours, table knives and forks, piſtol capp'd knives, penknives, cuttoes, womens ſciſſars, braſs thimbles, metal coat and veſt buttons, ſtone and braſs ſleeve buttons, ſhoe-buckles, ſtock and waiſtband buckles, braſs ink-pots with penknives, braſs fountain-pens, cork-ſcrews, Dutch ſpectacles in caſes, tobacco and ſnuff-boxes, beſt London ſteel and loaf ſugar, F FF, &c. powder, ſilver, gold and Pinchbeek watches, with handſome ſeals, &c. Tbc.

THOMAS HEWES,

Upholſterer, at Joſeph Ogden's, in Cheſtnut-ſtreet, near Second-ſtreet, Philadelphia.

MAKES *all ſorts of upholſterer's work at the moſt reaſonable rates; ſuch as beds and window curtains, eaſy chairs, couches, matraſſes, feather beds, ſacking bottoms, chair bottoms, ſhip ſtools and umbrelloes, &c. Thoſe who are pleaſed to favour him with their cuſtom, may depend on being ſerved with the utmoſt care and diſpatch, by their friend,* Tbctf. THOMAS HEWES.

To be LETT, by

JOSEPH WATKINS,

Living in Philadelphia,

A Houſe and lot in the Northern Liberties, being a corner lot; bounded weſterly by the great road to Germantown and Franckfort; northerly by a road to Kenſington; and eaſterly by a navigable creek, along the ſide of which creek is a wharff 82 feet long, convenient for a landing place. On ſaid lot there is alſo a tanyard, with a large mill-houſe and beam-houſe, tanpits, limepits, and a water pool, that may be emptied, or filled with the tide water, by opening or ſtopping an auger hole. There are to be lett with the place moſt of the tools that are neceſſary for the tanning or ſkinning buſineſs. The preſent tenant leaves it in February, 1756. ⊕

Juſt imported in the ſhip Lydia, Capt. Riddall, and the laſt ſhips from London, and to be ſold by

RICHARD FOOTMAN, and COMPANY,

At their ſtore in Front-ſtreet, between Market and Arch-ſtreets, A GREAT variety of EUROPEAN Goods, ſuitable for the ſeaſon. Tbctf.

Imported from London, and to be ſold cheap for ready money, or ſhort credit, by

MATTHEW CLARKSON,

At his houſe in Second-ſtreet, next door to the ſign of the Clock, above Arch-ſtreet,

BLue, green and drab broadcloths, beaver coatings, knaps, kerſeys, plains, halfthicks, green and ſpotted rugs, blankets, ſhaloons, camblets, durants, tammies, calimancoes, duroys, ſagathies, German ſerge, everlaſtings, flower'd damaſks, buttons and mohair, ſadlers fringe orris, ozenbrigs, ticklenberg, brown and white dowlas, Iriſh white and brown ſheeting and ſhirting linen, princes linen, tandem and 7 eights garlix, tandem ſileſias, long lawns, piſtol lawns, flower'd and clear lawns, in pieces and patches, pieces and patches of cambrick muſlin, tablecloths, Scots linen hankerchiefs, 3 qr. 7 eights, yard wide, and yard and 3 eights cotton and linen checks, calicoes, printed cottons and linens, baftaes, chints, China taffeties, coloured and ſtriped perſians, ſilk romals, taffety, ſattin and paduaſoy ribbons, ſewing ſilk, Scots and nuns thread, colour'd ditto, brown and white buckrams, bed bunts, Dutch and French tapes, bobbin, childrens Morocco pumps, mens and womens gloves, white and dyed jeans, corded demity, mens plain and ribb'd thread and cotton hoſe, womens, youths and childrens thread and cotton ditto, womens thread mittens, knit breeches patterns, double groces of gilt and plated metal buttons, pins, inkpowder, playing cards, womens and childrens fans, GB wool cards, mens and womens horſe-whips, ivory and horn combs, braſs ſhoe buckles, ſilver ſhoe and knee ditto plated on ſteel, pewter porringers, cream pots and ſauce pans, tea pots, quart and pint mugs, punch ladles, chamber pots, 6, 7 and 8 inch braſs door locks, 5, 6 and 7 inch braſs knobb'd ditto, cheſt and cloſet locks, X and TL ward drawer locks, black and full ward padlocks and ſtock-locks, half inch, 3 qr. inch and quarter, and inch and half augers, gouges, heading, ſcribing, firmer, mortice and paring chiſels, plane irons, carpenters and ſhoemakers pinchers, two foot rules, handſaws, tenant ditto, ſetts of deſk furniture, HL box and ſide hinges, X garnets, joiners adzes, carpenters, ſhipwrights and joiners axes, hammers, hatchets, gimblets, tapborers, ſhovels and tongs, braſs knobb'd and plain iron candleſticks, ſnuffers, box-irons, braſs and iron thimbles, braſs and iron jews harps, hobnails, copper teakettles and coffee pots, iron chafingdiſhes, ivory handled caſe knives and forks, claſp knives, claſp and folding penknives, ſhears and ſciſſars, very neat poliſhed cork-ſcrews, braſs and glaſs ſleeve buttons, ſnuff boxes, enamelled patch-boxes, coal ditto, India japan'd waiters and tea-boards; a great variety of metzotinto pictures and paintings on glaſs; a neat ſett of views of Kenſington gardens and Hampton-court; a beautiful ſett of the Roman antiquities; boxes of pipes, nails, ſteel, frying pans, roll brimſtone, long and ſhort ſcythes, cinnamon and cloves, and a parcel of neat cut wine glaſſes, Weſton's ſnuff, &c.

RUN away, on the 24th of laſt month, from Owen Evans, of North-Wales, a German ſervant lad, named Hance Williams, but calls himſelf John Roberts, about 19 years of age, ſhort and ſlender, wears his own ſhort hair, which is of a lightiſh colour, ſpeaks pretty good Engliſh, and is marked with the ſmall-pox: Had on when he went away, a light colour'd camblet coat, with croſs pockets, and buttons cover'd with the ſame, a cinnamon colour'd cloth jacket, which has been turn'd, with broad white metal buttons, new whitiſh cloth breeches, lined with linen, with roundiſh white metal buttons, a homeſpun linen ſhirt, brown yarn ſtockings, good ſhoes, with braſs buckles, a felt hat, about half worn. He has his maſter's part of his indentures with him. Whoever takes up the ſaid ſervant, and brings him to Jonathan Evans, of Philadelphia, ſhall have Twenty Shillings reward.

⊕ OWEN EVANS.

To be SOLD,

By the ſubſcriber, living in Moore's Town, in the county of Burlington, in Weſt-Jerſey,

A COMMODIOUS new brick houſe, two ſtory high, with three rooms on a floor, a good kitchen, ſtable and other conveniences; the whole well finiſhed, with a large yard, and a good wharff at the end thereof, where flats or other veſſels of burthen may load or unload their cargoes, ſituate in the moſt populous part of Bridge-town, commonly called Mount holly, in the county aforeſaid, very convenient for a merchant or ſhop-keeper, and has been uſed in that way ever ſince it was built. Alſo about three acres of good clover meadow, near ſaid premiſes, belonging to the eſtate of Benjamin Biſpham deceaſed. The title is indiſputable. For terms, enquire of

⊕ JOSHUA BISPHAM, Executor.

SNUFF good for the Head-ach, and a great Preſerver of the Eyes, made and ſold by

RICHARD BOWYER,

Living in Race-ſtreet, between Second-ſtreet and Third-ſtreet. On the Right-hand going up, you will ſee Tobacco hanging at the Window, in a low Houſe. Price one Shilling per Ounce.

Becauſe my Place is mean and low,
Your Thought may be 'tis nothing ſo;
If on God's Bleſſing you'll depend,
'Twill eaſe your Pain then in the End.

To be SOLD, or LETT, for a term of years,

A Water lot, in Charles-town, in Maryland, containing near an acre of ground, the ſeventh from the publick ware-houſe and wharff, with a good commodious dwelling-houſe thereon, two ſtories high, a good large kitchen, bake-houſe and ſtable, and an exceeding good ſpring of running water joining it, that neither fails in the ſummer, nor freezes in the winter; the houſes are all compleatly finiſhed off for their proper uſes; there is a good garden moſtly taken off the water, and exceeding rich; large flats and boats can come up to the bake-houſe door loaded by a canal cut for the purpoſe, which ſaves all trouble of carting, even faggots or fire-wood; alſo about 9 acres of meadow, banked in off the river ſo conveniently, that no ſwells can hurt it, and a ſmall rivulet running through the ſame, which empties itſelf by trunks juſt at the bake-houſe door; likewiſe about 11 acres of upland paſture, under the ſame fence: Houſes, lot and all may be included under the ſame fence with the meadow and paſture if the owner ſees cauſe. The meadow and paſture are leaſed from the commiſſioners for ſaid town for the term of twenty-one years, one of which is already expired, and is ſubject to a rent of Five Shillings per annum; the lot is jubject to a rent of One Penny Sterling if demanded. If the purchaſer has amind to follow the baking trade, he is near three merchant mills, to any of which he may go by water, and alſo to the Church: He may likewiſe have a good ſhallop fitted to the beſt advantage for the Bay trade; alſo a flat and fiſhing boat (the place being in a good ſituation for fiſhing and fowling) all on reaſonable terms, by applying to the ſubſcriber, living on the premiſes.

¶ ROBERT ALISON.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale by publick vendue, on the 23d day of this inſtant February, at the houſe of John Twining, in Buſſeltown, a meſſuage, tenement and tract of land, ſituate on the northeaſt ſide of Pennypack-creek, in Lower Dublin townſhip, in the county of Philadelphia, containing 135 acres, bounded by land of Silas Criſpin, by Pennypack-creek, and by land of Benjamin Haffty, late the eſtate of Hans Lycan; taken in execution by JAMES COULTAS, ſheriff.

[*See the Half-ſheet for the other Advertiſements.*]

February 26, 1756. NUMB. 1418.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtick.

Seven Hundred Dollars Reward.

NOTICE is hereby given, That the Sum of SEVEN HUNDRED PIECES OF EIGHT is raiſed by Subſcription among the Inhabitants of the City of *Philadelphia*, and now offered, with the Approbation of his Honour the GOVERNOR, as a Reward for any Perſon or Perſons who ſhall bring into this City the Heads of SHINGAS, and Captain JACOBS, Chiefs of the *Delaware Indian* Nation; or Three Hundred and Fifty Pieces of Eight for each, provided that due Proof is made of being the real Heads of ſaid *Shingas* or Captain *Jacobs*, they having received many Favours from this Government, and now treacherouſly deſerted our Intereſt, and become the principal Inſtruments in alienating the Affections of the *Indians* from his Majeſty and the People of this Province.

N. B. *It is expected that this Subſcription will ſoon be conſiderably increaſed.*

The following Letter was firſt printed in the Year 1673, *and many Copies thereof were diſperſed among the Commanders of the Engliſh Fleet.*

DEAR COUSIN,

GOING Yeſterday to your Father's Houſe, partly to ſee him, but chiefly to learn when he heard from you, and what News was lately from the Fleet, he told me, you were in Health, the Fleet near ready to ſail, and then ſhew'd me a Letter he was juſt ready to ſend you, wherein (amongſt other Things) I found theſe Words:

'Have a Care of yourſelf, be not fool-hardy, by 'venturing too far in the Fight; there are Ships e'nough to beat the Dutch, without yours; and Cap'tains enough in the Fleet, who will prudently ſhew 'you the Way to keep further off when Danger is 'nigheſt, and then you need not fear the Aſperſion of 'a Coward, as long as you have good Company; 'therefore, I ſay again, be wiſely cautious, for your 'Death would certainly break the Heart of my Daugh'ter, and bring my grey Hairs with Sorrow to the 'Grave.'

I had ſcarce Patience to read out ſo much without tearing the Letter into a thouſand Pieces, and I could not forbear ſuch Language, as did but ill agree with the Friendſhip between us. If you are (ſaid I) ſo mighty fond of your Son, ſend for him home preſently, and let him run no other Danger than what he may meet with in a London Tavern or Bawdy-houſe; when he has a Mind to fight let Bowls be his Bullets, and broad Oaths and Curſes his Gun-powder; at other Times, let him have nothing elſe to do, but treat his Wife, or, as the Faſhion is, his Wench, at the Play-houſe, Hyde-park, or Spring-gardens. As ſoon as I had vented my Paſſion, and grew calm, I ſo far convinced your Father of his Fault, that himſelf burnt the Letter; and deſired me to write one more ſuitable to my own Inclination.

According to that little Notice I have taken of Sea-Matters, I think our Captains in general (and you amongſt the reſt) rather need a Spur than a Curb, when you are going to fight; and therefore, quite contrary to the former Advice, I will ſet before your Eyes the Juſtice, and the Danger, that attends a cowardly Commander.

1. He robs the King and Kingdom, not only of the Money he himſelf receives, but likewiſe of ſo much as the whole Charge of the Ship, with Proviſions and Wages, amounts to, by rendering the ſame of no Uſe juſt when it ſhould do the King's Service; he murders all thoſe gallant Men who are ſlain by the Enemy, and loſes thoſe Ships which fall into their Hands for want of being well ſeconded; he betrays his own Party to the Enemy by keeping back the expected Aſſiſtance; and the Weakening of us, and the Helping of them is all one; nay, as if he had received a Bribe to do Miſchief, he fires both over and into the Ships of his Friends; ſo helping both Ways to bring them to Ruin, he completes in himſelf the Character of a Traytor. By theſe Means it is our Battles are loſt, or at leaſt ſo balanced, when they might have been won, that after a Fight the Enemy, ſooner than we, are in a Condition of diſputing the Victory. No common Highway Robber is half ſo great a Rogue as that Officer who takes Wages, and dares not, or does not, fight bravely when there is an Occaſion.

2. As he largely contributes to the Loſs of the Battle, ſo he hazards doubly his own Loſs; for it is obſervable (I am ſure in Land Fights) that where one is killed in ſtanding ſtifly his Ground, five are deſtroyed in the running away; and I am told, in your Sea Fights too, you loſe moſt Men when you fight at greateſt Diſtance from the Enemy. But then, beſides the Danger of the Enemy, the Coward has more Reaſon to be afraid of his Friends, they being likely to hate him the moſt who before had the beſt Eſteem of him, and a Gallows may eaſily catch him at home, whom a Bullet abroad could not reach; ſo that to him may be well applied our Saviour's Saying, *He that would ſave his Life ſhall loſe it.*

3. His Fear impeaches the Divine Providence, which chiefly glories to exerciſe itſelf in Times and Places of moſt imminent Hazard. I know ſome valiant Men, who have come off unwounded from the Heat of at leaſt twenty Battles; God oftentimes makes thoſe Places ſafeſt where we apprehend the moſt Danger, and thoſe moſt dangerous we think moſt ſecure.

Thus, my dear Couſin, you ſee a Coward with a Commiſſion is neither a good Subject, a good Chriſtian, nor a good or wiſe Man, in any Shape; but muſt be, of Neceſſity, a Traytor to the King, a Thief to his Country, a Murderer to his own Party, and conſequently deteſted of God and Man. Conſult therefore your own Heart, and if Fear dwell at Bottom, do not cozen any longer the King's Expectation; leſt by ſtaying another Battle, you let all the World be Witneſs of that Shame which yet may be eaſily hid. You may find fair Excuſes enough to lay down your Commiſſion, and the Prince can find enough to take it up, who better deſerve it. But if you will ſtay and fight, reſolve to fight bravely, ſo as you may do Service to the King, and gain yourſelf laſting Reputation.

If there hath happened any Diſguſt between you and any other Commander of the Fleet, either for Wrongs really received, or ſuppoſed, or becauſe he, being a Man of leſs Deſert, is preferred and advanced before you; conſider that a Fraction of the Parts tends fairly to the Ruin of the Whole; and that your Safety and Succeſs chiefly depend on your Unity and a right Underſtanding. If therefore you would be thought faithful to the King, if you would not be found falſe to your Country, let all private Quarrels die, or at leaſt go to Sleep, till the publick Ones are decided.

In the mean time aſſiſt one another by all Manner of kind Offices, as often as it lies in your Power; let the Enemy only feel the Effects of your Indignation, and make it appear by the Greatneſs of your Actions, that you are the Man of moſt merit.

When Duty bids go, never ſtay for the Example of any others; but rather ſtrive all you can to make yourſelf their Example. In a good Cauſe God proſpers beſt the bold Adventurer; let gallant Reſolution lead the Van, and glorious Victory ſhall bring up the Rear.

Sheerneſs, July 16, 1673.

From the Weſtminſter Journal *of* October 4, 1755.

To THOMAS TOUCHIT, *Eſq;*

Who dies in Youth and Vigour, dies the beſt;
Struck thro' with Wounds, all honeſt on the Breaſt.
HOMER.

Mr. TOUCHIT,

WHEN I reflect on the Uncertainty of human Life, and the Miſeries which are attendant on the moſt ſerene Condition of it, I am not a little ſurprized, that the Healthy and Vigorous ſhould prefer a Life of Effeminacy and Inactivity, to the glorious Labours of a *martial Employment.*——The *Romans*, inſtead of waſting their Strength by venereal Exceſſes, and unmanning themſelves at Balls and Maſquerades, exerciſed their Limbs in the *Paleſtræ*, and ſharpned their Underſtandings in the *Circus*. They thought it more conſiſtent with the Dignity of human Nature to bleed at every Vein for the Protection of their Country, than to die of infamous Diſeaſes at Home.——Who can read the Life of *Scipio*, of *Epaminondas*, of *Cæſar*, of *Ageſilaus*, of *Alexander*, and *Charles* of *Sweden*, without a Tranſport that fires, and a Rapture that enchants? Who can behold the inſipid Beaus of our Times ſquandering their Youth and Maſculinity on Women, their Patrimony at Gaming-Tables, tricking up their delicate Forms for the Smiles of the Ladies, and letting their Minds run to Waſte on puerile Amuſements, without dropping a Tear at their Calamity? Even the *Women* of *Lacedæmon* were aſhamed to ſee their Sons return loaded with the Infamy of Cowardice, but expreſſed the greateſt Demonſtration of Joy, when they fell honourably. How unlike the Matrons of modern Times who implant Fear in the tender Boſoms of their Sons, indulge them in Licentiouſneſs and Prodigality, that their Attention may be diverted from the Clamour of War, and exerciſed in Speculation only. Cowardice was then puniſhed with Exile, with Infamy, with Death; they were ſeldom *honourably acquitted*; and ſeldomer *reinſtated. Intereſt* availed little, and the *Prerogative of Birth* ſerved but to haſten their Condemnation: On the other hand, the Glory of their Actions were ſeldom *extenuated*, they were never *received coldly, or ſuſpended from their Employments*, becauſe they had behaved boldly; they were beloved by their Prince, honoured by the Senate, and adored by the People; Statues were erected, Medals were ſtruck to perpetuate the Fame of their Atchievments, and every Street echoed with Approbation and Applauſe.---By dwelling on ſuch Images, the Mind is ſtrengthened and elevated, and we become fitter for other Duties of Life by exerciſing them.——Youth ſhould ſuffer Hardſhip, and Old Age ſhould repoſe itſelf; we ſhould baſk in the Sun-ſhine to taſte the Pleaſures of the Shade; Nature fluſhes us with Health, and ſtrings our Sinews to effect what Imagination prompts us to, and Duty and Intereſt require; and as the Condition of Nature is ſuch, that it muſt undergo perpetual Changes, and Death is the Reſult of our Labours, which preſents itſelf in various Forms, and in various Manners, to every Individual in its Turn; who would not ſooner reſign his Breath in the *Cauſe of Liberty*, than languiſh out a miſerable Life in Riot and Debauchery?

As Union is the Foundation of Strength, ſo it is the Preſervation of a State; our Paſſions, our Inclinations, our Intereſt ſhould have a mutual Attachment; by which we ſhould be neither allured by Wealth, nor puſhed on by the Hopes of a Reward; we ought to love our *Conſtitution*, becauſe by it our Liberty is ſecured to us; and it is our Duty to fight for its Protection; but it is impoſſible, that true Magnanimity can prevail, until Avarice is extinct; the Love of *Liberty* is natural, and we ſollicit it; but we proſtitute it to baſe and ſervile Ends;---over *Courage* is little more than an eager Deſire after Gold and Honour, is an Itch of getting Reputation, whereby we may enrich ourſelves and aggrandize our Poſterity. I am, dear Mr. *Touchit*,

Your conſtant Admirer,
PHILO LIBERTATIS.

From the Gazetteer *and* London Daily Advertiſer, *November* 15, 1755.

To the PRINTER, &c.

SIR,

SINCE many uſeful and important Schemes have been laid aſide, on Account of the preſent Criſis of Affairs, viz. our endeavouring to defeat the Deſigns of our treacherous Enemies, it may not be improper to ſpeak a Word of Advice to all who have the Intereſt of their Country at Heart.

You cannot but obſerve the Degeneracy of our Times, and how openly we abuſe the Mercies ſo abundantly beſtowed on us. What Nation under Heaven has been bleſſed with ſuch Liberties as we enjoy? A Prince mild and tractable, whoſe People is his Care. His Reign ſo long, that, on the Britiſh Throne, Ages paſt cannot produce a Rival. Shall we then, with the Infidel, deny all primary Cauſes? Shall we impute this to Chance? Shall we not rather ſee and adore our merciful God, for the long and proſperous Reign of our Royal Sovereign, and for the calm Tranquility we have enjoyed under his benign Government. If your Hearts are truly loyal, it will be ſeen by your doing your utmoſt Efforts towards the Safety and Protection of our Nation from all

foreign

foreign Invaſions, and Papiſt Conſpirators; it is in the Power of each and every Subject to defend it; then, while our heroick Soldiery are ſacrificing their Lives abroad, we ſhould be importunate with God at home. Let us not barely reſt upon our Naval Force, and ſuperior Armaments; but, above all, look up to God, who has delivered us, yea and will deliver us, if, with our Forefathers, we truſt in him. Let us abſtain from the Practice of thoſe heinous Sins which are daily committed among us, and which provoke the Almighty to withdraw his Aſſiſtance from us. Be aſſured that every Sin increaſes God's Wrath againſt us; and how ſhall we hope for Succeſs while we glory in our Shame? Is not the Remembrance of God's late Viſitations among us enough to alarm us? Earthquakes, Fires, Infection among the Cattle, and many other Tokens of his Diſpleaſure have we felt, and ſtill feel, but will not turn and repent, that God may have Mercy upon us. Since we call ourſelves Chriſtians, let us live as ſuch, and thereby engage the Almighty to aſſiſt and defend us, who will ſcatter as the Duſt all our Enemies, and trample them under that riſe up againſt us; then ſhall Proteſtantiſm encreaſe and abound, and Bloodſhed for Religion be unheard of among us.

To produce an Inſtance of our Victory over the French, by our expecting Succours from on High, let us only conſider the joyful News, ſounding daily in our Ears, and daily confirmed, viz. Johnſon's glorious Victory; while the Soldiers bravely fought, their Miniſters encouraged them, and in the Height of Battle ſang Praiſes to God, while our Enemies fell and fled by Hundreds before them.

Some ignorant People imagine, that the preſent Military Proceedings only tend to Trade; but let ſuch know, aſſuredly, that Religion is the principal Cauſe of the Indians gallant Behaviour, whoſe Concern for Futurity ought to ſhame our Lukewarmneſs, and ſtir us up to imitate their laudable Example.

Amſterdam, October 30. France is preparing with incredible Warmth to aſſert her Right, when the Time arrives that ſhe hath fixed for drawing the Sword. Beſides the warlike Preparations of which the Publick have been already informed, ſhe is bringing a vaſt Quantity of Swords and other Arms of Steel from Solingen, a Town about four or five Leagues from Duſſeldorp. She is remounting all her Cavalry with the greateſt Diligence, and hath ordered 100,000 Uniforms to be made with the greateſt Expedition for the Militia, not to mention other Preparations.

Dublin, November 11. It muſt be a very pleaſing Circumſtance to every Lover of this Kingdom, to find that moſt of the Velvets, and other rich Dreſſes, worn by the Nobility and Gentry who appeared at the Caſtle in Honour of his Majeſty's Birth-day, were the Manufacture of this Kingdom, and allowed to be equal to any that have been imported.

Whitehall, November 22. The King has been pleaſed to appoint his Grace Thomas Hollis, Duke of Newcaſtle, Knight of the moſt Noble Order of the Garter, the Right Hon. Henry Earl of Darlington, the Right Hon. Sir George Lyttelton Bart. Thomas Hay, Eſq; commonly called Lord Viſcount Dupplin, and Robert Nugent, Eſq; to be Commiſſioners for executing the Office of Treaſurer of his Majeſty's Exchequer.

The King has been pleaſed to grant unto the Right Hon. Sir George Lyttelton Bart. the Office of Chancellor of his Majeſty's Exchequer; and alſo to grant unto the ſaid Sir George Lyttelton, the Office of Under Treaſurer of his Majeſty's Exchequer, in the Room of the Right Hon. Henry Legg, Eſq;

LONDON, October 21.

Various are the Reports concerning the French Invaſion; ſome ſay they have received Orders to land within two Days March of our Capital, and (by the Aſſiſtance of their Friends here) inſtantly to burn it; others ſay, that the Armament at Boulogne is to land in Kent, or Suſſex, while that at Dunkirk is to land in Eſſex, in order to divide our Strength, and to promote Confuſion, which they particularly aim at.

We are aſſured, that in caſe of an Invaſion, his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland is to command in London, his Grace the Duke of Marlborough, and the Right Hon. Sir John Ligonier, in Kent, and the Hon. Lieutenant General Hawley in Suſſex.

November 22. We are informed, that a certain truly Noble Lord hath offered to his Majeſty to raiſe and maintain for a Year at his own Expence 10,000 Men for the Defence of his Majeſty's Perſon and Government.

The Regiment of Scotch Greys patrole Day and Night upwards of 40 Miles on the Coaſt of Suſſex.

Yeſterday one of the principal Secretaries of State ſignified to a Right Hon. Gentleman, in a very high Poſt, That his Majeſty had no further Occaſion for his Service: To which the Gentleman replied, That with great Satisfaction to his Conſcience, and with all Duty and Affection to his Majeſty, he obeyed his Commands.

BOSTON, February 16.

By the Courier that came to Town from Albany on the Seventh Inſtant, we learn, that Captain Grant, belonging to Connecticut, who commanded a ſcouting Party from Fort Edward, having with him 7 Men, went to diſcover whether any of the Enemy were near the Lake, and perceiving a conſiderable Body of them were near, coming upon them, they determined to ſcatter, and make the beſt of their Way to the Fort. One of the Men, in his Return, ſat down on a fallen Tree to reſt himſelf, having for a Day or two before loſt his Way, and was very much fatigued, looking round him, he eſpied an Indian with a Gun preſented, who immediately firing, the Man fell behind the Tree as if dead; when the Indian drew towards him, he preſented his Gun over the Tree, fired, and killed the Indian on the Spot, and then immediately went to ſcalp him; but juſt as he had cut round the Skin, before he could take off the Scalp, he diſcovered near twenty Indians approaching; upon which he ran with all Speed, and got into Fort Edward, but ſo fatigued, that it is thought he could not live.

We alſo hear, that laſt Wedneſday was Fortnight, Capt. Rogers, with about 50 Men, and the aboveſaid Grant, with about 30 more, went from the two Forts near the Lake, in order to ſcout as far as Wood-Creek, &c. and to make what Diſcoveries they could.

Wedneſday laſt 4 Frenchmen, viz. 2 Deſerters from their Regular Troops, and two Fellows taken by Captain Rogers near Lake George, were brought to this Town under a Guard from Albany, and committed to Goal.

Thurſday laſt Captain Troth arrived here in twelve Weeks from London, and by him we have Letters from Gentlemen of the beſt Intelligence and Credit, informing, that the Expences the Northern Colonies have been at in carrying on the late Expeditions, and alſo what Charge they may be further at for his Majeſty's Service, will certainly be paid by the Crown;---and, that it was expected One Hundred Thouſand Pounds Sterling would be put on board one of his Majeſty's Ships of War in a few Days, to be landed here, for the Uſe of the Northern Colonies. The ſaid Ship of War, with ſeveral Merchantmen under her Convoy, is daily expected here.

By a Veſſel arrived here on Friday laſt from Cadiz, we have a Letter that confirms the News lately received from Liſbon, that ſeveral Cities in Barbary were deſtroyed by the Earthquake on the firſt of November laſt; and the Writer ſays, that by the next Veſſel he hopes to give us the Particulars of that fatal Cataſtrophe.

NEW-YORK, February 23.

Colonel Waſhington, of and from Virginia, but laſt from Philadelphia, left this City for Boſton on Friday laſt, there, 'tis thought, to conſult with General Shirley, Meaſures proper to be taken with ſeveral Tribes of Indians to the Southward, and particularly the Cherokees, ſome Hundreds of whom, from the back Parts of the two Carolinas, it is reported, have aſſured the Weſtern Governments of their coming in, and firmly adhering to the Intereſt of the Engliſh, in Oppoſition to the French.

Extract of a Letter from New-Providence (one of the Bahama Iſlands) dated January 29, 1756.

"---Some Days ago arrived here from London, a large Snow with Warlike Stores for our Garriſons, which was a very agreeable Sight to the Inhabitants of this Iſland, as we were in great Want of them. If there ſhould be a War this Spring, we are now ſo well ſupplied with every Thing neceſſary, that we reſt eaſy about any Invaſion."---

General Shirley has iſſued a Proclamation, dated at Boſton, the 12th Day of this Inſtant February, ſignifying to all Deſerters belonging to Shirley's and Pepperrell's Regiments, That if they return to their reſpective Colours, or ſurrender themſelves to any Officer of either of the Regiments at Boſton, New-York, Albany, or Skenectady, on or before the 10th Day of March next; he will grant them their Pardon, otherwiſe they will be apprehended as Deſerters, and puniſhed accordingly. A Reward of Twenty Shillings Sterling he has offered in the ſaid Proclamation for apprehending Deſerters after the ſaid 10th Day of March next. And Perſons entertaining Deſerters, will be proſecuted according to Law.

We learn by the laſt Veſſels from Europe, that the Accounts which have been tranſmitted of the Succeſs of His Majeſty's Arms in the Action near Lake-George, on the 8th Day of September laſt, and of the conſiderable Reinforcements ſent by the ſeveral Governments concerned therein, had been laid before his Majeſty; and that His Majeſty has been pleaſed to expreſs his Senſe of the great Zeal and Spirit which thoſe Governments have ſo ſtrongly manifeſted, in ſo chearfully and effectually promoting the neceſſary and important Service they engaged in.---And further, we learn, That his Majeſty would take an early Opportunity of laying the Particulars of their Conduct before the Parliament; and, That as His Majeſty is ſenſible, that the Expences which thoſe ſeveral Colonies have incurred, though chearfully borne, cannot but be burthenſome to his brave and good Subjects, he will at the ſame Time recommend to the Parliament, to grant them ſuch Aſſiſtance in Conſideration of the Charges they have borne, as their Circumſtances ſhould require, and as will enable them vigorouſly to purſue the great and neceſſary Work which has been ſo chearfully undertaken.

Extract of a Letter from New-Haven, dated February 18. 1756.

"This Day the Albany Poſt came in here, and informs us, that Captain Rogers, with a Party of Fifty Men, engaged, nigh Crown-Point, a Number of French and Indians, defeated them, and returned ſafe with nine Priſoners, after having deſtroyed ſeveral Buildings belonging to the French."

Saturday laſt Captain Griffith arrived here in about 11 Weeks from Honduras Bay, but laſt from New-Providence in 21 Days: He informs us, that a Sloop, belonging to Philadelphia, was lately caſt away in the Gulph of Florida; that the People got up to Providence, and had taken their Paſſage to South-Carolina; that a Sloop from North-Carolina for Philadalphia, being blown off the Coaſt, and the Captain ſick, the Crew carried off the Veſſel, and by their Ignorance ran her aſhore on one of the Bahama Keys, but was got off again, and brought into Providence; that his Majeſty's Ship the Garland, Captain Arbuthnot, was arrived there from Virginia, with a Store Ship under his Convoy, and ſome time after ſailed on a Cruize againſt our well known Enemies the French.

ANNAPOLIS, February 5.

We hear that ſome Recruiting Officers of General Shirley's Regiment, having inliſted, on the other Side of the Bay, a Number of indented Servants, it has occaſioned a conſiderable Diſturbance, eſpecially in Kent County. There has been already ſome Blood ſpilt upon the Occaſion, but no Life loſt.

PHILADELPHIA, February 26.

Letter from Governor Shirley *to a Gentleman in this City.*

SIR,

Boſton, February 4, 1756.

"I was favoured with your Letter at *New-York*, dated the Second of *December*, acquainting me, that your Aſſembly had ſent a Preſent of 1339 warm Waiſtcoats, 1000 Pair of milled Stockings, and 332 Pair of knit Mittens for the Comfort of the *New-England* Troops, and others, that might remain in Garriſon in that cold Country the enſuing Winter, and deſiring I would order a proper Diſpoſition of them, which you ſuppoſed were by that Time in the Hands of Mr. *Stevenſon* in *Albany*.

It was not till a few Days before my leaving *New York*, that I could learn the Certainty of this Cloathing's being actually arrived at *Albany*, and had not Time before my Departure from thence to anſwer your Letter.

I am now, Sir, to acquaint you, that I have ordered a Diſtribution of the Cloathing, and to deſire the Favour of you to make my Acknowledgments to the Aſſembly for this ſecond Inſtance of their publick Spirit and Zeal for His Majeſty's Service, and the general Good of theſe Colonies, given by them in the Expedition againſt *Crown-Point*.

I cannot but hope, that ſo laudable an Example will inſpire the other Colonies with the like Spirit, ſo neceſſary at this critical Conjuncture, for putting a Stop to the Invaſions and Devaſtations of the *French*, and their *Indians*, within our Borders, and placing the *Britiſh* Northern Colonies in a State of Security againſt the Attempts, which, from the Armament ſent the laſt Year from *France*, and their known Deſigns, we have the utmoſt Reaſon to expect they will puſh this Year; and that it will continue to animate the Government of *Pennſylvania* in the Common Cauſe, as it hath hitherto done, ſo highly to their Advantage.

Be pleaſed likewiſe to aſſure them, Sir, that I ſhall not be wanting in making a juſt Repreſentation to his Majeſty, of theſe Marks of their Zeal for the Service of their King and Country, and doing every Thing in my Power, for the Service of the Province.

I am, with Truth and Regard,
Sir, Your moſt humble Servant,
W. SHIRLEY."

In a Letter from Fort Cumberland, dated the Fifteenth Inſtant, there is Advice, that two conſiderable Bodies of French Indians have been lately down there, and had picked up ſeveral of the Men belonging to the Fort; but that the Commanding Officer there had detached Parties immediately in Purſuit of them, which obliged them to retreat precipitately, and thereby prevented their getting among the Inhabitants.

It is farther added, that one Mrs. Inglis, who was taken Priſoner by the Shawaneſe when Colonel Paton was killed, had made a wonderful Eſcape from the Lower Shanoe Town; and that ſhe was fourteen Days in the Woods on her Way home, was naked all the Time, and lived on Cheſtnuts, &c. The Particulars of what Diſcoveries ſhe made while among them, was not then come to hand.

We hear from Berks County, that there were three white People in Company with the four Indians that did the Miſchief at John George Siſluf's, in Northampton County, mentioned in our laſt.

On Thurſday laſt the Independent Company of Volunteers, commanded by **William Vanderspiegel**, Eſq; was reviewed on the Commons by his Honour the Governor, when the whole Company made a genteel Appearance in a compleat Uniform, and went through the Manual Exerciſe, to the entire Satisfaction of his Honour and every Spectator.

On Saturday laſt ſome of our friendly Indians arrived in Town.

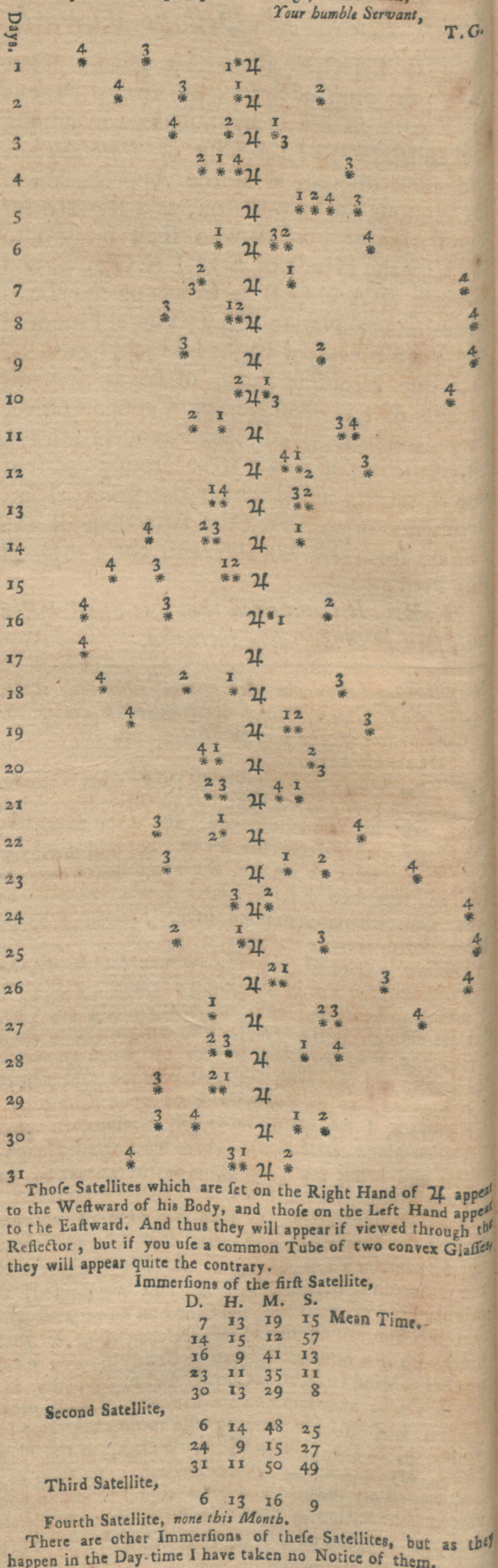
To the Printers of the PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Gentlemen,

AS a convenient Seaſon now offers for obſerving the Satellites of *Jupiter*, I have been at the Pains, for the Uſe of the Publick, to conſtruct their Appearances, as they will exhibit themſelves to our View at Nine of the Clock every Night the following Month of *March*, which if you will be pleaſed to give a Place in your next Paper, you will oblige, Gentlemen,

Your humble Servant,

T. G.



Thoſe Satellites which are ſet on the Right Hand of ♃ appear to the Weſtward of his Body, and thoſe on the Left Hand appear to the Eaſtward. And thus they will appear if viewed through the Reflector, but if you uſe a common Tube of two convex Glaſſes, they will appear quite the contrary.

Immerſions of the firſt Satellite,

	D.	H.	M.	S.	
	7	13	19	15	Mean Time.
	14	15	12	57	
	16	9	41	13	
	23	11	35	11	
	30	13	29	8	
Second Satellite,					
	6	14	48	25	
	24	9	15	27	
	31	11	50	49	
Third Satellite,					
	6	13	16	9	

Fourth Satellite, *none this Month.*

There are other Immerſions of theſe Satellites, but as they happen in the Day-time I have taken no Notice of them.

The Drawing of the Third Claſs of the ACADEMY LOTTERY *will certainly begin on Monday, the Eighth of next Month.*

⁂ The Managers of the ACADEMY LOTTERY hereby give Notice, that they have to diſpoſe of a few Tickets in the Third Claſs. The Lottery, ſince the Drawing of the Second Claſs, is *Six Thouſand One Hundred* and *Ninety* Dollars Richer; and there ſtill remains in this Lottery the following high Prizes, *viz. One* of Fifteen Hundred Dollars; *Three* of a Thouſand each; *Four* of Seven Hundred and Fifty each; *Five* of Five Hundred each; *Eight* of Four Hundred each; *Thirteen* of Two Hundred and Fifty each; *Fifteen* of One Hundred and Fifty each; *Twenty-three* of One Hundred each; *Twenty* of Eighty each; *Forty* of Sixty each; *Twenty-four* of Fifty each; and *Sixty* of Forty each.

Custom-House Philadelphia, Inward Entries.
NONE.

⁂ TICKETS in the Third Claſs of the Academy Lottery to be ſold by *D. Hall*, at the *New-Printing-Office*.

OUTWARDS.

Brig Salley, Joſeph Brown, for Carthagena.
Sloop William and Sarah, Chriſtopher Sinnott, for New-York.
Ship Attwoods, William Greenway, for Jamaica.

CLEARED.

Snow Muggy, William Alliſon, to Antigua.

PAINTING, GILDING, GLAISING and VARNISHING, done by

MATTHEW PRATT,

At the ſign of the SASH, in Market-ſtreet, oppoſite the Shambles; where may be had good putty and powder blue. D

York County, Marſh-Creek, Cumberland Townſhip.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, in April laſt, A ſervant man, named Edward Wallace, by trade a weaver, about 5 feet 10 inches high, his hair cut off, but very black if grown, ſomewhat out-mouthed, marked with the ſmall-pox, greatly given to lying, to brag of his doings and ſtrength, ſomewhat light fingered, and pretty apt to quarrel; his cloathes uncertain. Any perſon taking up ſaid Edward Wallace, and ſecuring him in any jail of the province, or bringing him to his maſter, ſhall have Forty Shillings reward, beſides reaſonable charges, paid by

THOMAS WITHERSPOON.

To be ſold for ready money, or three months credit, by

THOMAS WALLACE,

At the ſtore where James and Thomas Wallace lived, the north-eaſt corner of Market and Water-ſtreets,

A Freſh parcel of 3 qr. 7-eights, yard-wide and 6 qr. cotton and linen checks, cotton hollands, bed-bunts, and ſundry other goods very cheap.

N. B. As the partnerſhip of Wallace and Bryan, and James and Thomas Wallace, are ſome time diſſolved, thoſe that remain in debt to the late partnerſhips, are deſired to pay their Ballances to Mr. George Bryan, or me, the former James Wallace having left this Province for Europe.---A ſervant girl's time to be diſpoſed of cheap; ſhe may be ſeen at Mr. James Whitehead's.

To be SOLD by

JOSEPH SAUNDERS,

At the corner of Cheſtnut and Water-ſtreets, near Pemberton's Wharff,

SUNDRY ſorts of dye ſtuffs, as madder, ground redwood, indigo, &c. Alſo rum, melaſſes, loaf and muſcovado ſugar, coffee, tea, rice, allſpice and ginger, train and ſweet oil, mackrel, and ſundry other goods. Tbc.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of Derrick Keyſer, late of Germantown ſhopkeeper deceaſed, are deſired to pay: And thoſe who have any demands againſt the ſaid eſtate, are deſired to bring in their accounts, that they may be adjuſted by ALICE KEYSER, JOHN KEYSER, and PETER KEYSER, Executors. ⊕

Philadelphia, February 26, 1756.

RUN away, on the 14th inſtant, from Joſiah Halſtead, of Shrewſberry, in the county of Monmouth, and province of New-Jerſey, a German ſervant man, named Johan Jeremiah Myah, about five feet four inches high, well ſet, a little pitted with the ſmall-pox, ſpeaks very broken Engliſh, pretends to know ſomething of the blackſmith's trade, and is about 21 years of age: Had on, when he went away, a felt hat, an old curled wig, or a white cap, a garlix or flannel ſhirt, a napt half worn bearſkin coat, with metal buttons, and a long brown veſt, with cuffs on the ſleeves, and had with him a new ſtriped holland veſt, a pair of black pluſh breeches, a pair of buckſkin ditto, and a pair of white demity ditto, a pair of grey worſted ſtockings, and a pair of coarſe yarn ditto, a pair of old ſhoes, with buckles in them. It is thought he has plenty of caſh. Whoever ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have Forty Shillings reward, if taken up in the county of Monmouth, and if out of the ſaid county Three Pounds reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by me

⊕ JOSIAH HALSTEAD.

Philadelphia, February 26, 1755.

STolen, in the night of the 20th inſt. out of the ſtable of the ſubſcriber, living at Neſhaminey Ferry, A black ſtallion, about 14 hands and an inch high, has a thick mane and long foretop, branded on the near buttock, but the Letters forgot, has no white about him, is ſhod before, his hind footlock joints pitch forward, paces pretty ſmart, hand gallops, and is of low courage. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid horſe and thief, ſo as he be brought to juſtice, ſhall have Three Pounds reward, or Forty Shillings for the horſe, and reaſonable Charges, paid by JOHN VANDEGRIFT. §

To be SOLD,

A NEGROE woman, about 22 years old, with two of her children, a boy and a girl; the boy is about nine months old, and the girl three years and two months. The woman underſtands houſe-work, and can cook well. For farther particulars, enquire at the New-Printing-Office. The woman and boy will be ſold only, if it does not ſuit the purchaſer to buy all three. †

Philadelphia, February 26, 1756.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I intend to begin to pay off all ſuch accounts that have been adjuſted at Lancaſter, belonging to the proviſion branch, on the 8th day of March next.

ROBERT LEAKE, C. P.

Lately imported from Boſton, and to be ſold by

JOHN KEEGAN,

At the ſtore where Mr. John Morgan formerly kept, on Market-ſtreet Wharff,

LAmp and currier's oil; where alſo may be had Carolina leather, Barbados rum, ſugar, melaſſes, &c. ⊕

TO be ſold by THOMAS ATKINSON, miller, in Mount-holly, Seven eighth parts of an extraordinary good griſt-mill, with two pair of ſtones, two boulting-mills for country work. Alſo the whole of a good large convenient merchants boulting-houſe, with two good boulting-mills, which go by water. Likewiſe one quarter part of a good ſaw-mill, with two ſaws, both ſituated in Mount-holly aforeſaid, on a very conſtant and plentiful ſtream of water, and attended with very good buſineſs. And alſo a piece of very good clover meadow, adjoining the ſaid griſt-mill, containing between three and four acres, entirely incloſed by water-courſes. And likewiſe a piece of good timber land, lying about half a mile from Mount-holly. The titles are indiſputable; for farther particulars enquire of

Tbc. 5 W. THOMAS ATKINSON.

TAken up in this city a few days ago, a large gold ſleeve button. The owner deſcribing the ſame, and paying charges, may have it again, by applying to the printers hereof.

WEnt away from the ſubſcriber, at Milford mills, on Neſhaminey-creek, in Bucks county, a Negroe man, named Plymouth, 27 years of age, five feet nine inches high, ſquare ſhoulder'd, ſmooth face, ſpeaks good Engliſh, plays on the fiddle, and is well acquainted in Philadelphia: Had on, a hat whitened with meal, Germantown cap, a cloth colour'd frize waiſtcoat, whitened with meal, a linſey under waiſtcoat, with red, white and green ſtripes, leather breeches, grey yarn ſtockings, and peeked toed ſhoes. Whoever will take the ſaid negroe to the Workhouſe, or bring him to his maſter, ſhall have Forty Shillings reward, paid by the maſter of the workhouſe, or STEPHEN WILLIAMS.

WHEREAS on the 17th day of December laſt, Thomas Cooche, of New Caſtle county, miller, obtained from Samuel Mifflin, of the city of Philadelphia, merchant, a promiſſary note, payable on demand, for Seventy-four Pounds, Four Shillings and Ninepence; and the ſaid Thomas Cooche has ſince indorſed and paſſed away the ſame in payment to Hugh Woods, of Kent county, Maryland, merchant, who paſſed the ſame to William and David M'Ilvaine, of the city of Philadelphia, merchants, which promiſſary note is either loſt, or miſlaid; notwithſtanding which the ſaid Samuel Mifflin has paid the amount of the ſaid note to the abovenamed William and David M'Ilvaine, of which we give the publick this notice, that they may not be impoſed on by any evil diſpoſed perſon or perſons, who may have found the ſaid note, and may hereafter endeavour to paſs away the ſaid note in payment, for the poſſeſſor of the ſaid note will receive no payment for the ſame. Whoever may have found the ſaid note, is deſired to return it to

WILLIAM and DAVID M'ILVAINE.

Juſt publiſhed, and ſold by JAMES CHATTIN, at the Neweſt Printing-Office, in Market ſtreet, Philadelphia,

The SECOND EDITION of

A NARRATIVE of the SUFFERINGS and Surprizing DELIVERANCE of *WILLIAM* and *ELIZABETH FLEMING*, who were taken Captives by Captain *Jacobs*, in a late Excurſion by him and the *Indians* under his Command, on the Inhabitants of the *Great-Cove*, near *Conecocbieg*, in *Pennſylvania*, as related by themſelves.

Pſalm iii. 4. *I cried unto the LORD, and he heard me.*

Juſt publiſhed, and to be ſold only by William and Elizabeth Fleming (the real authors of the following pamphlet) at their lodgings at William Applebay's, near the ſtone bridge in Second-ſtreet, a little below Walnut-ſtreet, and by John Anderſon, at the ſign of the Ship, in Second-ſtreet, a little below Stretch's corner,

A NARRATIVE (with conſiderable additions and amendments, not in the firſt nor ſecond edition before publiſhed) of the SUFFERINGS and ſurprizing DELIVERANCE of WILLIAM and ELIZABETH FLEMING, who were taken captives by captain Jacobs, in a late excurſion by him and the Indians under his command, on the inhabitants of the Great Cove, near Conecocheig, in Pennſylvania.

Pſalm iii, 4. *I cried unto the Lord, and he heard me.*

N. B. It is hoped all well diſpoſed people, who are curious to read this little pamphlet, will purchaſe from the authors, or the abovenamed John Anderſon only, for the Benefit of the Authors, having loſt all they had in the world, and are now reduced to poverty. ⊖ WILLIAM and ELIZABETH FLEMING.

Yeſterday was publiſhed, and ſold by JAMES CHATTIN, at the Neweſt Printing-Office, on the South ſide of the Jerſey market,

The THIRD EDITION of

THE Life, Adventures, and ſurprizing Deliverances of DUNCAN CAMERON, private Soldier in the Regiment of Foot late Sir Peter Halket's. To which is prefixed, A Letter from Duncan Cameron, dated Albany, January 1, 1756. *(Price Sixpence.)*

At the abovefaid Place may be had, a Variety of the neweſt Pamphlets, and the following Books (beſides thoſe lately advertiſed) Gordon's Geography, Patoun's Navigation, Hill's Arithmetick, Whiſton's Euclid's Elements, Practic Surveying, Hawney's Compleat Meaſurer, Builder's Vade mecum, Keil's Trigonometry, Dilworth's Arithmetick, Guardian, 2 vols. Hiſtory of the Devil, Ferr's Geography, Barclay's Apology, Tradeſman's Vade mecum, Cocker's Arithmetick, Britiſh Schoolmaſter, large Copper-plate Copy-books, Everard's Gauging, Mair's Book-keeping, Aſhby's Algebra, &c. ⊕

The MEMBERS of the

St. ANDREW'S SOCIETY,

ARE deſired to attend their quarterly meeting on Monday, the firſt day of March, preciſely at 6 o'clock in the evening, at the Lodge, in Lodge-alley, Second-ſtreet. By order of the preſident, THOMAS M'JANETT, Secretary.

Juſt imported in the laſt veſſels from London and Briſtol, and to be ſold by

BENJAMIN KENDALL,

In Cheſtnut ſtreet, almoſt oppoſite the Three Tuns, the following goods, viz.

LInen and cotton checks, ſtripes, ozenbrigs, womens gowns in patterns, linen and ſilk handkerchiefs, cotton hollands, camblets, damaſks, calimancoes, cloth and other colour'd threads, alopeens, grandureis, indianas, mens, womens and childrens worſted ſtockings, muffaties, quality binding, ferrits, ribbons, watch ſtrings, watch chains and ſeals, a neat aſſortment of gartering, wig ribbons, raw ſilk, ſewing ditto, yellow canvas, buckram, coat and waiſtcoat metal buttons, carpenters and joiners tools, HL hinges, dovetail ditto, ſtock locks, rat traps, hand vizes, barbers ditto, a neat aſſortment of deſk and drawer furniture, braſs clock caſe hinges, H ditto, tea-table catches, coffin handles, ſcrews, fiſhſkins, ſhoemakers tools, table knives and forks, butcher ditto, piſtol cap ditto, cuttoes, penknives, Barlow's ditto, ink pots, fountain pens, cork ſcrews, key rings and ſwivels, fire ſhovels and tongs, bell-metal kettles, peſtles and mortars, braſs candleſticks, ſnuffers and ſtands, copper tea-kettles and coffee pots, braſs warming pans, flat irons, taylors irons, gun locks, gun hammers, bag locks, White-chapel and common needles, Durnford's and other pins, ditto looſe, a neat aſſortment of mens and womens ſhoe buckles, boys ditto, knee ditto, ſnuff boxes, womens ſciſſars, round braſs and polliſhed iron bolts, cheſt and drawer locks, cupboard locks, polliſhed ſteel draw tobacco-boxes, a neat aſſortment of ſleeve buttons, nails, ſprigs, trunk nails, pewter diſhes, baſons, porringers, plates, hard-metal ſpoons tea ſpoons, tea pots, tea tongs, braſs nobs for ſhovels and tongs, and for dog irons, writing paper, parchment, ſealing wax and wafers, pounce and pounce boxes, Engliſh quills, alphabets and other copy books, variety of maps and prints, 30 hour and 8 day clocks, ſilver watches, mens, womens and youths hats of different ſorts, waiſtcoats and breeches in patterns, variety of raſps and files, tenter hooks, horſe locks and fleams, plain and India waiters, dripping pans, iron wire, womens thimbles, and tooth drawers, with ſundry other goods, too tedious to mention.

N. B. Choice RED CLOVER SEED to be ſold by ſaid Kendall.

THis is to inform the publick, That there was found in the poſſeſſion of James M'Clary, Honor M'Clary, and Elizabeth Johnſon, three diſorderly perſons, convicted at the laſt Mayor's court for ſtealing ſundry goods from divers perſons in this city, viz. One piece of handkerchiefs, one ſingle handkerchief, a remnant of check linen, a remnant of croſs barr'd yard wide woollen. And ſince found in the lodging of William Jones lately committed to the goal of this city, viz. Two ſmall remnants of white linen, four pair of womens worſted ſtockings, one piece of girth webb, and one pair of womens ſhoes, one long and one ſhort cloak, ſuppoſed to be ſtolen. The owner or owners of the above goods, by applying to the ſubſcriber, proving their property, and paying the charge of this advertiſement, may have them again.

JAMES COULTAS, ſheriff.

VERY good LAMPBLACK ſold at the *New-Printing-Office*.

Juſt imported in the Myrtilla, Richard Budden, from London, and to be ſold by

SAMUEL HOWELL,

At his ſtore, at the ſign of the Beaver, in Cheſtnut-ſtreet, Philadelphia,

MENS and womens velvet, cambricks, 6 qr. coſſaes, border'd kenting handkerchiefs, long lawns, chints and calicoes, broadcloths, ozenbrigs, dowlas, Iriſh linens, buckram, a good aſſortment of ſilk handkerchiefs, cotton romals, Scots linen handkerchiefs, black china taffety, perſian ditto, halfthicks, kerſeys, ſpotted rugs, ſtriped duffils, beaver coating, red, green and drab colour'd naps, blue duffils, red and emboſſed flannel, a good aſſortment of pins and needles, ſhaloons, tammies, durants, a variety of cutlary, ſleeve buttons, knee buckles, awl blades, ſhoe tacks, ſilver watches, gunpowder, lead, ſhot, womens ſcarlet and cloth colour'd ſhort cloaks, mens and womens worſted hoſe, colour'd and white ſhammy gloves, mens buff ditto, gartering, bobbing, tapes, nonſopretty, Scots thread, edging, gauze lace, a neat aſſortment of necklace beads, ivory combs, muffatees, hard metal coat and veſt buttons, jet coat, veſt and ſleeve buttons, ſilk, cotton and worſted caps, cotton laces, ſun dials, ſattin, figured paduaſoy and taffety ribbons, dark ground cottons, black blue and green calimancoes, horſewhips, half yard black and bluſh perſians, &c. &c. &c. Tbctf.

TO be ſold by the ſubſcriber, in Cæcil county, Maryland, A thouſand acres of very good land, lying on Bohemia river, in one body, and bounded three ways by water, allowed to be as good a ſeat as any at the head of the Bay, with good improvements on it, very ſuitable for a ſtore, ſea trade, or a team to cart to Delaware; it is near a church, mill and market; there may be made a hundred acres of meadow on it; the land is high; good water, and a very healthy place; the title indiſputable, as will appear by applying to the ſubſcriber. SLUYTER BOUCHELL. ⊕ 5s. Tbc. 5W.

STray'd or ſtolen about two months ago, from the plantation next to Edward Hill's, at Dunks's Ferry, a mare and her colt, the mare about five years old, twelve hands high, between a mouſe and a dun colour, with a ſtar in her forehead, and a little gooſe rumped. The colt not a year old, light bay, with a ſtar in his forehead; they are both natural pacers, not branded. Whoever will bring them to the ſubſcriber, in Benſalem townſhip, Bucks county, ſhall have Twenty Shillings reward, if within 10 miles, or Forty Shillings, if further, paid by

♈ JAMES CALDWELL.

New-Caſtle, January 31, 1756.

RUN away laſt night, from George Monro, of New-Caſtle, An Iriſh ſervant man, named Philip Harriſon, aged about 27 years, about 5 feet 3 inches high, well-ſet, of a freſh ſandy complexion: Had on when he went away, An old hat, cock'd up ſharp, a light colour'd homeſpun cloth coat, with mohair buttons, a dark colour'd ditto jacket, with metal buttons, coarſe ſhirt, leather breeches, brown yarn ſtockings, good ſhoes, with braſs buckles. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid fellow, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have Thirty Shillings reward (and any perſon that will prove his being inliſted in his majeſty's ſervice, ſhall have Ten Shillings) and reaſonable charges, paid by

Tbc. GEORGE MONRO.

TO be ſold by way of publick vendue, on the fifth day of March next, A plantation or tract of land, being the eſtate of Joſeph Brown, deceaſed, ſituated in Plumſted townſhip, Bucks county, on the main road leading from Newtown to Durham ironworks, containing 225 acres, with a good ſtone houſe and kitchen, a good large barn, ſtable, and other outhouſes, 100 acres of upland cleared, 12 acres of meadow cleared, and a conſiderable quantity more to clear, all within good fence, two good bearing orchards on the ſame, very convenient for water in the fields for paſturing, and the woodland well timbered. The title indiſputable. The conditions of ſale will be made known at the time and place aforeſaid, where due attendance will be given, by ALEXANDER BROWN, and NATHAN PRESTON, executors.

Philadelphia, February 12, 1756.

LOST or ſtolen from a child's neck on Monday laſt, near the Three Tuns, in Cheſtnut-ſtreet, A large gold locket, marked on the outſide S.B. in a cypher, and the maker's name D.D. on the inſide. Whoever brings the ſaid locket to the New-Printing-Office, or to James Black, at the ſign of the Three Tuns, in Cheſtnut-ſtreet, ſhall have Ten Shillings reward, and no queſtions aſked. ¶ JAMES BLACK.

Philadelphia, February 7, 1756.

FOUR PISTOLES Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Cecil county, Maryland, on the third inſtant, James Trot, and John Cavenaugh, both Iriſhmen, but ſpeak good Engliſh; and ſtole, when they went away, a white horſe, about 14 hands high, paces, trots, and hand gallops very well; a bay mare, 15 hands high, paces a good travel; a beaver hat, two jackets, one of a bright ſnuff colour, with white lining, lapelled breaſted, with white metal buttons; the other of a light colour, lined with the ſame, a grey colour'd coat, with red ſhaloon lining, and braſs buttons, an olive green jacket, with metal buttons, they have each a pair of new buckſkin breeches, two pair of ſtockings, three pair of new ſhoes, two flag ſilk handkerchiefs, one cotton ditto, large braſs buckles, two white ſhirts, each of about eight hundred linen, one check ditto, a pair of good buckſkin gloves, and ſeveral other things, not yet known. Trot is a young freſh colour'd fellow, of about 20 years of age, grey eyes, ſomewhat heavy browed, about five feet ſix inches high, very talkative, pretends to be a ſailor, and wears his own hair. Cavenaugh is about 23 or 24 years of age, of a low ſtature, about 5 feet 4 inches high, pale faced, down-look, black eyes, and ſhort black hair: Had on a worſted cap, and good felt hat. He is a ſilk weaver by trade, and was convicted from Dublin laſt ſummer. Whoever ſecures ſaid felons in any county jail, ſo as their maſter may have them again, and gives notice to Mr. Thomas Elliot, Inn-keeper in Charles Town, ſhall have the above reward, paid by me JAMES BREADING. ⊕

To be SOLD, or LETT, by

ISRAEL PEMBERTON,

Of Philadelphia,

FOUR Plantations, in Kennet townſhip, Cheſter county, viz. One of them containing 180 acres, now in the tenure of Thady Dunn.

One other of them containing 119 acres, now in the tenure of James Laughlin.

One other of them containing 40 acres, now in the tenure of Jacob Heald. And,

The other containing 112 acres, now in the tenure of Elijah Barnes.

The purchaſers, on payment of one third of the conſideration money, may have time allowed for payment of the remainder.

THOMAS RICHE,

At the ſtore and wharff, in Water-ſtreet, where Thomas Clifford lately lived, has to ſell cheap the following goods, viz.

WEſt India, New-England, and this country rum, melaſſes, muſcovado and loaf ſugar, tea, coffee, pepper, indigo, beef, pork, mackrel, coarſe and fine ſalt, iron weights, ſhoes, black, red and crimſon paduaſoy, fine hollands, ozenbrigs, checks, Liſbon wine, and ſundry other goods. §

N. B. The ſaid Riche has all ſorts of ſhip-chandlery for the uſe of veſſels, and ſhall be obliged to thoſe gentlemen who will favour him with their cuſtom in that way.

Province of Pennſylvania, ſſ.

NOTICE is hereby given, to all perſons indebted to the honourable the Proprietaries for Quitrents, that attendance will be given at the receivers office, in Philadelphia, from Monday the 1ſt day of March, to Saturday the 6th; at Cheſter, from the 8th to the 13th incluſive; at Pennſbury from the 15th to the 20th incluſive; at Lancaſter from the 23d to the 30th incluſive; at which reſpective times and places all who are indebted as aforeſaid are required to pay to RICHARD HOCKLEY, or EDMUND PHYSICK.

N. B. As the Honourable Proprietaries have generouſly given the Sum of Five Thouſand Pounds, to be applied towards defraying the neceſſary expences of the province in this time of common danger, it is hoped and expected that all perſons will chearfully and punctually attend and pay off their arrears of quit-rent, and thereby enable the receiver general to comply with the proprietaries commands for the payment of that ſum, without laying them under the diſagreeable neceſſity of taking legal methods to recover the ſame.

Cheſter, January 24, 1756.

TAken up as runaways, and now in Cheſter goal, one John Bryan, ſays he was born in the county of Cork, in Ireland, has been almoſt two years in the country, came in the ſnow Liſbon, Capt. Row, arrived at New-Caſtle on Delaware, and bought off the ſame by one James White, in Queen Anne's county, Maryland. The other named John Peter Overton, ſays he is a freeman, and ſerved his Time to one William Foſter, of Eveſham townſhip, Burlington county, in the Jerſeys: Theſe are therefore to deſire the ſaid James White and William Foſter, if they have any demands againſt the above, or any other perſon that has, to come in five weeks from the date hereof, otherwiſe they will be diſcharged, paying their charges. ¶ SAMUEL SMITH, Goaler.

ANY Perſon that either hath any good and clean dreſſed MUSTARD SEED by them, or are inclinable to raiſe any, may have Forty Shillings per Buſhel, or Fifteen Pence per Quart for it, by applying to BENJAMIN JACKSON, at James Wagſtaffe's, Tin-plate-worker, near the Court-houſe, in Second-ſtreet, Philadelphia; where the ſaid BENJAMIN JACKSON makes and ſells, wholeſale and retail, the genuine FLOUR of MUSTARD, which is juſtly deemed preferable to any from England (and which will be warranted to keep perfectly good any reaſonable time, even in the hotteſt climates) at the following prices, viz. Superfine at Four Shillings and Six-pence, Seconds at Three Shillings and Three-pence, and Thirds at Two Shillings, per Pound. Allowance will be made to ſuch who buy a Quantity for Exportation, or to ſell again.

☞ The Hull or Bran thereof, which is an excellent Waſh for the Hands, eſpecially for thoſe afflicted with the Gout or Rheumatic Pains, is ſold at the above Place, at Three-pence per Pound. *

Lancaſter, February 2, 1756.

NOTICE is hereby given to all perſons concerned, that I intend to begin at Lancaſter, in Pennſylvania, by the 20th inſt. to pay off all ſuch debts as ſhall appear juſt and well vouched, relating to proviſions, carriage of the ſame by land and water, pack-horſes, &c. that were contracted for by the late brave General Braddock, or his order; likewiſe all the warrant officers belonging to the proviſion branch. And as I am creditably informed, that many of the poor waggoners, and thoſe that had horſes employed in the late expedition, have been ſeverely proſecuted by unmerciful creditors, and evil diſpoſed perſons, and compelled to part with what may be due to them for leſs than one half of the value, I therefore deſire ſuch perſons as have been ill uſed by ſuch vultures, to appear perſonally. I appeal to yourſelves concerning my conduct towards you, and hope, whenever the ſervice requires it, that all of you will readily aſſiſt. I am your ſincere friend,

ROBERT LEAKE,
Commiſſary General of Stores and Proviſions.

By His EXCELLENCY

WILLIAM SHIRLEY, Eſq;

General and Commander in Chief of his MAJESTY's Forces in North-America.

WHEREAS a number of Battoe men will be wanted to be employed in his Majeſty's ſervice the enſuing ſpring and ſummer, in the county of Albany, under proper regulations; I have thought fit to publiſh the following propoſals, for the encouragement of ſuch perſons as are inclined to enter into that ſervice, viz.

That the Battoe-men be formed into companies of 50 men each; a Captain and an Aſſiſtant; each company to take charge, and navigate 25 Battoes, in the moſt expeditious and careful manner they can, in the ſtations they ſhall be placed; the captain to paſs receipts to the ſtore-keeper for the goods delivered to him, and ſafely to deliver them to the next ſtore-keeper, as he ſhall be directed; to keep his company in good order; to ſee that they do their duty: The Aſſiſtant to give all the help in his power to the captain; the whole to follow ſuch rules and directions as ſhall be given to them for that purpoſe; each man to furniſh himſelf with a good fuzee, or muſket, and three pounds of ſuitable ball; each Captain to be allowed Eight Shillings New-York currency per day; each Aſſiſtant Six Shillings; and each Battoe man Four Shillings per day; and to be found in proviſions according to the allowance of the army, and to be furniſhed with powder at the expence of the crown. Any perſon who ſhall engage 30 or more good ſtout men, for the aforeſaid ſervice, and bring them to Albany by the 20th of March next, there to be viewed by the Quarter-Maſter-General, ſhall be intitled to a warrant as captain; and any perſon who ſhall engage 20 men or more, and bring them to Albany, as aforeſaid, ſhall be intitled to a warrant, as aſſiſtant; each man to be paid 20 days advance, at the time of his muſter, and to be allowed a reaſonable number of days for coming from his place of abode to Albany; to be engaged in the ſervice three months, or longer, if required. Any perſon of the provinces of the Maſſachuſets-Bay, New-Hampſhire, and Rhode-Iſland, inclining to enter into the aforeſaid ſervice, either as captain or aſſiſtant, are deſired to ſend in their names to me at Boſton; and thoſe of Connecticut, New-York, New-Jerſey, and Pennſylvania, are deſired to ſend in their names to Sir JOHN SINCLAIR, Deputy-quarter-maſter-general, in New-York, adviſing the number they have, or are like to engage.

New-York, January 19. 1756. W. SHIRLEY.

JOHN HUGHES,

Who (the partnerſhip with Moſes Standley being diſſolved) continues in the ſame place, and has on hand the following goods, viz.

WEST India rum, New-England and Pennſylvania ditto, melaſſes, muſcovado and loaf ſugar, tea, coffee, ginger, chocolate, brimſtone, indigo, Albany peas, pork, mackrel, fine and coarſe ſalt, bar and pig iron, good cedar boards, and ſundry other things.

N. B. All thoſe indebted to the late company of Standley and Hughes, are deſired to pay either of us ſpeedily, to ſave further trouble.

ALL perſons indebted to Thomas Otway, late of Philadelphia attorney at law deceaſed, are deſired to pay; And thoſe who have any demands againſt the ſame, to bring in their accounts to LYN-FORD LARDNER, Executor.

Imported in the laſt ſhips from London, and to be ſold by

ALEXANDER HUSTON,

At his ſtore in Second ſtreet, oppoſite the Baptiſt Meeting-houſe, the following goods, viz.

BOhea and green tea, hempen and flaxen ſprigs, ozenbrigs, white and brown heſſens, Ruſſia and Iriſh ſheetings, hempen and flaxen ruſſias, ravens duck, tandems, gulix, nuns and Iriſh hollands, damaſk and diaper table cloths, damaſk and diaper napkening and clouting, princes linen, brown hollands, long, flowered, broad and clear lawns, in pieces and patches, cambricks, yd. wd. ell wd. 6 qr. coarſe and fine muſlins, India ſilks, viz. damaſks, paduaſoys, black and cloth colour'd taffeties, ſtriped and plain perſians, china blue, and common blue bed patterns, calicoes, green, blue and cloth colour'd mantuas, great variety of printed linens and calicoes, India and Engliſh chints, coarſe and fine ginghams, bengals, romals, bandanoes, ſuperfine worſted black damaſks, calimancoes, ſhaloons, variety of linen and cotton checks, bed ticks, 3d, 10d, 12d, and 20d nails, 7 eighths and 3 qr. garlix, ſtriped, imboſſed, white and red flannels, green, blue and cloth colour'd broadcloths, turkey, duck and pidgeon ſhot, pewter, &c. &c. Likewiſe a healthy, active Negroe boy, about 15 years of age, born in the country, and has had the ſmall-pox. Tbctf.

TO be ſold, lying above the Kitochtan Mountains, in Fairfax county, Virginia, a tract of land, containing upwards of 1100 acres, both paſturage, arable and meadow ground, pretty well wooded and well watered, convenient to a good mill and the Quakers meeting-houſe. Any perſon who inclines to purchaſe, may know the terms and title, and be ſhewn the premiſes, by applying to JOHN HOUGH, near the place. Tbc. 1 m.

The partnerſhip between John Hughes and Moſes Standley being diſſolved, the ſaid

MOSES STANDLEY

Is removed to one of Mr. Maſters's houſes and ſtores in Water-ſtreet, within one door of Market-ſtreet, and hath the following goods, viz.

WEST India, New-England and this country rum, melaſſes, muſcovado and loaf ſugar, tea, coffee, chocolate, cotton, indigo, brimſtone, braziletta, pork, mackrel, Albany peas, bar and pig iron, ozenbrigs, good ſeaſoned pine and cedar boards, fine ſalt, ginger, and ſundry other goods.

N. B. All thoſe indebted to the late company of Standley and Hughes, are deſired to make ſpeedy payment to either of them, to ſave further trouble.

RUN away, on the 25th of January laſt, from the ſubſcriber, living at the Croſs roads, in New-London townſhip, Cheſter county, two ſervants, a man and woman; the man named Charles O Neal, a native Iriſhman, is pretty well ſet, has pale brown hair, not very long, and ſpeaks with the brogue: Had on when he went away, a grey ratteen jacket, with flat metal buttons, buckſkin breeches, with the ſame ſort of buttons. The woman named Catherine Read, a tall, ſtout, likely woman, with black hair; ſhe had on and took with her, a blue cambiet cloak, a lightiſh drab colour'd calimancoe gown, too ſhort for her, and a red and white ſtriped linſey petticoat. But what is moſt remarkable, they have a child with them of 14 months old, and it has on a blue ſtuff gown, and bone ſtays, and has pale brown hair. The woman is an Iriſhwoman, but has not ſo much of the brogue as the man. They were ſeen at Gray's ferry, and intended for the Jerſeys. Whoever ſecures both in any goal, ſo that their maſter may have them again, ſhall have Forty Shillings reward, or Thirty Shillings for either of them, and reaſonable charges, paid by

ALEXANDER JOHNSTON.

RUn away on the 26th of laſt month, from the ſubſcriber, living in Upper Merion townſhip, Philadelphia county, a Dutch ſervant man, named Adam Enger, about 25 years of age, of a middle ſize, well ſet, dark complexion, talks good Engliſh: Had on when he went away, a dark colour'd bearſkin coat, with white metal buttons, green napp'd jacket, with mohair buttons, both half worn, old hat, black leather breeches, with white metal buttons, grey yarn ſtockings, ſhoes newly ſoaled, with carved ſteel buckles. He alſo took with him two ozenbrigs ſhirts, and a check one, with ſome other clothes. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him in any goal in this province, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have Forty Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by me ABRAHAM WILLIAMS. ⊕

Imported from London and Briſtol, and to be ſold by

WILLIAM GRANT,

At his houſe in Water-ſtreet, three doors from the corner of Cheſtnut-ſtreet, for caſh, or the uſual credit,

POWDER, LEAD, and SHOT, MUSKET fence pan, and half bridle gun locks, nails, ſprigs, tacks, coffin handles, mens and childrens coffin furniture, hatchets, lath and common hammers, brick and plaiſtering trowels, cheſt, braſs, cupboard croſs ward, till, ſpring, 3 bitted, ſplinter and padlocks, white ſheep and braſs pipe bellows, a large aſſortment of mens, womens and childrens buckles, H, HL, rule joint, braſs deſk, box, croſs garners and duff hinges, coopers adzes, howels and axes, carpenters axes, adzes, gouges, chizels, augers, long and ſhort firmers, hand and tennant ſaws and files, pit and croſs cut-ſaws, long and ſhort handle frying pans, ſad irons, pins and needles, large aſſortment of braſs handles and eſcutcheons, with great variety of other iron-mongery, Rhode-Iſland, Pelham, Weymouth, ſhort cannon, rippon and plain bitts, braſs barr'd and ſwivel ſtirrups, diaper ſtriped woollen, green and ſtraining webb, blue, green and white worſted gimp, womens worſted reins, ſteel and common ſpurs, with great variety of other ſadlery, ſuper ſuper drabs, ſuper broad-cloths, ditto with linings and trimmings, in ſuits or otherwiſe, middling and coarſe cloths, forreſt cloths, coatings, fine duffils, kerſeys and plains, bearſkin half thicks, fearnoughts, Lancaſhire bays, green frize and ſtriped penniſtones, red and white flannel, red ſwanſkin, rugs and blankets, womens ſhort ſcarlet and cloth colour'd cloaks, capuchins, green and cloth colour'd worſted and hair ſhags, wadding, buckram, ſhaloons, ruſſels, double and ſingle damaſks, camblets, poplins, hairbines, grograms, double and ſingle alopeens, crapes, grazets, ſilverets, florettas, venetians, cambletees, duroys, ſaggathies, black, cloth colour'd, ſtriped and white calimancoes, tammies, durants, Iriſh ſtuffs, rich ſpangles, yard-wide plads, black, cloth colour'd, India and Engliſh taffeties, ſtriped and plain perſians, white ſarſenet, Engliſh ſilk damaſks, black alamode, paduaſoys, ſilk ſerge deſoys, ſilk caps, mitts, ſewing and ſtitching ſilk, a large aſſortment of plain, rich and figur'd ribbons, Iriſh linens, Dutch hollands, garlix, tandems, princes linens, Ruſſia and Iriſh ſheeting and dowlas, cotton and linen check and ſilk handkerchiefs, cotton, worſted and thread ſtockings, ticking and bed-bunts, a fine aſſortment of mens and womens gloves and mitts, looking glaſſes, gilt and plain mahogony and walnut frames, hard metal and common pewter, pepper, raiſins and currants, London loaf ſugar, allom, a quantity of drugs, bellmetal ſkillets, harrateens and cheanies, bed buckrams and bedlace, Mechlin and Bruſſels lace, Engliſh cheeſe, Taunton ale, long and ſhort large bowl pipes, Dutch and Iriſh ozenbrigs, a large aſſortment of paper, ink powder, ſealing wax, wafers, warming pans, tea kettles, coffee pots, ſauce pans, tin ware, pictures in and out of frames, Harvey's dialogues and ſermons, Pearſall's meditations, ſailcloth and earthen ware, indigo, wool and cotton cards, John Hole's ſhoes, cinnamon, cloves, mace, &c. &c. &c.

N. B. The ſaid Grant expects that thoſe who are indebted to him above a twelve month will pay immediately to avoid any further trouble. Tbctf.

To be *SOLD* or *LETT*,

By Samuel Preſton Moore, in Third-ſtreet, between Market and Arch-ſtreets,

A PLANTATION in Oxford townſhip, containing 300 acres, about one half cleared, the other well wooded, between 20 and 25 acres meadow, and more may be made; about 200 apple trees, moſt of them beginning to bear, as many bearing heart cherries, and ſome peaches. A large ſtone-houſe, two ſtories high, four rooms on each floor, good cellars, two kitchens, and a chamber over each; the houſe is made to ſuit one or two families; there is a large milk-houſe, a well of fine water in one of the kitchens, two barns and two ſtables, beſides other out-houſes. If the quantity of land be too large for the purchaſer, the improvements may be ſold with 100 to 250 acres, and any reaſonable time allowed to be paid in annual payments, with intereſt, and giving ſecurity, if required. The purchaſer or tenant may enter upon the place the 25th of Third Month, March, 1756.

Philadelphia, February 5 1756.

WHEREAS Grace, the wife of Matthew Lamey, of the townſhip of Whiteland, in Cheſter county, hath eloped from her ſaid huſband, and run him conſiderably in debt; theſe are to forewarn all perſons from truſting her on his account, for he will not pay any debts of her contracting from the date hereof. MATTHIAS LAMEY. ¶

THE creditors of Adam Jager, late of Roxborough townſhip, Philadelphia county, miller, are hereby deſired to meet at the houſe of John Biddle, in Market-ſtreet, Philadelphia, upon the firſt day of March next, at 3 o'clock P. M. with their accounts, &c. properly atteſted, in order to receive their juſt proportion of ſaid Jager's eſtate. Where and when we the auditors will give attendance. *Jacob Lewis. Jonathan Evans. John Bringhurſt.* ¶

LEft in the ſtable of Jacob Fiſter, in Race ſtreet, about five weeks ago, by a ſtranger, A bay middle ſized horſe, with a ſnip, and had on a hunting ſaddle, a bridle, and a halter. The owner deſcribing his other marks, proving his property, and paying charges, may have him again, by applying to

¶ JACOB FISTER, Tavernkeeper.

Philadelphia, January 15, 1756.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed will be expoſed to ſale, by publick vendue, about ten a clock, on the ſeventeenth of March next, A plantation, containing about 225 acres (part thereof will make good meadow) with a good dwelling-houſe and barn, and a young orchard, about two miles from Mount-Holly, in Weſt-New-Jerſey, now in the poſſeſſion of Daniel Packer, taken in execution by WILLIAM SMITH, Sheriff. ⊕

N. B. The ſale to be held on the premiſes, and one year's credit given, provided the purchaſer gives good ſecurity, and pays lawful intereſt for the ſame.

To be SOLD,

A GOOD well finiſhed brick houſe, in Spruce-ſtreet, now in the tenure of Chriſtopher Saunderſon, with a pump of good water at the door, and letts now for 24 l. per annum, ſubject to a ground-rent of 3 l. Pennſylvania currency, with a privilege of buying off the ground-rent, the houſe is 34 feet deep, and 20 feet front; ground is now lett next to the houſe for 4 l. 10 s. per year.

Likewiſe a good new ſoap-houſe, tallow-chandlers ſhop, aſhes-houſe, lime houſe, with a quantity of lime, and a wood houſe, with a pump that leads all the water into the tubs by a ſpout, with a good copper pan, and kirb, that will take off 7 or 800 weight of hard ſoap, a good tallow-pan, and all other utenſils for carrying on the buſineſs; there is a leaſe of four years to come; the premiſes now ready to be entered on. The purchaſer paying 100 l. down, may have credit for the remainder, giving ſecurity. For title and terms of ſale, enquire of *Thomas Robinſon*, *Thomas Willing*, or *William Griffitts*. ¶

N. B. The houſe has 300 l. inſured on it for ſeven years, and the ſoap-houſe is ſituated on Dock-ſtreet.

TO be ſold, by publick vendue, on Monday, the firſt of March next, A good new brick houſe, 28 feet front on the road, and 20 feet deep, one ſtory high, with a hip roof, at the croſs roads leading to Duck Creek, landing, in the county of Kent, on Delaware, within a quarter of a mile of the landing, exceedingly well ſituated for trade, being part of the eſtate of Joſeph Dun, deceaſed. The ſale to be on the premiſes, and to begin preciſely at three of the clock in the afternoon, on the aforeſaid day, by William *and* David M'Ilvaine, *Adminiſtrators.*

ALſo to be ſold, on Wedneſday, the 3d of March next, by publick vendue, by William Blair, *and* William M'Ilvaine, *of the city of Philadelphia, merchants, A certain lot of ground, with a tolerable good wooden tenement thereon, in the Northern Liberties of the ſaid city, fronting Frankford road, a little above the ſugar houſe, lately in the poſſeſſion of Mary Harbeſon, and is exceedingly well ſituated for a buxter's ſhop; the lot is 40 feet front on the road, and 100 feet deep, bounded to the ſouthward by land of James Eſtaugh. Any perſon who may incline to purchaſe it privately before the day of ſale, may know the terms by applying to William Blair, or William M'Ilvaine, who purpoſes to give time for the payment of the money, the purchaſer paying intereſt.*

N. B. If no purchaſer offers before the day of ſale, the ſale will begin preciſely at three of the clock in the afternoon, on the aforeſaid day.

TO be ſold by publick vendue, on the 6th day of March next, on the premiſes, a certain plantation or tract of land, lying and being in Middletown, in the county of Bucks, in the province of Pennſylvania, near the Four-lane ends, containing 100 acres, or thereabouts, with a good dwelling-houſe, in which are five fire-places, a good well at the door, a good orchard, &c. being a very convenient place for a brick kiln, or other publick buſineſs; it is alſo very near a place of publick worſhip; the title is indiſputable. The conditions of ſale to be known at the time and place aforeſaid, and made as eaſy as poſſible, by the owner,

¶ HENRY VANHORNE.

To be ſold by publick vendue, on Thurſday the 11th day of March next, at Mr. Joſeph Inſlee's, in Newtown, in the county of Bucks, the two following plantations, ſituate in the townſhip of Benſalem, in the ſaid county, viz.

1. THE plantation where Stephen Gordon now lives, about half a mile from Mr. Stephen Williams's mill, with a good houſe and orchard, containing 102 acres of land.

2. The plantation where Thomas Stone now lives, joining to William Duncan's land, containing about ninety acres, with a good dwelling houſe, &c.

The purchaſer paying down one tenth part of the purchaſe-money when the deeds are ſigned, and executing a mortgage of the ſame lands, with bond, for ſecuring the payment of the remainder, and intereſt, by equal annual payments, ſhall have nine years to pay it in. More particular conditions of ſale to be publiſhed at the vendue aforeſaid, by LAWRENCE GROWDON.

Who has to ſell cheap, ſeveral likely negroes of different ages, by private ſale, any time before the ſaid vendue.

To be SOLD,

A Likely Dutch ſervant girl, about 14 years of age, has 7 years to ſerve, and is fit for town or country buſineſs. Enquire at Capt. Bolitho's, in Cheſtnut-ſtreet, between Front and Second-ſtreets. ⊕

[*See the Half-ſheet for the other Advertiſements.*]